

County of Los Angeles, California Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010 Wendy L. Watanabe • Auditor-Controller

County of Los Angeles, California Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

Prepared by the Office of Auditor-Controller Wendy L. Watanabe • Auditor-Controller

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COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES DEPARTMENT OF AUDITOR-CONTROLLER

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ASST. AUDITOR-CONTROLLERS

ROBERT A. DAVIS JOHN NAIMO JUDI E. THOMAS

MARIA M. OMS CHIEF DEPUTY

December 13, 2010

The Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Los Angeles 383 Kenneth Hahn Hall of Administration 500 West Temple Street Los Angeles, California 90012

Dear Supervisors:

In accordance with Section 25253 of the Government Code of California, I hereby submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the County of Los Angeles (County) for the year ended June 30, 2010. The report contains financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) prescribed for governmental entities, and provides a comprehensive overview of the County's financial operations and financial position. The accuracy, completeness and fairness of the presentation of all information in this report are the responsibility of the County.

The Independent Auditor's Report is presented at the front of the financial section of this report. Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), immediately follows the Independent Auditor's Report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

The report includes financial data for all County funds. Additionally, the following entities are considered part of the County for purposes of meeting the reporting entity requirements prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board:

Fire Protection District
Flood Control District
Street Lighting Districts
Improvement Districts
Community Development
Commission (including the
Housing Authority of the
County of Los Angeles)
First 5 LA

Regional Park and Open Space District
Garbage Disposal Districts
Sewer Maintenance Districts
Waterworks Districts
Various Joint Powers Authorities
Los Angeles County Employees Retirement Association
Los Angeles County Capital Asset Leasing Corporation
Los Angeles County Securitization Corporation

These entities are component units of the County and are included in the County's basic financial statements because the County Board of Supervisors is financially accountable for them. All component units are blended into the basic financial statements except for First 5 LA, which is discretely presented. Note 1 to the basic financial statements contains additional information regarding the relationship between the County and these entities.

Other local governmental entities provide public or specialized services to the residents of the County, including over eighty cities, one hundred school districts and numerous special districts. The operations of these entities are not included in the County's reporting entity since each entity is responsible for conducting its own day-to-day operations and is compelled to answer to its own separately elected governing board. Significant entities that do not meet the criteria for inclusion in this report include the City of Los Angeles, Los Angeles Unified School District and Los Angeles County Sanitation Districts. Also, the Los Angeles County Superior Court is not included due to legislation (AB233) which transferred oversight responsibilities for Court operations to the State in 1997-98. However, AB233 requires the County to continue to fund certain Court-related expenditures, and the County continues to receive certain Court collections. Accordingly, the County's financial statements include various Court-related financial transactions.

LOS ANGELES COUNTY AND ITS SERVICES

Los Angeles County was established by an act of the State Legislature on February 18, 1850 as one of California's original 27 counties. Located in the southern portion of the State, the County covers 4,083 square miles. With a population of nearly 10.4 million, its population is the largest of any county in the nation.

Los Angeles County was a general law county until 1913 when it became a charter county as a result of local election. The County is governed by a five-member Board of Supervisors who are elected by district to serve alternating four-year terms. The Assessor, District Attorney and Sheriff are also elected officials while all other departments are headed by appointed officials. On March 5, 2002, County voters approved two charter amendments providing for term limits for members of the Board of Supervisors. The affected officials are limited to three consecutive terms commencing December 2002.

On March 27, 2007, the Board of Supervisors (Board) amended the County Code by adopting the Interim Governance Structure Ordinance. This governance structure provides delegated authority to the Chief Executive Office (CEO) to oversee, evaluate, and recommend for appointment and removal certain Department Heads and County Officers. The departments that continue to report directly to the Board (rather than to the CEO) are the Fire Department, Auditor-Controller, County Counsel, Executive Officer of the Board, and the CEO. The change in administrative structure was designed to improve the operational efficiency of County governance. The Board has retained the exclusive responsibility for establishing County policy, regulations, and organizational direction.

There are over one million residents in the unincorporated areas of the County. These residents receive all municipal services from the County, including law enforcement, fire

protection, land use and zoning, building and business permits, local road building and maintenance, animal care and control, and public libraries. In addition, the County provides a wide range of services to all County residents.

The County also provides municipal services to many incorporated cities within its boundaries under the Contract Services Plan. Established in 1954, the Plan allows cities to provide municipal services without incurring the cost of creating numerous city departments and facilities by having the County provide, at cost, any or all municipal services within a city at the same level as provided in unincorporated areas, or at any higher level the city may choose. Although the Plan was developed to assist new cities, the great majority of the cities in the County now contract for one or more services.

The County's principal functions include seven major areas as required under the County's charter, County ordinances, or by State or federal mandate: general government, public protection, public ways and facilities, health and sanitation, public assistance, education and recreation and cultural services. The State and federal governments mandate certain minimum levels of services in the public assistance and health areas.

ECONOMIC OVERVIEW

With a 2009 Gross Domestic Product (GDP) of \$499.8 billion, Los Angeles County's economy is larger than that of 44 states and all but 17 countries. The County serves as the central trade district for the western United States and the gateway to the Asian economies, as it has evolved into a leader in international commerce and investments. The County's economy suffered in 2009 as a result of the severe global recession, with a decrease of 2.69% in GDP from 2008 levels. In 2010, an increase in economic activity in the entertainment, international trade, tourism, and retail sales sectors of the economy is indicative of a gradual economic recovery in the region.

The County's unemployment rate has trended upward since 2006 and rose to 11.6% in 2009, with non-agricultural job losses of 241,000. Final unemployment statistics are pending for 2010, but are expected to peak at levels between 12% and 13%. The significant job losses in 2009 were partially offset by the positive impact of major public and private construction projects. With historically low interest rates and new capital financing programs provided through the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA), local government agencies have undertaken major capital construction projects. County voters approved a one-half of one percent sales tax rate increase that became effective in July 2009 to provide new funding for highway transit projects throughout the County. These projects, combined with the terminal expansions under way at the ports of Los Angeles and Long Beach, have provided continued support to a struggling job market in the County.

INTERNAL AND BUDGETARY CONTROLS

The County has developed a system of internal accounting controls designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use. It also provides reliable records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the costs of a system of internal accounting controls should not outweigh related benefits. Also, the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. All internal accounting control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe that the County's system of internal accounting controls adequately safeguards assets and also provides reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

In accordance with the provisions of Section 29000-29144 of the Government Code, commonly known as the County Budget Act, the County prepares and adopts a budget on or before October 2 of each fiscal year. Expenditures are controlled at the object level for all budget units within the County, except for capital asset expenditures which are controlled at the sub-object level.

Encumbrance accounting is utilized to ensure effective budgetary control and accountability. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end and encumbrances outstanding at the time are reported as reservations of fund balance for subsequent year expenditures.

The Board of Supervisors must approve all transfers of appropriations between budget units and transfers exceeding \$250,000 within budget units. The Board must also approve necessary supplemental appropriations, normally financed by unanticipated revenues earned during the year.

In addition to these procedural controls, the Auditor-Controller's Audit Division performs periodic internal control, operational and management audits of the various departments to help ensure that prescribed procedures are followed and that operations are conducted in an efficient manner. The Countywide Contract Monitoring Division provides oversight of various social service contract providers to enhance accountability and performance effectiveness. In addition, the Auditor-Controller operates the County's federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) Privacy Program, providing supervision and oversight of the County's HIPAA covered departments. A fraud hotline provides County employees and citizens with a way to anonymously report perceived fraudulent activities by County employees, vendors, contractors, inspectors, etc. Allegations reported over the hotline are evaluated and investigated, as appropriate, by the Office of County Investigations within the Auditor-Controller.

BUDGET OUTLOOK AND MAJOR CAPITAL ASSET INITIATIVES

The Fiscal Year (FY) 2010-11 Budget represented the third consecutive year of budget curtailments for the County. The worst recession and economic crisis in many decades continue to have an impact on the County's budgetary outlook, as ongoing shortfalls persist in a number of key revenue sources. For the second year in a row, the County Assessor has announced a decline in assessed property values and the County faces reduced However, the budget assumes slight year-to-year growth for property tax revenues. revenues that are derived from the County's share of State sales taxes and vehicle license fees. High unemployment rates continue to persist and have increased the ranks of those seeking public assistance from the County, causing caseloads and costs to increase accordingly. The cost of providing general relief assistance is particularly acute, since the County bears the entire cost of this program. In planning for the FY 2010-11 Budget, the County faced a deficit of approximately \$510 million. The proposal to address the deficit consisted of departmental spending reductions of \$175 million, use of one-time reserves of \$167 million, labor-management savings of \$115 million, and revenue-based solutions of \$53 million.

DEPARTMENTAL SPENDING REDUCTIONS

For FY 2010-11, all County departments, with the exception of the Department of Health Services (DHS), were required to submit 9% spending reduction proposals. DHS was faced with its own budget shortfall of nearly \$400 million and was tasked with finding solutions to mitigate this deficit. This information was subsequently used to develop a final spending plan which achieved \$175 million of net budgetary savings. Significant budget savings were identified in the following areas:

- Reductions of \$128 million to the Sheriff's budget, consisting of 214 positions associated with downsizing detention operations, deleting 300 vacant deputy sheriff positions, and reducing overtime.
- Elimination of 81 budgeted positions in the Public Health Department's budget, combined with service and supply reductions from various operational units for total spending reductions of \$7.9 million.
- Elimination of 383 positions in the Department of Public Social Services' administrative budget to achieve net County savings of \$7.4 million.
- The Department of Children and Family Services' administrative budget reflects a \$4.4 million reduction in various programmatic areas.

USE OF ONE-TIME RESERVES

Prior to the recession, the County was able to set aside excess funds to protect against reducing service levels due to temporary revenue shortfalls. The General Fund's unreserved fund balance on a GAAP basis as of June 30, 2010 was \$2.211 billion. The

County's CEO and Board believe that it is appropriate to use a portion (\$167 million) of available reserves to protect against reducing service levels, especially in view of signs that the economy is slowly beginning to emerge from its lowest point. There are no intentions of using additional reserves due to the continued uncertainties associated with the State's budget problems and local economic conditions. On a long-term basis, the County intends to replenish its reserves as budget conditions improve.

LABOR-MANAGEMENT SAVINGS

The County initiated a process to work cooperatively with labor unions on budget solutions. The targeted amount of savings to be achieved through this process was originally determined to be \$115 million. The County was subsequently able to reduce this amount to \$51 million, as surplus funds were identified after the 2009-2010 financial records were completed in final form. A tentative agreement has been reached between the County and labor unions that achieves the remaining budgetary savings of \$51 million.

REVENUE BASED SOLUTIONS

Among the benefits brought to the County by the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) is an increase in the Federal Medical Assistance Percentage (FMAP), which is the federal match rate for non-administrative medical assistance costs. The FMAP change is projected to temporarily decrease the County's contribution to the In-Home Supportive Services program. A change in the FMAP percentage also affects other County administered programs. The duration of the FMAP rate increase for the entire 2010-2011 fiscal year was pending. However, FMAP and other revenue initiatives totaling \$53 million have been assumed in the budget projections.

CAPITAL ASSET INITIATIVES

The County has been able to continue to fund high priority capital asset acquisitions and improvements. The FY 2010-11 Budget provided \$1.3 billion for the continued development, design, and construction of projects that address high-priority health, public safety, recreation, and infrastructure needs. The following notable capital asset projects were included in the FY 2009-10 Budget:

- \$468.8 million for public protection facilities, including the refurbishment of Men's Central Jail, construction of new barracks at Pitchess Detention Center, new construction at the Biscailuz Center Training Academy, new fire stations in the Santa Clarita Valley, refurbishment and expansion of the Coroner's facility, security improvements at juvenile halls and camps, a new animal shelter in the east Antelope Valley, and new spay and neuter clinics.
- \$300.3 million for health, public health, and mental health facilities, including construction of a mental health urgent care center on the Olive View-UCLA Medical Center site, construction of a new public health center in South Los Angeles, buildout of a community hospital and construction of a new multi-service ambulatory care

center at the Martin Luther King, Jr., medical campus, construction of new surgery and emergency suites at Harbor-UCLA Medical Center, and expansion of the emergency room and construction of a tuberculosis unit at Olive View-UCLA Medical Center.

- \$213.6 million for recreational facilities, including new community rooms, refurbishment of swimming pools, and beach facility refurbishments.
- \$153.4 million for general government facilities, most notably the new County data center in Downey.
- \$128.9 million for high priority infrastructure improvements in the County's flood control and aviation facilities, soil and groundwater investigation and remediation activities, and watershed testing efforts.
- \$57 million for construction of new or replacement libraries in the unincorporated area of the San Gabriel Valley, Topanga Canyon, and East Rancho Dominguez and refurbishment of the historic Bob Hope Patriotic Hall.

OTHER INFORMATION

INDEPENDENT AUDIT

The basic financial statements have been audited by Macias Gini & O'Connell LLP. In accordance with the requirements of the Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, as revised, the auditors are also in the process of completing an annual financial and compliance audit of federal funds received by the County in FY 2009-10. The County's Single Audit for FY 2008-09 has been completed.

AWARDS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the County of Los Angeles for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the past twenty-eight fiscal years.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, whose contents conform to program standards. The report must satisfy both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to Certificate of Achievement Program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

I would like to express my appreciation to my Accounting Division, the various County departments who assisted in the preparation of this report, and also acknowledge the efforts of our independent auditor.

Sincerely,

Wendy L. Watanabe Auditor-Controller

Wens J. Wasande

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

County of Los Angeles California

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2009

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

WE CHANGE OF THE STATES OF THE COMPORTION STAT

President

Executive Director

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES BOARD OF SUPERVISORS AND PRINCIPAL COUNTY OFFICIALS AS OF JUNE 30, 2010

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Gloria Molina, Chair First District

Mark Ridley-Thomas Second District

> Zev Yaroslavsky Third District

Don Knabe Fourth District

Michael D. Antonovich Fifth District

Sachi A. Hamai Executive Officer Board of Supervisors

PRINCIPAL COUNTY OFFICIALS

Robert Quon, Assessor

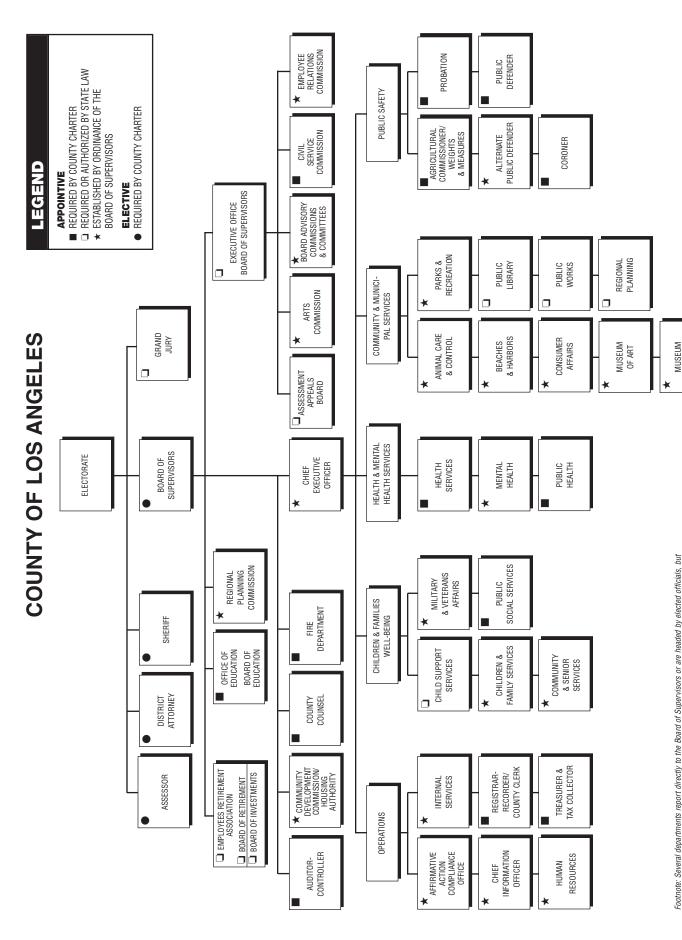
Steve Cooley District Attorney Leroy D. Baca Sheriff

William T Fujioka Chief Executive Officer

Mark J. Saladino
Treasurer and Tax Collector

Wendy L. Watanabe Auditor-Controller

Andrea S. Ordin County Counsel



Footnote: Several departments report directly to the Board of Supervisors or are headed by elected officials, but work with the Chief Executive Office through the clusters. These are: Assessor, Auditor-Controller, Executive Office of the Board of Supervisors, County Counsel (Operations); Community Development Commission (Community and Municipal Services); and Sheriff, District Attorney, Fire (Public Safety).

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Los Angeles, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Los Angeles, California (County), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Community Development Commission (CDC), Los Angeles County Children and Families First – Proposition 10 Commission (First 5 LA), and the Los Angeles County Employees Retirement Association (LACERA), which represent the following percentages of the assets, net assets/fund balances, and revenues/additions of the following opinion units:

Opinion Unit	Assets	Net Assets/ Fund Balances	Revenues/ Additions
Governmental Activities	2%	2%	1%
Business-type Activities	3%	8%	11%
Discretely Presented Component Unit	100%	100%	100%
Aggregate Remaining Fund Information	62%	62%	10%

Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinions, insofar as they relate to the amounts included for CDC, First 5 LA and LACERA, are based solely on the reports of other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the reports of other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund, the Fire Protection District, the Flood Control District, the Public Library, and the Regional Park and Open Space District, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in Notes 2, 5 and 6 to the basic financial statements, the County implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 51, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets, and GASB Statement No. 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments, effective July 1, 2009.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 21 and the schedules of funding progress on pages 111 and 112 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we and the other auditors did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us and the other auditors in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us and the other auditors in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we and the other auditors express no opinion on them.

macias Jini & O'Connell LLP

Certified Public Accountants

Los Angeles, California December 13, 2010

This section of the County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) presents a narrative overview and analysis of financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. We recommend that this information be used in conjunction with additional information contained in the letter of transmittal.

Financial Highlights

At the end of the current year, the net assets (total assets less total liabilities) of the County were positive \$15.083 billion. However, net assets are classified into three categories and the unrestricted component is negative \$3.507 billion. See further discussion on page 7.

During the current year, the County's net assets decreased by a total of \$1.349 billion. Net assets related to governmental activities decreased by \$1.005 billion, while net assets related to business-type activities decreased by \$344 million. Costs associated with postemployment health insurance benefits continued to have a very significant effect on the County's financial condition and accounted for \$1.333 billion of the County's overall decrease in net assets during the current year. See further discussion on page 7.

At the end of the current year, the County's General Fund reported a total fund balance of \$2.996 billion. The amount of unreserved fund balance was \$2.211 billion. Of the unreserved total, \$619 million was designated.

The County's capital asset balances were \$18.027 billion at year-end and decreased by \$11 million during the year. During the current year, the County implemented retroactive reporting of intangible assets and established software as a new capital asset category. Software assets, net of amortization, were recorded as an adjustment of \$303 million to the beginning balances for the current year.

During the current year, the County's total long-term debt decreased by \$331 million. Bond maturities of \$525 million exceeded the \$194 million of newly issued and accreted long-term debt.

Overview of the Basic Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements, which are comprised of the following three components:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to the basic financial statements

This report also includes other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all County assets and liabilities, with the difference representing net assets. Over time, increases and decreases in net assets may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information that indicates how the County's net assets changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying events giving rise to the change occur, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Therefore, revenues and expenses are reported in these statements for some items that affect cash flows in future periods. For example, property tax revenues have been recorded that have been earned but not yet collected and workers' compensation expenses have been accrued but not yet paid.

The government-wide financial statements report the following different types of programs or activities:

- Governmental Activities The majority of County services are reported under this category. Taxes and intergovernmental revenues are the major revenue sources that fund these activities which include general government, public protection, public ways and facilities, health and sanitation, public assistance, education, recreation, and cultural services.
- Business-type Activities County services that are intended to recover costs through user charges and fees are reported under this category. The County Hospitals, the Waterworks Districts, the Aviation Fund, and housing programs operated by the Community Development Commission, a blended component unit, are regarded as business-type activities.
- Discretely Presented Component Unit Component units are separate entities for which the County is financially accountable. First 5 LA is the only component unit that is discretely presented.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements contain information regarding major individual funds. A fund is a fiscal and accounting entity with a balanced set of accounts. The County uses separate funds to ensure compliance with fiscal and legal requirements.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-Continued

The County's funds are classified into the following three categories:

- Governmental Funds These funds are used to account for essentially the same services that were previously described as governmental activities above. However, the fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the County's near-term financing requirements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. Governmental funds include the General Fund, as well as Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds, Capital Project Funds, and Permanent Funds.
- Proprietary Funds These funds are used to account for functions that were classified
 as "business-type activities" in the government-wide financial statements. The County's
 Internal Service Funds are also reported within the proprietary fund section. The
 County's five Hospital Funds and Waterworks Funds are all considered major funds for
 presentation purposes. The remaining proprietary funds are combined in a single
 column, with individual fund details presented elsewhere in this report.
- Fiduciary Funds These funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and cannot be used to support the County's programs. The Pension Trust Fund, the Investment Trust Funds, and Agency Funds are reported in this fund category, using the accrual basis of accounting.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and the fund financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report presents certain required supplementary information concerning the County's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits and other postemployment benefits to employees.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$15.083 billion at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Summary of Net Assets
As of June 30, 2010 and 2009 (in thousands)

		Governmental			Busin	ess-ty	/pe			
		Activities			Activities			Total		
		2010	2009		2010		2009		2010	2009
Current and other assets Capital assets Total assets	\$ 	8,075,688 15,452,736 23,528,424	\$	7,981,471 15,252,601 23,234,072	\$ 	461,077 2,574,305 3,035,382	\$ 	730,736 2,482,382 3,213,118	\$ 8,536,765 18,027,041 26,563,806	\$ 8,712,207 17,734,983 26,447,190
Current and other										
liabilities		1,592,918		1,472,639		152,393		203,922	1,745,311	1,676,561
Long-term liabilities		7,935,891		7,009,138		1,799,682		1,631,997	9,735,573	8,641,135
Total liabilities	_	9,528,809		8,481,777		1,952,075		1,835,919	11,480,884	10,317,696
Net assets:										
Invested in capital										
assets, net of										
related debt		14,271,861		14,081,048		2,293,147		2,217,449	16,565,008	16,298,497
Restricted net assets		1,861,498		1,644,109		163,820		192,427	2,025,318	1,836,536
Unrestricted net										
assets (deficit)	_	(2,133,744)		(972,862)		(1,373,660)	_	(1,032,677)	(3,507,404)	(2,005,539)
Total net assets	_	13,999,615		14,752,295		1,083,307		1,377,199	15,082,922	16,129,494
Total liabilities										
and net assets	\$	23,528,424	\$	23,234,072	\$	3,035,382	\$	3,213,118	\$ 26,563,806	\$ 26,447,190

Significant changes in assets and liabilities included the following:

Current and Other Assets

Current and other assets increased overall by \$94 million for governmental activities while business-type activities reported decreases of \$270 million. Internal balances were a major factor for both variances as amounts owed by business-type activities to governmental activities rose by \$189 million. The continuing economic downturn had a negative impact on overall cash flows. The internal balances predominately reflect cash advances from the General Fund (a governmental activity) to hospital business-type activities, which required significantly higher cash flows for working capital and therefore reduced current and other assets for business-type activities.

Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liabilities increased by \$927 million for governmental activities and by \$168 million for business-type activities. This is the third year for which the County has reported its other postemployment benefits (OPEB) in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 45. OPEB continued to be funded on a pay-as-you-go basis in the current year and OPEB-related liabilities increased for both governmental and business-type activities by \$1.114 billion and \$219 million, respectively. Specific disclosures related to OPEB and other changes in long-term liabilities are discussed and referenced in Notes 8 and 10 to the basic financial statements.

The County's total net assets consist of the following three components:

Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt

The largest portion of the County's net assets (\$16.565 billion) represents its investment in capital assets (i.e., land, structures and improvements, infrastructure, software and equipment, net of related depreciation), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Restricted Net Assets

The County's restricted net assets at year-end were \$2.025 billion. Asset restrictions are primarily due to external restrictions imposed by State legislation and bond covenants. Net assets that pertain to the various separate legal entities included in the basic financial statements are also generally restricted because their funding sources require that funds be used for specific purposes.

Unrestricted Net Assets (Deficit)

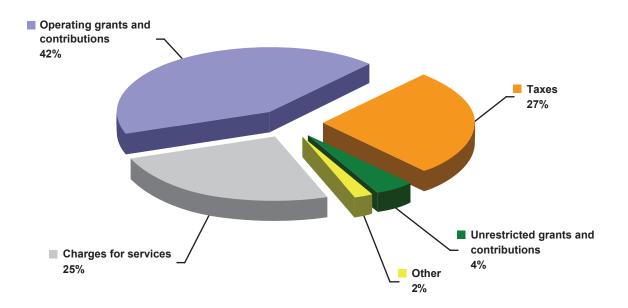
The County's total unrestricted net assets are negative \$3.507 billion. Both governmental and business-type activities reported deficits in this category of \$2.134 billion and \$1.373 billion, respectively. The deficits are primarily due to unfunded liabilities related to OPEB, workers' compensation, accrued vacation and sick leave, and litigation and self-insurance claims. For the business-type activities, medical malpractice liabilities and third party payor liabilities are additional factors. The ongoing economic downturn and overall difficult budgetary environment has impaired the County's ability to implement a funding plan for OPEB liabilities. For the business-type activities, financial losses incurred by the County's healthcare business activities have limited the opportunities to accumulate reserves or incremental funding to address long-term accounting liabilities.

The following table indicates the changes in net assets for governmental and business-type activities:

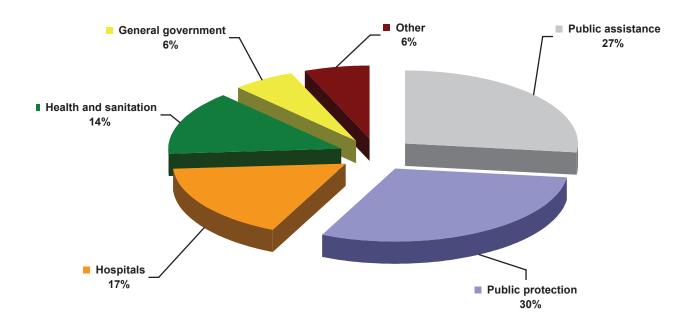
Summary of Changes in Net Assets For the Years Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 (in thousands)

	Gove	Governmental		ss-type			
	Act	Activities		rities	Total		
	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 2,685,817	\$ 2,694,729	\$ 2,169,862	\$ 2,095,944	\$ 4,855,679	\$ 4,790,673	
Operating grants and contributions	7,636,509	7,215,270	317,163	279,195	7,953,672	7,494,465	
Capital grants and contributions	115,640	206,137	2,018	837	117,658	206,974	
General revenues:							
Taxes	5,061,595	5,192,566	4,415	4,453	5,066,010	5,197,019	
Unrestricted grants and							
contributions	701,521	756,417	143	37	701,664	756,454	
Investment earnings	105,878	197,705	2,693	9,844	108,571	207,549	
Miscellaneous	132,856	142,075	35,463	25,758	168,319	167,833	
Total revenues	16,439,816	16,404,899	2,531,757	2,416,068	18,971,573	18,820,967	
Expenses:							
General government	1,236,226	1,103,361			1,236,226	1,103,361	
Public protection	6,163,910	6,125,158			6,163,910	6,125,158	
Public ways and facilities	352,549	327,403			352,549	327,403	
Health and sanitation	2,718,876	2,783,150			2,718,876	2,783,150	
Public assistance	5,518,036	5,233,389			5,518,036	5,233,389	
Education	101,397	109,910			101,397	109,910	
Recreation and cultural services	319,000	331,726			319,000	331,726	
Interest on long-term debt	139,824	165,782			139,824	165,782	
Hospitals			3,394,724	3,443,266	3,394,724	3,443,266	
Aviation			4,742	5,073	4,742	5,073	
Waterworks			76,818	76,904	76,818	76,904	
Community Development Commission			294,785	268,201	294,785	268,201	
Total expenses	16,549,818	16,179,879	3,771,069	3,793,444	20,320,887	19,973,323	
Excess (deficiency) before transfers	(110,002)	225,020	(1,239,312)	(1,377,376)	(1,349,314)	(1,152,356)	
Transfers	(895,250)	(1,011,862)	895,250	1,011,862			
Changes in net assets	(1,005,252)	(786,842)	(344,062)	(365,514)	(1,349,314)	(1,152,356)	
Net assets - beginning, as restated	15,004,867	15,539,137	1,427,369	1,742,713	16,432,236	17,281,850	
Net assets – ending	<u>\$ 13,999,615</u>	<u>\$ 14,752,295</u>	<u>\$ 1,083,307</u>	<u>\$ 1,377,199</u>	<u>\$ 15,082,922</u>	<u>\$ 16,129,494</u>	

REVENUES BY SOURCE – ALL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010



EXPENSES BY TYPE – ALL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010



As discussed in Note 2 to the basic financial statements, the County restated beginning net asset balances in conjunction with implementing Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 51, "Accounting and Reporting for Intangible Assets." The beginning net assets were increased from the amounts previously reported for governmental and business-type activities by \$253 million and \$50 million, respectively. Prior year amounts were not restated as information was not available. During the current year, net assets decreased for both governmental activities (\$1.005 billion) and business-type activities (\$344 million). Following are specific major factors that resulted in the net asset changes.

Governmental Activities

Total current year revenues (\$16.440 billion) from governmental activities were slightly higher compared to the prior year total (\$16.405 billion). The most significant changes in specific revenue sources were experienced in the following areas:

- Program revenues recognized from operating grants and contributions increased by \$421 million. The largest program contributing to this increase was in the area of health and sanitation, where program revenues grew by \$194 million. For health and sanitation programs, State mental health revenues derived from the Mental Health Services Act (Proposition 63) were \$282 million higher than the previous year. In the current year, Proposition 63 program revenues were bolstered by the County's submission of qualifying program plans which were approved by the State, enabling the County to qualify for, and receive these revenues. This increase was offset by an \$88 million reduction in federal and State reimbursement grants, which were impacted by budget curtailments during the current year. Public assistance program revenues were also higher by \$183 million, largely due to federal stimulus funding that was targeted in this The major funding initiative in this area was the Transitional Subsidized area. Employment (TSE) program, which represented \$82 million of additional revenues. TSE was designed to provide jobs for social service clients by providing employers with an 80% subsidy of wages. The program generated over 10,000 jobs for adults and nearly 10,000 summer youth jobs.
- Taxes, the County's largest general revenue source, were \$131 million lower than the previous year. There was a decrease in property tax revenues of \$141 million, which was consistent with the decline in assessed property values. Property tax revenues were also negatively impacted due to changes in property ownership during the year at amounts below previously assessed values. Voter approved taxes increased by \$10 million during the current year. Such taxes are not affected by changes in assessed values and are levied on a per parcel basis.
- Current year investment earnings decreased by \$92 million, or 46%. The yield from the County's treasury pool declined from 2.57% in the prior year to 1.45% in the current year.

Governmental Activities-Continued

Expenses related to governmental activities increased by \$370 million during the current year. The largest portion of the net increase was attributable to the public assistance category, which grew by \$285 million. Costs associated with program administration and direct services to clients grew by \$124 million. As previously mentioned, the County implemented a subsidized employment program which was funded by federal stimulus revenues and the incremental program costs in the current year were \$82 million. In addition, the County's General Relief (GR) program provides financial assistance to indigent persons who are not eligible for federal or State assistance programs, and to provide emergency assistance to individuals and families in temporary need. The GR program is especially sensitive to overall economic conditions and unemployment and spending increased by \$43 million. General government costs were higher by \$133 million, largely due to the recognition of a \$117 million loss on the disposal of 16 courthouse facilities. State legislation required that the County transfer ownership of the courthouses to the State. Court administrative functions were transferred to the State in 1998 and the transfer of facilities is a continuation of this process.

Business-type Activities

Revenues from business-type activities increased in comparison to the prior year by \$116 million (4.8%). The most significant change was in the area of charges for services, which increased by \$74 million. Hospital revenues were augmented by federal economic stimulus funding which provided \$77 million of current year revenues to the business-type healthcare activities.

Expenses related to business-type activities were slightly lower in the current year, declining by \$22 million, or less than 1%. Expenses related to the Hospitals decreased by \$49 million, as cost containment and efficiency efforts were successful in reducing operating costs by \$81 million, which were partially offset by higher nonoperating expenses associated with intergovernmental transfers. For all facilities, the average patient census during the current year was very similar to the prior year, at approximately 1,300 patients per day. The LAC+USC Medical Center completed its first full fiscal year of operations at its newly built 600-bed facility and experienced an average daily census of 582 patients.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of resources that are available for spending. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. Types of governmental funds reported by the County include the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds, Capital Project Funds, and the Permanent Funds.

Governmental Funds-Continued

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined total fund balances of \$5.914 billion, an increase of \$22 million in comparison with the prior year. Of the total fund balances, \$1.681 billion is reserved to indicate the extent that funds have been committed or are otherwise unavailable for spending. An additional \$1.351 billion has been designated and set aside for intended spending purposes as indicated in the financial statements. The remaining \$2.882 billion of the balances are unreserved and undesignated.

Revenues from all governmental funds for the current year were \$16.326 billion, an increase of \$86 million (0.5%) from the previous year. Expenditures for all governmental funds in the current year were \$15.457 billion, an increase of \$112 million (0.7%) from the previous year. In addition, other financing uses exceeded other financing sources by \$848 million as compared to \$1.006 billion in the prior year.

The General Fund is the County's principal operating fund. During the current year, the fund balance in the General Fund decreased by \$171 million (5.4%). At the end of the current fiscal year, the General Fund's total fund balance was \$2.996 billion. Of this amount, \$785 million was reserved and therefore unavailable for spending. Of the unreserved total of \$2.211 billion, \$619 million has been designated (earmarked) and the remaining \$1.592 billion is considered both unreserved and undesignated.

General Fund revenues during the current year were \$13.485 billion, a decrease of \$52 million (0.4%) from the previous year. General Fund expenditures during the current year were \$13.240 billion, an increase of \$105 million (0.8%) from the previous year. Other financing sources/uses-net was negative \$417 million in the current year as compared to negative \$611 million in the prior year.

Following are significant changes in General Fund revenues and expenditures:

- Intergovernmental revenues increased overall by \$127 million. Within this category, federal revenues increased by \$317 million, State revenues declined by \$178 million and revenues from other governmental agencies were \$12 million lower. Federal revenues grew by \$205 million in the areas of social service, children and family programs. This growth was largely due to one-time federal economic stimulus funding targeted in these areas. The decrease in State revenues primarily impacted mental health programs, where this revenue category was lower by \$103 million. There were State budget reductions which targeted mental health programs and there were also reduced costs eligible for State funding.
- Revenues from taxes decreased by \$106 million. Property taxes comprise over 95% of the General Fund's tax revenues and accounted for \$103 million of the decrease. Assessed property values experienced a year-to-year decline for the first time since 1996 and were lower by 0.51% in the current year.

Governmental Funds-Continued

- Investment income decreased by \$62 million, as current year revenues were \$63 million in comparison with the prior year amount of \$125 million. As previously mentioned, the yield on investments during the current year was considerably lower than the prior year's yield.
- Current expenditures increased by \$80 million (0.6%), which was essentially due to the public assistance area, where expenditures grew by \$229 million. Expenditures were lower in all other functional areas with the exception of recreation and cultural services, which rose by \$4 million. As previously mentioned, the public assistance area experienced cost increases associated with administration, direct client services, the Transitional Subsidized Employment program, and the General Relief (indigent assistance) program. Expenditures for children and family services also increased as service demands were higher and new positions and funding were allocated to fund comprehensive reforms to coordinate the delivery of mental health services to children under the County's supervision.

The Fire Protection District reported a year-end fund balance of \$209 million, which represented an increase of \$4 million from the previous year. Revenues decreased by \$29 million, as revenues from taxes and charges for services each declined by \$13 million. The remaining decrease was associated with a variety of other revenues. Expenditures grew minimally in comparison to the prior year, rising by \$6 million, which was less than 1%.

The Flood Control District reported a year-end fund balance of \$161 million, which was \$31 million lower than the previous year. Revenues were lower or similar to the prior year in all categories except for federal revenues, which grew by \$9 million. Expenditures increased by \$48 million, or 23%, as one-time expenditures of \$14 million were incurred to acquire land and pay for other costs associated with the Sun Valley Watershed project. Additional one-time expenditures of approximately \$9 million were used to mitigate damage caused by heavy winter rainstorms which were preceded by wildfires.

The Public Library Fund reported a year-end fund balance of \$33 million, which was \$6 million higher than the previous year. Revenues were nearly unchanged from the previous year while expenditures decreased by \$7 million, as 51 positions were reduced and spending was curtailed for supplies and contracted services.

The Regional Park and Open Space District reported a year-end fund balance of \$295 million, which was \$8 million higher than the previous year. Current year revenues of \$85 million were similar to the previous year (\$87 million) while expenditures declined by \$9 million.

Proprietary Funds

The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Proprietary Funds-Continued

The County's principal proprietary funds consist of four hospital enterprise funds and an additional fund (Martin L. King Jr. Ambulatory Care Center) which was converted from a full-service hospital in 2007-2008 to a multi-service ambulatory care center. Each of these funds incurred a net loss prior to contributions and transfers.

The County is legally required to provide local matching funds to the health care system in order to remain eligible for federal and State assistance. Such funds were provided to the hospitals as operating subsidies from the County General Fund during the year. The amount of subsidy, per facility, ranged from \$20 million for Rancho Los Amigos National Rehabilitation Center to \$266 million for the LAC+USC Medical Center. The total subsidy amount was \$687 million and is reflected in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets as "transfers in." By comparison, the total General Fund subsidy in the prior year was \$803 million.

An additional source of local funding for the Hospitals is the Health Services Measure B Special Revenue Fund ("Measure B Fund"). The Measure B Fund receives voter approved property taxes for trauma and emergency services. In the current year, the Measure B Fund provided transfers to the LAC+USC Medical Center (\$107 million), Harbor UCLA Medical Center (\$51 million), and Olive View UCLA Medical Center (\$35 million). The total amount of current year Measure B transfers (\$193 million) were lower than the prior year amount of \$211 million.

Waterworks Funds reported year-end net assets of \$871 million, a \$13 million reduction from the previous year. Current year operating revenues (\$56 million) were slightly lower than the previous year amount of \$58 million. Current year operating expenses of \$77 million remained unchanged in comparison to the previous year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The accompanying basic financial statements include a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual on Budgetary Basis for the County's General Fund. The County's budgetary basis of accounting is discussed in Notes 1 and 15 to the basic financial statements. There are approximately 100 separate budget units within the General Fund, excluding capital improvement projects, which are individually budgeted. The data presented below represents the net budgetary changes for the General Fund in a highly summarized format. Accordingly, in certain instances, budgets have been increased for programs within a category even though actual amounts have not been realized for the category in its entirety. Under the budgetary basis, there was a net decrease of \$85 million in the General Fund's available (unreserved and undesignated) fund balance from the previous year.

<u>Budgetary Summary - Revenues/Financing Sources</u>

Following is a summary of current year budgetary changes and actual results (on the County's budgetary basis) for General Fund revenues and other financing sources (in thousands):

<u>Category</u>	Increase (Decrease) From Original Budget			n Òriginal É Final Budget				Variance- Positive (Negative)		
Taxes Intergovernmental	\$	(3,640)	\$	3,952,438	\$	3,851,687	\$	(100,751)		
revenues		85,115		8,098,966		7,368,381		(730,585)		
Charges for services		(6,970)		1,723,186		1,659,224		(63,962)		
All other revenues		28,047		593,207		634,381		41,174		
Other sources and										
transfers in		(10,47 <u>5</u>)		459,384		331,397		(127,987)		
Total	<u>\$</u>	92,077	\$	14,827,181	\$	<u>13,845,070</u>	\$	(982,111)		

Changes from Amounts Originally Budgeted

During the year, net increases in budgeted revenues and other financing sources approximated \$92 million. The most significant changes occurred in the following areas:

- Estimated intergovernmental revenues increased by \$85 million. The additional revenues were primarily associated with new federal grants in the areas of health and public health services (\$58 million), law enforcement (\$11 million) and energy programs (\$10 million). The remaining \$6 million consisted of new federal and State grants for a variety of programs.
- There was a net increase of \$28 million related to "all other revenues." The County's policy is to budget tobacco settlement revenues after they have been received and there were corresponding additions of \$96 million to the original budget. This amount was offset by decreases of \$68 million, most of which were reduced estimated revenues associated with capital improvements which were originally budgeted in the General Fund and subsequently transferred to Capital Projects Funds.

Actual Revenues/Financing Sources Compared with Final Budget Amounts

Actual revenues and other financing sources recognized by the General Fund were approximately \$982 million, or 6.6%, lower than budget. As discussed below, most of this variance was concentrated in the areas of intergovernmental revenues, "other sources and transfers in," and taxes.

Actual Revenues/Financing Sources Compared with Final Budget Amounts-Continued

- Actual intergovernmental revenues were \$731 million lower than the amount budgeted. Social service programs, including children and family services, accounted for approximately \$210 million of this variance, which was mostly attributable to cost containment efforts that led to reduced reimbursable social service related expenditures. Approximately \$156 million was associated with mental health services, which experienced lower than anticipated reimbursable costs (particularly for contracted services) and correspondingly lower than expected revenues. An additional \$151 million pertained to anticipated reimbursement of capital improvement, disaster recovery and homeland security projects and programs that were not completed prior to year-end. There was \$86 million of unrealized State assistance for Sheriff and Probation programs, of which the largest single source was \$34 million of lower than anticipated State public safety augmentation funding. Public health related programs experienced shortfalls of \$78 million, most of which was associated with federal grants. The remaining variance of \$50 million was related to a variety of other programs.
- The actual amount of "other sources and transfers in" was \$128 million lower than the amount budgeted. Of this amount, mental health programs funded by the Mental Health Services Act Fund (Proposition 63) did not fully materialize at the budgeted level and "transfers in" were \$58 million lower than budgeted. In addition, "transfers in" totaling \$56 million were assumed in the budget for capital improvements and extraordinary building maintenance projects which did not incur expected costs. There were various other sources and transfers that comprised the remaining variance of \$14 million.
- The amount of actual revenues from taxes was \$101 million lower than the amount budgeted and was entirely associated with property taxes. Properties which were transferred at lower assessed values during the year were a major factor in the variance from the budgeted amount.

Budgetary Summary - Expenditures/Other Financing Uses

Following is a summary of current year budgetary changes and actual results (on the County's budgetary basis) for General Fund expenditures, transfers out, reserves, and designations (in thousands):

<u>Category</u>	Fron	e (Decrease) n Original sudget	Fi	nal Budget Amount	Actual Amoun	
General government	\$	(73,709)	\$	1,620,042	\$ 839,5	36 \$ 780,506
Public protection		94,502		4,728,944	4,580,3	93 148,551
Health and sanitation		11,915		2,853,339	2,560,4	64 292,875
Public assistance		10,623		5,468,511	5,118,3	81 350,130
All other expenditures		(83,344)		1,376,525	349,9	33 1,026,592
Transfers out		7,995		696,065	676,1	31 19,934
Reserves/designations-ne	et	124,095		(202,817)	(194,9	<u>84</u>) <u>(7,833</u>)
Total	\$	92,077	\$	16,540,609	\$13,929,8	<u>\$2,610,755</u>

Changes from Amounts Originally Budgeted

During the year, net increases in General Fund appropriations, reserves and designations were approximately \$92 million. As discussed below, the most significant increases and reductions occurred in the following areas:

- Provisions for net reserves and designations were increased during the year by \$124 million. At the end of the fiscal year, the designation for health services, which is predominately funded by tobacco settlement revenues, was increased by \$119 million. This amount was comprised of tobacco settlement revenues recognized in the current year (\$96 million) plus prior year funds that were appropriated, but unexpended (\$23 million). Miscellaneous increases of \$5 million were made to reserves and other designations.
- Appropriations were increased for the public protection category by \$95 million. Of this amount, \$53 million was allocated to the Sheriff's Department, \$14 million was added to fund legally mandated indigent defense costs, \$10 million was added to the District Attorney, \$7 million to the Probation Department, and the remaining \$11 million was spread among a variety of programs. Of the \$53 million allocated to the Sheriff's Department, \$41 million was provided by discretionary County funds to provide for increased health insurance costs and the merger of the Office of Public Safety. The remaining \$12 million was funded by new grant revenues which were awarded after the original budget was adopted.
- Appropriations for "all other expenditures" were reduced by \$83 million. There were \$87 million of net reductions to "capital outlay" appropriations, offset by miscellaneous increases of \$4 million. During the fiscal year, the Board reduced \$131 million of General Fund "capital outlay" appropriations and re-appropriated the projects in the Capital Projects Funds, where they will be financed from commercial paper and other long-term financing. Capital improvement projects of approximately \$44 million were added to the original budget during the fiscal year.
- General government appropriations were reduced by \$74 million and this amount consisted primarily of provisional appropriations which were transferred to fund critical needs in the areas of health, public protection and "capital outlay."

Actual Expenditures/Other Financing Uses Compared with Final Budget Amount

Actual expenditures/other financing uses for the current year were \$2.611 billion lower (approximately 15.8%) than the final total budget of \$16.541 billion. There were budgetary savings in all functional expenditure categories. Due to ongoing economic uncertainties, the County remained fiscally prudent in managing appropriations throughout the fiscal year. Savings were achieved through a variety of measures including departmental hiring freezes, reduction in purchases of services and supplies and capital assets, and development of efficiency initiatives. Following are the functional areas that recognized the largest variations from the final budget:

Actual Expenditures/Other Financing Uses Compared with Final Budget Amount-Continued

- The category referred to as "all other expenditures" reflected actual spending of \$1.027 billion less than the budgeted amount. Nearly all (\$1.014 billion) of this variance was related to the capital outlay category. There were many capital improvements anticipated in the budget that remained in the planning stages and did not incur expenditures during the year. Most of the unused balance has been reestablished in the following year's budget to ensure the continuity of the projects, many of which are multi-year in nature.
- The general government function reported actual expenditures that were \$781 million less than the amount budgeted. Of this amount, \$579 million represented budgetary savings for items that are not associated with specific County departments, such as provisional appropriations, central non-departmental appropriations, and extraordinary maintenance and repairs. The remaining \$202 million was spread across virtually every department comprising general government and was mostly related to savings in the areas of salaries and services and supplies.
- Actual public assistance expenditures were \$350 million lower than the final budget. Of
 this amount, \$308 million was concentrated in social service, children, and family
 programs. Administrative costs were lower than anticipated due to overall cost
 containment efforts, vacant positions, and delays in hiring. There were \$37 million of
 savings related to homeless and housing programs due to delays in carrying out multiyear projects. The remaining variance amount of \$5 million was related to other public
 assistance programs.
- Overall expenditures for the health and sanitation category were \$293 million less than
 the budgeted amount. Appropriations related to mental health services exceeded actual
 expenditures by \$158 million, primarily due to less than anticipated costs for contracted
 services and to a lesser extent, salary savings. The remaining variance was associated
 with a variety of health care programs administered by the Departments of Public Health
 Services (\$95 million) and Health Services (\$40 million).

Capital Assets

The County's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2010 were \$18.027 billion (net of depreciation). Capital assets include land, easements, buildings and improvements, equipment, software, and infrastructure. The major infrastructure network elements are roads, sewers, water, flood control, and aviation. The capital assets classified as software were newly added in conjunction with implementing GASB Statement No. 51, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets." Specific disclosures related to capital assets, the restatement of beginning capital asset balances to reflect software assets, and changes during the current year are discussed and referenced in Note 6 (Capital Assets) to the basic financial statements.

The total decrease in the County's capital assets (net of depreciation) for the current fiscal year was \$11 million, as shown in the following table.

Changes in Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation Primary Government - All Activities (in thousands)

	_			Prior Year as Restated	. <u>!</u>	Increase (Decrease)
Land and easements	\$	7,477,362	\$	7,394,023	\$	83,339
Buildings and improvements		3,945,086		4,065,790		(120,704)
Infrastructure		5,059,561		5,159,541		(99,980)
Equipment		440,147		481,895		(41,748)
Software		309,671		302,742		6,929
Construction-in-progress		795,214		633,734		161,480
Total	\$ 1	18,027,041	\$	18,037,725	\$	(10,684)

The County's major capital asset initiatives during the current year were focused on hospital construction-in-progress at Harbor/UCLA Medical Center (\$39 million) and Olive View/UCLA Medical Center (\$30 million). As previously mentioned, the County transferred ownership of 16 courthouse facilities to the State in accordance with State legislation. The value (\$117 million) of the transferred facilities, net of accumulated depreciation, was removed from land, buildings and improvements during the current year.

Debt Administration

The following table indicates the changes in the County's long-term debt during the year:

Changes in Long-Term Debt Primary Government - All activities (in thousands)

	Current <u>Year</u>	Prior <u>Year</u>	<u>Decrease</u>
Bonds and Notes Payable	\$ 1,832,774	\$ 1,856,042	\$ 23,268
Pension Bonds Payable	<u>345,913</u>	653,634	307,721
Total	\$ 2,178,687	\$ 2,509,676	\$ 330,989

During the current year, the County's liabilities for long-term debt decreased by \$331 million, or 13.2%. Specific changes related to governmental and business-type activities are presented in Note 10 (Long-Term Obligations) to the basic financial statements. During the current year, significant long-term debt transactions were as follows:

- New debt of \$39 million was issued to finance the acquisition of equipment. Equipment debt totaling \$55 million was redeemed during the year in accordance with maturity schedules.
- New debt of \$116 million was issued to finance \$93 million of Hospital facility improvements and expansion and \$23 million for general facility improvements.
- Pension bonds totaling \$308 million were redeemed during the year.

In addition to the above borrowing, the County continued to finance General Fund cash flow shortages occurring periodically during the fiscal year by selling \$1.3 billion in tax and revenue anticipation notes which reached maturity on June 30, 2010, and by periodic borrowing from available trust funds.

Bond Ratings

The County's debt is rated by Moody's, Standard and Poor's, and Fitch. The following is a schedule of ratings:

	Moody's	Standard and Poor's	<u>Fitch</u>
General Obligation Bonds	Aa2	AA-	
Pension Bonds	Aa3	A+	
Facilities	A2	A+	Α
Equipment/Non-Essential Leases	A1	A+	A+
Short-Term	MIG1	SP-1+	F1+
Commercial Paper	P-1	A-1+	
Flood Control District General			
Obligation Bonds	Aa1	AA	AA+
Flood Control District Revenue			
Bonds	Aa1	AA	AA+
Regional Park and Open Space			
District Bonds	Aa2	AA	AAA

During the current year, the County's bond ratings remained the same except for the following upgrades:

- Moody's upgraded General Obligation Bonds from Aa3 to Aa2, Pension Bonds from A1 to Aa3, and Equipment/Non-Essential Leases from A2 to A1;
- Standard and Poor's upgraded Flood Control District Revenue Bonds from AA- to AA;
 and
- Fitch upgraded Equipment/Non-Essential Leases from A to A+, Flood Control District General Obligation Bonds from AA to AA+, Flood Control District Revenue Bonds from AA to AA+, and Regional Park and Open Space District Bonds from AA+ to AAA.

Economic Conditions and Outlook

The Board of Supervisors adopted the County's 2010-2011 Budget on June 7, 2010. The Budget was adopted based on estimated fund balances that would be available at the end of 2009-2010. The Board updated the Budget on September 28, 2010 to reflect final 2009-2010 fund balances and other pertinent financial information. For the County's General Fund, the 2010-2011 Budget, as updated in September 2010, utilized \$1.629 billion of available fund balance, which exceeded the previously estimated fund balance of \$1.493 billion. Of the additional fund balance of \$136 million, \$75 million was used to carryover lapsed appropriations and the remaining \$61 million was used to offset \$115 million of workforce cost savings which were pending discussion between County management and labor unions.

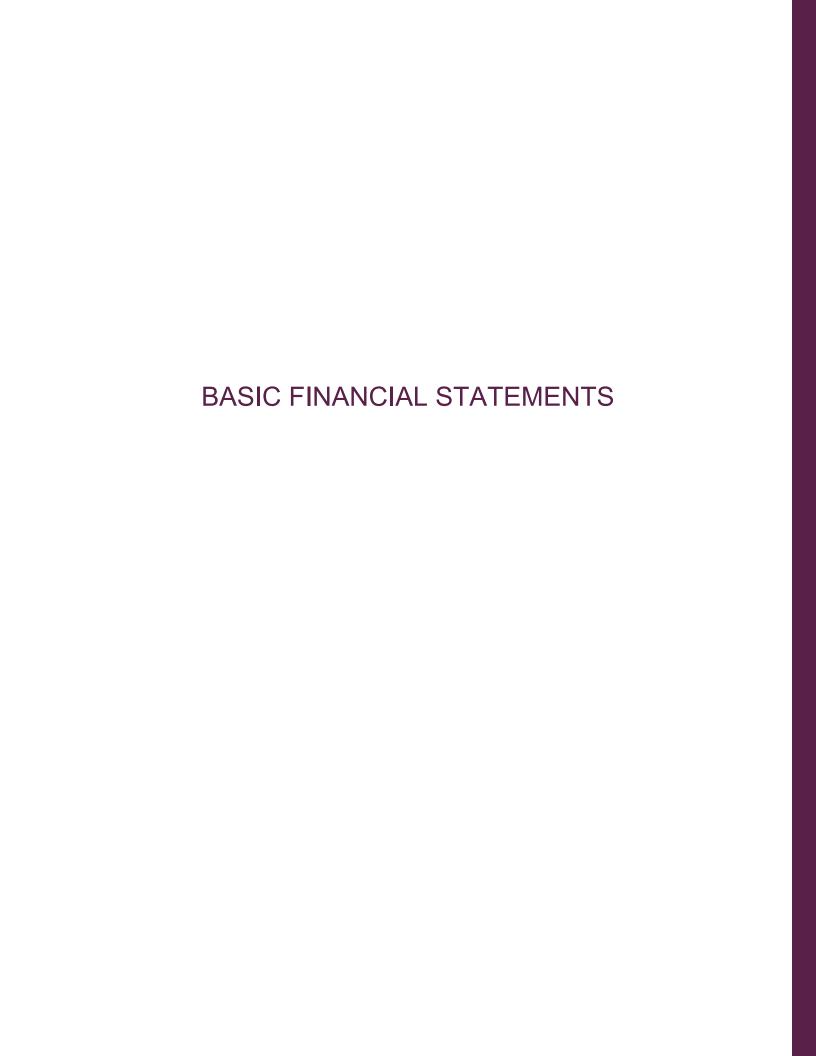
The County's 2010-2011 Budget is shaped largely by the effects of a severe and prolonged economic downturn, which continues to have a significant impact on the County. For the second year in a row, the County's assessed property values are experiencing a decline. The County Assessor has released the Net Local Property Tax Roll for 2010-11 and it is 1.87% lower than the previous year. The resulting decrease to County General Fund property tax revenues is estimated at \$70 million. Property tax revenues are the County's single most important source of funding and are vital to programs which rely on discretionary funding sources. County management is closely monitoring changes in assessed property values and adjusting revenue estimates as new information becomes available.

The County's financial outlook continues to be affected by ongoing and severe budget problems at the State level. The State Legislative Analyst's Office (LAO) has estimated that the State's budget deficit will be approximately \$25 billion by the time the State Legislature enacts a 2011-2012 State budget plan. The budget problem consists of a \$6 billion projected deficit for 2010-2011 and a \$19 billion gap between projected revenues and spending in 2011-2012. Many County programs receive substantial State funding and the County is likely to be confronted with program curtailments and increased local funding requirements. The State also continues to experience a serious cash flow crisis. The County is highly dependent upon cash receipts from the State and is closely monitoring the State's liquidity and ability to make timely cash remittances to the County.

Obtaining Additional Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all interested parties. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Los Angeles County Auditor-Controller, 500 West Temple Street, Room 525, Los Angeles, CA 90012-2766.





COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2010 (in thousands)

	PI	COMPONENT UNIT			
	GOVERNMENTAL	BUSINESS-TYPE			
	ACTIVITIES	ACTIVITIES	TOTAL	FIRST 5 LA	
ASSETS					
Pooled cash and investments: (Notes 1 and 5)					
Operating (Note 1)	\$ 3,327,413	\$ 78,423	\$ 3,405,836	\$ 847,967	
Other (Note 1)	1,067,264	31,188	1,098,452		
Total pooled cash and investments	4,394,677	109,611	4,504,288	847,967	
Other investments (Note 5)	237,017	23,364	260,381		
Taxes receivable	353,267	950	354,217		
Accounts receivable - net		899,580	899,580		
Interest receivable	13,404	341	13,745	1,531	
Other receivables	2,009,417	248,630	2,258,047	31,802	
Internal balances (Note 14)	922,920	(922,920)			
Inventories	98,404	16,056	114,460		
Restricted assets (Note 5)	8,174	72,122	80,296		
Net pension obligation (Note 7)	38,408	13,343	51,751		
Capital assets: (Notes 6 and 9)					
Capital assets, not being depreciated	7,831,632	445,580	8,277,212	2,039	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	7,621,104	2,128,725	9,749,829	11,367	
Total capital assets	15,452,736	2,574,305	18,027,041	13,406	
TOTAL ASSETS	23,528,424	3,035,382	26,563,806	894,706	
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	344,509	68,263	412,772	21,673	
Accrued payroll	334,134	69,079	403,213		
Other payables	471,435	12,838	484,273		
Accrued interest payable	14,146	540	14,686		
Unearned revenue	36,740	1,232	37,972	72	
Advances payable	391,954	441	392,395		
Noncurrent liabilities: (Note 10)					
Due within one year	915,879	440,995	1,356,874	27	
Due in more than one year	7,020,012	1,358,687	8,378,699	293	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	9,528,809	1,952,075	11,480,884	22,065	
NET ASSETS					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt					
(Notes 6 and 10)	14,271,861	2,293,147	16,565,008	13,406	
Restricted for:	445.000		445.000		
Capital projects	115,029	4=0.000	115,029		
Debt service	8,441	152,238	160,679		
Permanent trust	2,826		2,826		
Public protection	303,985		303,985		
Public ways and facilities	408,855		408,855		
Health and sanitation	400,643		400,643		
Recreation	313,884		313,884		
Community development	250,423	11,582	262,005		
Other	57,412	,,	57,412	859,235	
Unrestricted (deficit)	(2,133,744)	(1,373,660)	(3,507,404)	¢ 070.044	
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 13,999,615	\$ 1,083,307	\$ 15,082,922	\$ 872,641	

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (in thousands)

			PROGRAM REVENUE					
					O	PERATING	С	APITAL
<u>FUNCTIONS</u>			CH	ARGES FOR	GR	ANTS AND	GRA	ANTS AND
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	<u>E</u>	<u>EXPENSES</u>	S	ERVICES	CON	ITRIBUTIONS	CONT	RIBUTIONS
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$	1,236,226	\$	432,084	\$	56,793	\$	20,329
Public protection		6,163,910		1,342,970		1,050,987		63,564
Public ways and facilities		352,549		29,328		220,811		30,968
Health and sanitation		2,718,876		639,602		1,808,314		779
Public assistance		5,518,036		58,436		4,496,400		
Education		101,397		4,462		1,983		
Recreation and cultural services		319,000		178,935		1,221		
Interest on long-term debt		139,824						
Total governmental activities		16,549,818		2,685,817		7,636,509		115,640
Business-type activities:								
Hospitals		3,394,724		2,099,010		42,092		
Aviation		4,742		3,509		8,108		1,710
Waterworks		76,818		56,082		500		308
Community Development Commission		294,785		11,261		266,463		
Total business-type activities		3,771,069		2,169,862		317,163		2,018
Total primary government	\$	20,320,887	\$	4,855,679	\$	7,953,672	\$	117,658
COMPONENT UNIT -								
First 5 LA	\$	168,232	\$		\$	129,420	\$	

GENERAL REVENUES:

Taxes:

Property taxes

Utility users taxes

Voter approved taxes

Documentary transfer taxes

Other taxes

Sales and use taxes, levied by the State

Grants and contributions not restricted

to special programs

Investment earnings

Miscellaneous

TRANSFERS - NET

Total general revenues and transfers

CHANGE IN NET ASSETS

NET ASSETS, JULY 1, 2009, as restated (Note 2)

NET ASSETS, JUNE 30, 2010

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

		CHANGES IN					
	PR	IMARY GOVERNME	NI	COMPONENT UNIT			
GOV	/ERNMENTAI	BUSINESS-TYPE			<u>FUNCTIONS</u>		
	CTIVITIES	ACTIVITIES	TOTAL	FIRST 5 LA	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:		
		7.011711120	101712	111(01 0 12)(Governmental activities:		
\$	(727,020)	\$	\$ (727,020)		General government		
Ψ.	(3,706,389)	*	(3,706,389)		Public protection		
	(71,442)		(71,442)		Public ways and facilities		
	(270,181)		(270,181)		Health and sanitation		
	(963,200)		(963,200)		Public assistance		
	(94,952)		(94,952)		Education		
	(138,844)		(138,844)		Recreation and cultural services		
	(139,824)		(139,824)		Interest on long-term debt		
	(6,111,852)		(6,111,852)	•	Total governmental activities		
					5		
		(4.050.000)	(4.050.000)		Business-type activities:		
		(1,253,622)	(1,253,622)		Hospitals		
		8,585	8,585		Aviation		
		(19,928)	(19,928)		Waterworks		
		(17,061)	(17,061)	•	Community Development Commission		
	(0.444.050)	(1,282,026)	(1,282,026)	•	Total business-type activities		
	(6,111,852)	(1,282,026)	(7,393,878)	-	Total primary government		
					COMPONENT UNIT -		
				\$ (38,812)	Total - First 5 LA		
				+ (,)			
					CENEDAL DEVENUES.		
					GENERAL REVENUES:		
	4 545 067	4 445	4 510 400		Taxes:		
	4,515,067	4,415	4,519,482		Property taxes		
	61,635 313,668		61,635		Utility users taxes		
	*		313,668 44,517		Voter approved taxes		
	44,517 56,151		56,151		Documentary transfer taxes Other taxes		
					Sales and use taxes, levied by the State		
	70,557		70,557		Grants and contributions not restricted		
	701 521	143	701,664				
	701,521 105,878	2,693	108,571	16,095	to special programs Investment earnings		
	132,856	35,463	168,319	465	Miscellaneous		
	(895,250)	895,250	100,519	703	TRANSFERS - NET		
	5,106,600	937,964	6,044,564	16,560	Total general revenues and transfers		
	(1,005,252)	(344,062)	(1,349,314)		CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		
	15,004,867	1,427,369	16,432,236	894,893	NET ASSETS, JULY 1, 2009, as restated (Note 2)		
\$	13,999,615	\$ 1,083,307	\$ 15,082,922	\$ 872,641	NET ASSETS, JUNE 30, 2010		
				:			

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2010 (in thousands)

	(GENERAL FUND	FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT	FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT	PUBLIC LIBRARY
ASSETS:					
Pooled cash and investments: (Notes 1 and 5)					
Operating (Note 1)	\$	732,170	159,446	153,650	29,692
Other (Note 1)		957,320	28,654	10,585	2,542
Total pooled cash and investments		1,689,490	188,100	164,235	32,234
Other investments (Notes 4 and 5)		5,839			120
Taxes receivable		246,288	58,756	17,034	7,892
Interest receivable		5,546	543	490	101
Other receivables		1,802,932	32,500	6,700	1,650
Due from other funds (Note 14)		436,441	7,580	11,274	5,250
Advances to other funds (Note 14)		1,018,161		6,601	
Inventories		44,279	10,584		977
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	5,248,976	298,063	206,334	48,224
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES:					
Accounts payable	\$	266,916	7,012	9,764	2,470
Accrued payroll		286,407	30,591		3,123
Other payables		454,244	2,194		407
Due to other funds (Note 14)		501,705	7,738	17,811	3,480
Deferred revenue		346,829	41,726	17,284	5,609
Advances payable		382,476	,	,	2,222
Third party payor liability (Notes 10 and 13)		14,588			
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,253,165	89,261	44,859	15,089
FUND BALANCES:					
Reserved for:					
Encumbrances		373,511	17,972	98,980	10,138
Inventories		44,279	10,584	00,000	977
Housing programs		11,210	10,001		011
Debt service					
Endowments and annuities					
Assets unavailable for appropriation		366,638	25	3,010	15
Unreserved, designated for:		000,000	20	0,010	10
Budget uncertainties			18,979		
Program expansion		305,831	19,223		8,264
Health services		168,702	10,220		0,204
Capital projects		144,366	60,246	49,789	
Special revenue funds - program expansion		144,500	00,240	43,703	
Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:					
General fund		1,592,484			
Special revenue funds		1,002,404	81,773	9,696	13,741
			01,113	9,090	13,741
Capital projects funds TOTAL FUND BALANCES		2,995,811	208,802	161,475	33,135
TOTAL LIADULTIES AND SUND DAY ANGES	•				
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	5,248,976	298,063	206,334	48,224

P <i>A</i> OPE	EGIONAL ARK AND EN SPACE ISTRICT	NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	ELIMINATIONS (NOTE 4)	GOV	TOTAL /ERNMENTAL FUNDS	ASSETS:
						Pooled cash and investments: (Notes 1 and 5)
\$	292,474	1,924,544		\$	3,291,976	Operating (Note 1)
Ψ	3,349	60,209		Ψ	1,062,659	Other (Note 1)
-	295,823	1,984,753			4,354,635	Total pooled cash and investments
-	233,023	449,527	(222,660)		232,826	Other investments (Notes 4 and 5)
	3,437	19,860	(222,000)		353,267	Taxes receivable
	931	5,666			13,277	Interest receivable
						Other receivables
	4,629	103,623			1,952,034	
	1	303,478			764,024	Due from other funds (Note 14)
		11,556			1,036,318	Advances to other funds (Note 14)
	004.004	32,478	(000,000)		88,318	Inventories
\$	304,821	2,910,941	(222,660)	\$	8,794,699	TOTAL ASSETS
						LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES:
\$	1,151	51,260		\$	338,573	Accounts payable
		108			320,229	Accrued payroll
	29	12,632			469,506	Other payables
	2,667	359,129			892,530	Due to other funds (Note 14)
	5,700	35,996			453,144	Deferred revenue
		9,054			391,530	Advances payable
		855			15,443	Third party payor liability (Notes 10 and 13)
	9,547	469,034			2,880,955	TOTAL LIABILITIES
						FUND BALANCES:
						Reserved for:
	63,101	193,492			757,194	Encumbrances
		32,478			88,318	Inventories
		2,026			2,026	Housing programs
		671,051	(222,660)		448,391	Debt service
		2,826			2,826	Endowments and annuities
		12,434			382,122	Assets unavailable for appropriation
						Unreserved, designated for:
		85,989			104,968	Budget uncertainties
	66,407				399,725	Program expansion
					168,702	Health services
		32,897			287,298	Capital projects
		390,202			390,202	Special revenue funds - program expansion
		300,202			,	Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:
					1,592,484	General fund
	165,766	825,102			1,096,078	Special revenue funds
	100,100	193,410			193,410	Capital projects funds
	295,274	2,441,907	(222,660)		5,913,744	TOTAL FUND BALANCES
	200,217	2,771,007	(222,000)		0,010,177	TO THE TOTAL BALL MOLO
\$	304,821	2,910,941	(222,660)	\$	8,794,699	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2010 (in thousands)

Fund balances - total governmental funds (page 27)		\$ 5,913,744
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of		
net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in		
governmental funds:		
Land and easements	\$ 7,234,970	
Construction-in-progress	596,662	
Buildings and improvements - net	2,679,820	
Equipment - net	245,004	
Intangible software - net	258,354	
Infrastructure - net	4,347,406	15,362,216
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period		
expenditures and are unearned, or not recognized, in governmental funds:		
Deferred revenue - taxes	\$ 252,619	
Long-term receivables	 213,924	466,543
The net pension obligation (an asset) pertaining to governmental		
fund types is not recorded in governmental fund statements.		35,832
Accrued interest payable is not recognized in governmental funds.		(14,060)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds and notes payable, are not due and		
payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the		
governmental funds:		
Bonds and notes payable (including accreted interest)	\$ (1,446,922)	
Pension bonds payable	(239,507)	
Capital lease obligations	(148,030)	
Accrued vacation/sick leave	(787,759)	
Workers' compensation	(1,820,426)	
Litigation/self-insurance	(155,160)	
Pollution remediation obligations	(24,755)	
OPEB obligation	(3,026,636)	(7,649,195)
Assets and liabilities of certain internal service funds are included in		
governmental activities in the accompanying statement of net assets.		(115,465)
Net assets of governmental activities (page 23)		\$ 13,999,615

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.



COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (in thousands)

TOTALLE TEXT CITED BOTTE GO, 2010 (III diododinac)	(GENERAL FUND	FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT	FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT	PUBLIC LIBRARY
REVENUES:					
Taxes	\$	3,864,654	622,840	97,684	72,034
Licenses, permits and franchises		49,079	9,874	594	
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		258,842	6,821	2,215	877
Revenue from use of money and property:					
Investment income (Note 5)		63,026	1,710	2,430	365
Rents and concessions (Note 9)		60,655	168	7,791	13
Royalties		368		633	
Intergovernmental revenues:					
Federal		3,379,495	14,764	11,108	353
State		3,851,884	13,189	960	2,162
Other		106,337	32,937	6,540	1,331
Charges for services		1,659,224	174,860	116,615	4,082
Miscellaneous		191,878	347	1,131	1,114
TOTAL REVENUES		13,485,442	877,510	247,701	82,331
EXPENDITURES: Current:					
General government		859,319			
Public protection		4,412,935	849,551	259,660	
Public ways and facilities					
Health and sanitation		2,421,615			
Public assistance		5,025,312			
Education					107,474
Recreation and cultural services		247,094			
Debt service:					
Principal		76,539	3,774		839
Interest and other charges		186,729	8,103		1,766
Capital leases		8,110	3,753		234
Capital outlay		2,115			218
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		13,239,768	865,181	259,660	110,531
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER					
EXPENDITURES		245,674	12,329	(11,959)	(28,200)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in (Note 14)		360,412	2,700	328	36,525
Transfers out (Note 14)		(780,168)	(11,433)	(19,288)	(2,345)
Issuance of debt (Note 10)					
Capital leases (Note 9)		2,115			218
Sales of capital assets		960	269	368	12
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(416,681)	(8,464)	(18,592)	34,410
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(171,007)	3,865	(30,551)	6,210
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1, 2009		3,166,818	204,937	192,026	26,925
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30, 2010	\$	2,995,811	208,802	161,475	33,135

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

	MINATIONS (NOTE 4)	GOV	TOTAL ERNMENTAL FUNDS	
				REVENUES:
\$ 303,502		\$	4,960,714	Taxes
9,893			69,440	Licenses, permits and franchises
1,039 83,638			353,432	Fines, forfeitures and penalties
				Revenue from use of money and property:
3,934 45,845	(11,692)		105,618	Investment income (Note 5)
25,474			94,101	Rents and concessions (Note 9)
5			1,006	Royalties
				Intergovernmental revenues:
176,676			3,582,396	Federal
675,879			4,544,074	State
22,123			169,268	Other
80,130 138,063			2,172,974	Charges for services
78,839			273,309	Miscellaneous
85,103 1,559,937	(11,692)		16,326,332	TOTAL REVENUES
				EXPENDITURES:
				Current:
17,779			877,098	General government
78,533			5,600,679	Public protection
332,036			332,036	Public ways and facilities
146,100			2,567,715	Health and sanitation
169,440			5,194,752	Public assistance
489			107,963	Education
42,780 10,325			300,199	Recreation and cultural services
,				Debt service:
127,907	(24,215)		184,844	Principal
61,555	(11,692)		246,461	Interest and other charges
,	(11,112)		12,097	Capital leases
30,466			32,799	Capital outlay
42,780 974,630	(35,907)		15,456,643	TOTAL EXPENDITURES
				EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER
42,323 585,307	24,215		869,689	EXPENDITURES
				OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):
165,173			565,138	Transfers in (Note 14)
(34,754) (606,271)			(1,454,259)	Transfers out (Note 14)
36,977			36,977	Issuance of debt (Note 10)
			2,333	Capital leases (Note 9)
44 582			2,235	Sales of capital assets
(34,710) (403,539)			(847,576)	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)
7,613 181,768	24,215		22,113	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES
287,661 2,260,139	(246,875)		5,891,631	FUND BALANCES, JULY 1, 2009
\$ 295,274 2,441,907	(222,660)	\$	5,913,744	FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30, 2010

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (in thousands) Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (page 31) Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in	22,113
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	22,113
are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in	
the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense: Expenditures for general capital assets, infrastructure and other related capital asset adjustments Less - current year depreciation expense (346,065)	(112,025)
In the statement of activities, only the gain or loss on the disposal of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale are reported as an increase in financial resources. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balance.	(1,092)
Contribution of capital assets is not recognized in the governmental funds.	67,109
Revenue timing differences result in more revenue in government-wide statements.	(4,658)
Issuance of long-term debt provides revenue in the governmental funds, but increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.	(36,977)
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets: Pension bonds \$81,152 Certificates of participation 76,717 Assessment bonds 24,215 Other long-term notes, loans and capital leases 15,175	197,259
Some expenses reported in the accompanying statement of activities do not require (or provide) the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Change in workers' compensation Change in litigation/self-insurance Change in pollution remediation obligations Change in accrued vacation/sick leave Change in OPEB liability Change in accrued interest payable Change in accrued interest payable Change in accretion of tobacco settlement bonds Change in accretion of pension bonds	1,068,005)
The change in the net pension obligation (an asset) is not recognized in governmental funds.	(35,831)
The portion of internal service funds that is reported with governmental activities.	(33,145)
Change in net assets of governmental activities (page 25) \$ (1,005,252)

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS
GENERAL FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (in thousands)

	GENERAL FUND						
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE FROM FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)			
REVENUES:							
Taxes	\$ 3,956,078	3,952,438	3,851,687	(100,751)			
Licenses, permits and franchises	50,402	50,803	49,079	(1,724)			
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	217,611	224,207	258,842	34,635			
Revenue from use of money and property:	,	,		- 1,000			
Investment income	53,028	54,268	62,677	8,409			
Rents and concessions	58,468	58,618	60,655	2,037			
Royalties	156	156	368	212			
Intergovernmental revenues:							
Federal	3,781,130	3,868,671	3,379,055	(489,616)			
State	4,095,508	4,090,192	3,882,952	(207,240)			
Other	137,213	140,103	106,374	(33,729)			
Charges for services	1,730,156	1,723,186	1,659,224	(63,962)			
Miscellaneous	185,495	205,155	202,760	(2,395)			
TOTAL REVENUES	14,265,245	14,367,797	13,513,673	(854,124)			
EXPENDITURES: Current:							
General government	1,693,751	1,620,042	839,536	(780,506)			
Public protection	4,634,442	4,728,944	4,580,393	(148,551)			
Health and sanitation	2,841,424	2,853,339	2,560,464	(292,875)			
Public assistance	5,457,888	5,468,511	5,118,381	(350,130)			
Recreation and cultural services	260,020	263,921	250,922	(12,999)			
Debt Service-							
Interest	12,189	12,189	12,189				
Capital Outlay	1,187,660	1,100,415	86,822	(1,013,593)			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	16,087,374	16,047,361	13,448,707	(2,598,654)			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER EXPENDITURES	(1,822,129)	(1,679,564)	64,966	1,744,530			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Sales of capital assets	716	716	960	244			
Transfers in	469,143	458,668	330,437	(128,231)			
Transfers out	(688,070)	(696,065)	(676,131)	19,934			
Changes in reserves and designations	326,912	202,817	194,984	(7,833)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET	108,701	(33,864)	(149,750)	(115,886)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(1,713,428)	(1,713,428)	(84,784)	1,628,644			
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009 (Note 15)	1,713,428	1,713,428	1,713,428				
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2010 (Note 15)	\$		1,628,644	1,628,644			

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS
FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (in thousands)

		FIRE PROTE	CTION DISTRICT	Г
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL ON	VARIANCE FROM
	BUDGET	BUDGET	BUDGETARY	FINAL BUDGET
			BASIS	OVER (UNDER)
REVENUES:				
Taxes	\$ 586,114	619,966	620,747	781
Licenses, permits and franchises	11,698	11,698	9,874	(1,824)
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	5,384	5,384	6,821	1,437
Revenue from use of money and property:	-,	.,	-,-	, -
Investment income	957	957	1,449	492
Rents and concessions	81	81	168	87
Intergovernmental revenues:				
Federal	12,770	14,331	14,764	433
State	15,756	15,756	14,004	(1,752)
Other	32,716	32,716	32,937	221
Charges for services	170,062	170,062	174,860	4,798
Miscellaneous	413	436	347	(89)
Missianissas		100	011	(66)
TOTAL REVENUES	835,951	871,387	875,971	4,584
EXPENDITURES:				
Current-Public protection:				
Salaries and employee benefits	757,592	756,566	741,213	(15,353)
Services and supplies	131,948	136,281	106,259	(30,022)
Other charges	2,404	3,504	1,619	(1,885)
Capital assets	19,532	25,609	18,259	(7,350)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	911,476	921,960	867,350	(54,610)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES	(75,525)	(50,573)	8,621	59,194
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Sales of capital assets	158	158	269	111
Transfers in	100	2,700	2,700	
Transfers out	(11,402)	(11,402)	,	
Appropriation for contingencies	(11,402)	(33,852)		33,852
Changes in reserves and designations	28,521	34,721	35,383	662
Offariges in reserves and designations	20,021	04,721	33,303	002
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET	17,277	(7,675)	26,950	34,625
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(58,248)	(58,248)	35,571	93,819
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009 (Note 15)	58,248	58,248	58,248	
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2010 (Note 15)	\$		93,819	93,819

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS
FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (in thousands)

Page			FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT					
REVENUES:		OI	RIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL ON	VARIANCE FROM		
REVENUES: Taxes \$ 98,200 98,200 97,308 (892) Licenses, permits and franchises 2,026 2,026 594 (1,432) Fines, forfeitures and penalties 1,500 1,500 2,215 715 Revenue from use of money and property: 1,1500 7,001 7,001 2,346 (4,655) Rents and concessions 7,416 7,416 7,791 375 Royalties 370 370 633 263 Intergovernmental revenues: 1 1,835 11,408 11,108 (300) 3279 960 (3,279) 363 11,108 (300) 3279 11,108 (300) 3279 11,108 (300) 3279 11,109 11,117 (4,180) 3279 11,109 3279 11,117 (4,180) 3279 3279 3279 3279 3279 328 328 328 328 328 328 328 328 328 328 328 328 328 328 328 328		В	UDGET	BUDGET	BUDGETARY	FINAL BUDGET		
Taxes					BASIS	OVER (UNDER)		
Taxes	REVENUES:							
Licenses, permits and franchises 2,026 2,026 594 (1,432) Fines, forfeitures and penalties 1,500 1,500 2,215 715 Revenue from use of money and property: Investment income 7,001 7,001 2,346 (4,655) Rents and concessions 7,416 7,416 7,791 375 Royalties 370 370 633 263 Intergovernmental revenues: Federal 1,835 11,408 11,108 (300) State 4,239 4,239 960 (3,279) Other 7,054 7,054 6,540 (514) Charges for services 129,607 120,897 116,717 (4,180) Miscellaneous 2,068 2,068 1,131 (937) TOTAL REVENUES 261,316 262,179 247,343 (1,483) EXPENDITURES: 2 234,976 233,793 (1,183) Chier charges 21,473 26,236 25,168 (1,068) Capital assets		\$	98 200	98 200	97 308	(892)		
Fines, forfeitures and penalties 1,500 1,500 2,215 715 Revenue from use of money and property: Investment income 7,001 7,001 2,346 (4,655) Rents and concessions 7,416 7,416 7,791 375 Royalties 370 370 633 263 Intergovernmental revenues: Federal 1,835 11,408 11,108 (300) State 4,239 4,239 960 (3,279) Other 7,054 7,054 6,540 (514) Charges for services 129,607 120,897 116,717 (4,180) Miscellaneous 2,068 2,068 1,131 (997) TOTAL REVENUES 261,316 262,179 247,343 (14,836) EXPENDITURES: 200 234,976 233,793 (1,183) Other charges 21,473 26,236 25,168 (1,068) Capital Sasets 835 985 287 (698) Capital Sasets 6,60		Ψ		-				
Revenue from use of money and property: Investment income			•					
Investment income			1,000	1,000	2,210	7.10		
Rents and concessions 7,416 7,416 7,791 375 Royalties 370 370 633 263 Intergovernmental revenues: Tederal 1,835 11,408 11,108 (300) State 4,239 4,239 9,900 (3,279) Other 7,054 7,054 6,540 (514) Charges for services 129,607 120,897 116,717 (4,180) Miscellaneous 2,068 2,068 1,131 (937) TOTAL REVENUES 261,316 262,179 247,343 (14,836) EXPENDITURES: 250,205 234,976 233,793 (11,83) Other charges 21,473 26,236 25,168 (1,068) Capital assets 835 985 287 (698) Capital Outlay 773 8,000 7,995 (5) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 269,006 270,197 267,243 2,954) DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES 328 328 328 328			7 001	7 001	2 346	(4 655)		
Royalties 370 370 633 263 Intergovernmental revenues: 1,835 11,408 11,108 (300) State 4,239 4,239 960 (3,279) Other 7,054 7,054 6,540 (614) Charges for services 129,607 120,897 116,717 (4,180) Miscellaneous 2,068 2,068 1,131 (937) TOTAL REVENUES 261,316 262,179 247,343 (14,836) EXPENDITURES: 2 245,925 234,976 233,793 (1,183) Other charges 21,473 26,236 25,168 (1,068) Capital assets 835 985 237 (698) Capital outlay 773 8,000 7,995 (5) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 269,006 270,197 267,243 (2,954) DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES (7,690) (8,018) (19,900) (11,882) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 328 328 328								
Intergovernmental revenues: Federal 1,835 11,408 11,108 (300) State 4,239 4,239 960 (3,279) Other 7,054 7,054 6,540 (514) Charges for services 129,607 120,897 116,717 (4,180) Miscellaneous 2,068 2,068 1,131 (937) TOTAL REVENUES 261,316 262,179 247,343 (14,836) EXPENDITURES: Current-Public protection: Services and supplies 245,925 234,976 233,793 (1,183) Capital ossets 835 985 287 (698) Capital ossets 835 985 287 (698) Capital Outlay 773 8,000 7,995 (55) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 269,006 270,197 267,243 (2,954) DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES (7,690) (8,018) (19,900) (11,882) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Sales of capital assets 600 600 368 (232) Transfers out (1,683) (1,683) (210) 1,473 Appropriation for contingencies (19,613) (19,613) (19,613) (19,613) Changes in reserves and designations (20,696) (20,368) (13,763) 14,623 FUND BALANCE (28,386) (28,386) (28,386) (13,763) 14,623 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009 (Note 15) 28,386 28,386 28,386 E8,386 E8,								
Federal 1,835 11,408 11,108 (300) State 4,239 4,239 960 (3,279) Other 7,054 7,054 6,540 (614) Charges for services 129,607 120,897 116,717 (4,180) Miscellaneous 2,068 2,068 1,131 (937) TOTAL REVENUES 261,316 262,179 247,343 (14,836) EXPENDITURES: 2 261,316 262,179 247,343 (14,836) EXPENDITURES: 2 245,925 234,976 233,793 (1,183) Other charges 21,473 26,236 2,168 (1,068) Capital Sasets 835 985 287 (698) Capital Outlay 773 8,000 7,995 (5) TOTAL EXPENDITURES (7,690) (8,018) (19,900) (11,882) OVER EXPENDITURES (7,690) (8,018) (19,900) (11,882) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): (9,696) (1,683)	•		070	010	000	200		
State Other 4,239 (7,054) 4,239 (5,43) 960 (3,279) Other Others for services 12,6607 (120,897) 116,717 (4,180) Miscellaneous 2,068 (2,068) 1,131 (937) TOTAL REVENUES 261,316 (262,179) 247,343 (14,836) EXPENDITURES: Current-Public protection: Services and supplies 245,925 (234,976) 233,793 (1,183) Other charges 21,473 (26,236) 25,168 (10,68) Capital assets 835 (985) 287 (698) Capital Outlay 773 (8,000) 7,995 (5) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 269,006 (270,197) 267,243 (2,954) DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (7,690) (8,018) (19,900) (11,882) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 328 (328) (19,900) (11,473) (19,600) Sales of capital assets 600 (600) (368) (20,3	_		1 835	11 408	11 108	(300)		
Other Charges for services Charges for services 7,054 (12),897 (12),897 (116,717 (14),80) 6,540 (514) (4,180) (4,180) (14,180) (4,183) (4,180) (4,180) (4,183) (4,180) (4,183) (4,180) (4,183) (4,180) (4,183) (4,180) (4,183) (4,180) (4,180) (4,180) (4,180) (4,180) (4,180) (4,180) (4,180) (4,			•					
Charges for services Miscellaneous 129,607 120,897 116,717 (4,180) Miscellaneous 2,068 2,068 1,131 (937) TOTAL REVENUES 261,316 262,179 247,343 (14,836) EXPENDITURES: Current-Public protection: Services and supplies 245,925 234,976 233,793 (1,183) Other charges 21,473 26,236 25,168 (1,068) Capital assets 835 985 287 (698) Capital assets 269,006 270,197 267,243 (2,954) DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES (7,690) (8,018) (19,900) (11,882) OVER EXPENDITURES (7,690) (8,018) (19,900) (11,882) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Sales of capital assets 600 600 368 (232) Transfers out (1,683) (1,683) (1,1683) (1,1683) (1,1683) (1,1683) (1,1683) (1,1683) (1,1683) (1,1683) (1,1683) (1,1683) (210) 1,473								
Miscellaneous 2,068 2,068 1,131 (937) TOTAL REVENUES 261,316 262,179 247,343 (14,836) EXPENDITURES: Current-Public protection: Services and supplies 245,925 234,976 233,793 (1,183) Other charges 21,473 26,236 25,168 (1,068) Capital assets 835 985 287 (698) Capital Outlay 773 8,000 7,995 (5) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 269,006 270,197 267,243 (2,954) DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES (7,690) (8,018) (19,900) (11,882) OVER EXPENDITURES (7,690) (8,018) (19,900) (11,882) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 328 328 328 Transfers out (1,683) (1,683) (210) 1,473 Appropriation for contingencies (19,613) (19,613) 19,613 Changes in reserves and designations 5,651 5,651 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
TOTAL REVENUES 261,316 262,179 247,343 (14,836) EXPENDITURES: Current-Public protection: Services and supplies 245,925 234,976 233,793 (1,183) Other charges 21,473 26,236 25,168 (1,068) Capital assets 835 985 287 (698) Capital Outlay 773 8,000 7,995 (5) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 269,006 270,197 267,243 (2,954) DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (7,690) (8,018) (19,900) (11,882) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Sales of capital assets 600 600 368 (232) Transfers in 328 328 Transfers out (1,683) (1,683) (1,683) (2,954) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Sales of capital assets (19,613) (19,613) Changes in reserves and designations (19,613) (19,613) (19,613) (19,613) (19,613) (19,613) (19,613) (19,613) (10				-				
EXPENDITURES: Current-Public protection: Services and supplies 245,925 234,976 233,793 (1,183) Other charges 21,473 26,236 25,168 (1,068) Capital assets 835 985 287 (698) Capital Outlay 773 8,000 7,995 (5) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 269,006 270,197 267,243 (2,954) DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (7,690) (8,018) (19,900) (11,882) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Sales of capital assets 600 600 368 (232) Transfers in 328 328 Transfers out (1,683) (1,683) (210) 1,473 Appropriation for contingencies (19,613) (19,613) 19,613 Changes in reserves and designations (20,696) (20,368) 6,137 26,505 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (28,386) (28,386) (13,763) 14,623 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009 (Note 15) 28,386 28,386 28,386	Wilderancous		2,000	2,000	1,101	(551)		
Current-Public protection: Services and supplies 245,925 234,976 233,793 (1,183) Other charges 21,473 26,236 25,168 (1,068) Capital assets 835 985 287 (698) Capital Outlay 773 8,000 7,995 (5) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 269,006 270,197 267,243 (2,954) DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES (7,690) (8,018) (19,900) (11,882) OVER EXPENDITURES (7,690) (8,018) (19,900) (11,882) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Sales of capital assets 600 600 368 (232) Transfers in 328 328 328 328 Transfers out (1,683) (1,683) (210) 1,473 Appropriation for contingencies (19,613) (19,613) 5,651 5,651 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET (20,696) (20,368) 6,137 26,505 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (28,386) (28,386)	TOTAL REVENUES		261,316	262,179	247,343	(14,836)		
Services and supplies 245,925 234,976 233,793 (1,183) Other charges 21,473 26,236 25,168 (1,068) Capital assets 835 985 287 (698) Capital Outlay 773 8,000 7,995 (5) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 269,006 270,197 267,243 (2,954) DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (7,690) (8,018) (19,900) (11,882) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Sales of capital assets 600 600 368 (232) Transfers in 328 328 328 17,77 1,683 (1,683) (210) 1,473 Appropriation for contingencies (19,613) (19,613) (19,613) 19,613 Changes in reserves and designations 5,651 5,651 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET (20,696) (20,368) 6,137 26,505 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (28,386) (28,386) (13,763) 14,623 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009 (Note 15) 28,3	EXPENDITURES:							
Services and supplies 245,925 234,976 233,793 (1,183) Other charges 21,473 26,236 25,168 (1,068) Capital assets 835 985 287 (698) Capital Outlay 773 8,000 7,995 (5) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 269,006 270,197 267,243 (2,954) DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (7,690) (8,018) (19,900) (11,882) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Sales of capital assets 600 600 368 (232) Transfers in 328 328 328 17,77 1,683 (1,683) (210) 1,473 Appropriation for contingencies (19,613) (19,613) (19,613) 19,613 Changes in reserves and designations 5,651 5,651 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET (20,696) (20,368) 6,137 26,505 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (28,386) (28,386) (13,763) 14,623 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009 (Note 15) 28,3	Current-Public protection:							
Other charges 21,473 26,236 25,168 (1,068) Capital assets 835 985 287 (698) Capital Outlay 773 8,000 7,995 (5) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 269,006 270,197 267,243 (2,954) DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (7,690) (8,018) (19,900) (11,882) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Sales of capital assets 600 600 368 (232) Transfers in 328 328 328 17ansfers out (1,683) (1,683) (210) 1,473 Appropriation for contingencies (19,613) (19,613) 19,613 19,613 Changes in reserves and designations 5,651 5,651 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET (20,696) (20,368) 6,137 26,505 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (28,386) (28,386) (13,763) 14,623 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009 (Note 15) 28,386 28,386 28,386 28,386			245,925	234,976	233,793	(1,183)		
Capital assets 835 985 287 (698) Capital Outlay 773 8,000 7,995 (5) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 269,006 270,197 267,243 (2,954) DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (7,690) (8,018) (19,900) (11,882) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Sales of capital assets 600 600 368 (232) Transfers in Transfers out 328 328 328 11,473 Appropriation for contingencies (19,613) (19,613) (210) 1,473 Appropriation for contingencies (19,613) (19,613) 5,651 5,651 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET (20,696) (20,368) 6,137 26,505 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (28,386) (28,386) (13,763) 14,623 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009 (Note 15) 28,386 28,386 28,386				•	,			
Capital Outlay 773 8,000 7,995 (5) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 269,006 270,197 267,243 (2,954) DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (7,690) (8,018) (19,900) (11,882) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Sales of capital assets 600 600 368 (232) Transfers in 328 328 328 17,473 1,683) (1,683) (210) 1,473 1,473 1,473 1,473 1,614 1,614				•				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES 269,006 270,197 267,243 (2,954) DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (7,690) (8,018) (19,900) (11,882) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Sales of capital assets 600 600 368 (232) Transfers in 328 328 328 Transfers out (1,683) (1,683) (210) 1,473 Appropriation for contingencies (19,613) (19,613) 19,613 Changes in reserves and designations 5,651 5,651 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET (20,696) (20,368) 6,137 26,505 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (28,386) (28,386) (13,763) 14,623 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009 (Note 15) 28,386 28,386 28,386	·							
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Sales of capital assets Transfers in Transfers out Appropriation for contingencies Changes in reserves and designations OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): (1,683) (1,683) (1,683) (1,683) (19,613) (1			000 000	070 407	007.040			
OVER EXPENDITURES (7,690) (8,018) (19,900) (11,882) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Sales of capital assets 600 600 368 (232) Transfers in 328 328 328 172<	TOTAL EXPENDITURES		269,006	270,197	267,243	(2,954)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Sales of capital assets 600 600 368 (232) Transfers in 328 328 Transfers out (1,683) (1,683) (210) 1,473 Appropriation for contingencies (19,613) (19,613) 19,613 Changes in reserves and designations 5,651 5,651 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET (20,696) (20,368) 6,137 26,505 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (28,386) (28,386) (13,763) 14,623 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009 (Note 15) 28,386 28,386 28,386	DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES							
Sales of capital assets 600 600 368 (232) Transfers in 328 328 328 Transfers out (1,683) (1,683) (210) 1,473 Appropriation for contingencies (19,613) (19,613) 19,613 Changes in reserves and designations 5,651 5,651 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET (20,696) (20,368) 6,137 26,505 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (28,386) (28,386) (13,763) 14,623 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009 (Note 15) 28,386 28,386 28,386	OVER EXPENDITURES		(7,690)	(8,018)	(19,900)	(11,882)		
Sales of capital assets 600 600 368 (232) Transfers in 328 328 328 Transfers out (1,683) (1,683) (210) 1,473 Appropriation for contingencies (19,613) (19,613) 19,613 Changes in reserves and designations 5,651 5,651 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET (20,696) (20,368) 6,137 26,505 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (28,386) (28,386) (13,763) 14,623 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009 (Note 15) 28,386 28,386 28,386	OTHER EINANGING SOURCES (LISES):							
Transfers in 328 328 Transfers out (1,683) (1,683) (210) 1,473 Appropriation for contingencies (19,613) (19,613) 19,613 Changes in reserves and designations 5,651 5,651 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET (20,696) (20,368) 6,137 26,505 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (28,386) (28,386) (13,763) 14,623 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009 (Note 15) 28,386 28,386 28,386			600	600	260	(222)		
Transfers out (1,683) (1,683) (210) 1,473 Appropriation for contingencies (19,613) (19,613) 19,613 Changes in reserves and designations 5,651 5,651 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET (20,696) (20,368) 6,137 26,505 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (28,386) (28,386) (13,763) 14,623 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009 (Note 15) 28,386 28,386 28,386			600			(232)		
Appropriation for contingencies (19,613) (19,613) 19,613 Changes in reserves and designations 5,651 5,651 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET (20,696) (20,368) 6,137 26,505 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (28,386) (28,386) (13,763) 14,623 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009 (Note 15) 28,386 28,386 28,386			(1 602)			1 472		
Changes in reserves and designations 5,651 5,651 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET (20,696) (20,368) 6,137 26,505 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (28,386) (28,386) (13,763) 14,623 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009 (Note 15) 28,386 28,386 28,386					(210)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET (20,696) (20,368) 6,137 26,505 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (28,386) (28,386) (13,763) 14,623 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009 (Note 15) 28,386 28,386			(19,013)	(19,013)	E 651			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (28,386) (28,386) (13,763) 14,623 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009 (Note 15) 28,386 28,386 28,386	Changes in reserves and designations				5,051	5,051		
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009 (Note 15) 28,386 28,386 28,386	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET		(20,696)	(20,368)	6,137	26,505		
	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(28,386)	(28,386)	(13,763)	14,623		
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2010 (Note 15) \$ 14,623 14,623	FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009 (Note 15)		28,386	28,386	28,386			
	FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2010 (Note 15)	\$			14,623	14,623		

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS
PUBLIC LIBRARY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (in thousands)

CRICINAL BUDGET BUDGETANY CRICINAL BUDGETANY FINAL BUDGE			PUBLI	C LIBRARY		
Taxes \$ 73,541 73,541 71,871 (1,670) Fines, forfeitures and penalties 877 877 Revenue from use of money and property: 1 870 372 378) Investment income 700 700 322 (378) 378) 378) 378 387 381 381 381 381 381 383 (84) 381 381 381 383 384 381 <				BUDGETARY	FINAL BUDGET	
Fines, forfeitures and penalties 877 877 Revenue from use of money and property: 700 700 322 (378) Rents and concessions 16 16 13 (3) Intergovernmental revenues: 16 16 13 (3) Federal 437 437 353 (84) State 1,874 1,874 2,162 288 Other 1,569 1,569 1,331 (238) Charges for services 2,563 2,563 4,082 1,519 Miscellaneous 1,032 1,032 1,114 82 TOTAL REVENUES 81,732 81,732 82,125 393 EXPENDITURES: 2 58,555 39,525 (20,030) Other charges 59,585 59,555 39,525 (20,030) Other charges 458 458 348 (110) Capital assets 779 779 386 (393) TOTAL EXPENDITURES (58,840) (58,840)	REVENUES:					
Revenue from use of money and property: 700 700 322 (378) Investment income 700 700 322 (378) Rents and concessions 16 16 13 (3) Intergovernmental revenues: 437 437 353 (84) Federal 437 437 353 (84) State 1,874 1,874 2,162 288 Other 1,569 1,569 1,331 (238) Charges for services 2,563 2,563 4,082 1,519 Miscellaneous 1,032 1,032 1,114 82 TOTAL REVENUES 81,732 81,732 82,125 393 EXPENDITURES: 2 2 363 6,262 393 EXPENDITURES: 39,585 59,555 39,525 (20,030) 0ther charges 458 458 348 (110) 0ther charges 458 458 348 (110) 0ther charges 458 458 458	Taxes	\$ 73,541	73,541	•	` ' '	
Investment income				877	877	
Rents and concessions 16 16 13 (3) Intergovernmental revenues: 437 437 353 (84) State 1,874 1,874 2,162 288 Other 1,569 1,569 1,331 (238) Charges for services 2,563 2,563 4,082 1,519 Miscellaneous 1,032 1,032 1,114 82 TOTAL REVENUES 81,732 81,732 82,125 393 EXPENDITURES: Current-Education: Salaries and employee benefits 79,750 79,788 73,526 (6,262) Services and supplies 59,585 59,555 39,525 (20,000) Other charges 458 458 348 (110) Capital assets 779 779 386 393) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 140,572 140,580 113,785 (26,795) DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (58,840) (58,848) (31,660) 27,188 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - SUSES): <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
Intergovernmental revenues: Federal 437 437 353 (84) 51ate 1,874 1,874 2,162 288 2,663 1,569 1,569 1,331 (238)					, ,	
Federal 437 437 353 (84) State 1,874 1,874 2,162 288 Other 1,569 1,331 (238) Charges for services 2,563 2,563 4,082 1,519 Miscellaneous 1,032 1,032 1,114 82 TOTAL REVENUES 81,732 81,732 82,125 393 EXPENDITURES: Current-Education: Salaries and employee benefits 79,750 79,788 73,526 (6,262) Services and supplies 59,855 59,555 39,525 (20,030) Other charges 458 458 348 (110) Capital assets 779 779 386 (393) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 140,572 140,580 113,785 (26,795) DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (58,840) (58,848) (31,660) 27,188 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Sales of capital asset		16	16	13	(3)	
State Other 1,874 1,569 1,569 1,369 1,313 (238) Charges for services 2,563 2,563 4,082 1,519 Miscellaneous 1,032 1,032 1,114 82 TOTAL REVENUES 81,732 81,732 82,125 393 EXPENDITURES: Current-Education: Salaries and employee benefits 79,750 79,788 73,526 (6,262) Services and supplies 59,585 59,555 39,525 (20,030) Other charges 458 458 458 348 (110) Capital assets 779 779 779 386 (393) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 140,572 140,580 113,785 (26,795) DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (58,840) (58,848) (31,660) 27,188 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 12 12 Sales of capital assets 12 12 Transfers in (2,197)		427	427	252	(04)	
Other Charges for services Charges for services Charges for services Charges for services Algorithms (1,032) (1,032) (1,032) (1,114) (1,052) (1,032) (1,032) (1,114) (1,052) (1					, ,	
Charges for services Miscellaneous 2,563 1,032 1,032 1,032 1,114 82 4,082 1,519 1,032 1,032 1,114 82 TOTAL REVENUES 81,732 81,732 82,125 393 EXPENDITURES: Current-Education: Salaries and employee benefits 79,750 79,788 73,526 (6,262) 79,585 59,555 39,525 (20,030) 79,788 74,826 (6,262) 77,9 77,9 77,9 77,9 77,9 77,9 77,9 77,		,	•			
Miscellaneous 1,032 1,032 1,114 82 TOTAL REVENUES 81,732 81,732 82,125 393 EXPENDITURES: Current-Education: Salaries and employee benefits 79,750 79,788 73,526 (6,262) Services and supplies 59,585 59,555 39,525 (20,030) Other charges 458 458 348 (110) Capital assets 779 779 386 (393) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 140,572 140,580 113,785 (26,795) DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (58,840) (58,848) (31,660) 27,188 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 3 12 12 12 Sales of capital assets 49,197 49,205 36,525 (12,680) Transfers out (2,197) (2,197) (2,197) Changes in reserves and designations (1,467) (1,467) (1,063) 404 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET 45,533 45,541 33,277 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td>` ,</td>				,	` ,	
TOTAL REVENUES 81,732 81,732 82,125 393 EXPENDITURES: Current-Education: Salaries and employee benefits 79,750 79,788 73,526 (6,262) Services and supplies 59,585 59,585 39,525 (20,030) Other charges 458 458 348 (110) Capital assets 140,572 140,580 113,785 (26,795) DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (58,840) (58,848) (31,660) 27,188 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Sales of capital assets 12 <td rowspan<="" td=""><td><u> </u></td><td></td><td></td><td>•</td><td>•</td></td>	<td><u> </u></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td>•</td>	<u> </u>			•	•
EXPENDITURES: Current-Education: Salaries and employee benefits 79,750 79,788 73,526 (6,262) Services and supplies 59,585 59,555 39,525 (20,030) Other charges 458 458 348 (110) Capital assets 779 779 386 (393) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 140,572 140,580 113,785 (26,795) DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (58,840) (58,848) (31,660) 27,188 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Sales of capital assets 12 12 Transfers in 49,197 49,205 36,525 (12,680) Transfers out (2,197) (2,197) (2,197) Changes in reserves and designations (1,467) (1,467) (1,063) 404 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET 45,533 45,541 33,277 (12,264) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (13,307) 13,307 13,307		 1,000	-,,	.,		
Current-Education: Salaries and employee benefits 79,750 79,788 73,526 (6,262) Services and supplies 59,585 59,585 39,525 (20,030) Other charges 458 458 348 (110) Capital assets 779 779 386 (393) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 140,572 140,580 113,785 (26,795) DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (58,840) (58,848) (31,660) 27,188 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 3 12 12 12 Transfers in 49,197 49,205 36,525 (12,680) Transfers out (2,197) (2,197) (2,197) Changes in reserves and designations (1,467) (1,467) (1,063) 404 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET 45,533 45,541 33,277 (12,264) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (13,307) (13,307) 1,617 14,924 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009 (Note 15) 13,307 13,307 13,307 13,307	TOTAL REVENUES	 81,732	81,732	82,125	393	
Salaries and employee benefits 79,750 79,788 73,526 (6,262) Services and supplies 59,585 59,555 39,525 (20,030) Other charges 458 458 348 (110) Capital assets 779 779 386 (393) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 140,572 140,580 113,785 (26,795) DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (58,840) (58,848) (31,660) 27,188 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): \$\$12\$ 12 12 Sales of capital assets \$\$12\$ 12 12 Transfers in 49,197 49,205 36,525 (12,680) Transfers out (2,197) (2,197) (2,197) Changes in reserves and designations (1,467) (1,467) (1,063) 404 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET 45,533 45,541 33,277 (12,264) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (13,307) 13,307 1,617 14,924 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009 (Note 15) 13,307	EXPENDITURES:					
Services and supplies 59,585 59,555 39,525 (20,030) Other charges 458 458 348 (110) Capital assets 779 779 386 (393) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 140,572 140,580 113,785 (26,795) DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (58,840) (58,848) (31,660) 27,188 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 12 12 12 Sales of capital assets 12 12 12 Transfers in 49,197 49,205 36,525 (12,680) Transfers out (2,197) (2,197) (2,197) (2,197) Changes in reserves and designations (1,467) (1,467) (1,063) 404 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET 45,533 45,541 33,277 (12,264) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (13,307) (13,307) 1,617 14,924 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009 (Note 15) 13,307 13,307 13,307	Current-Education:					
Other charges Capital assets 458 PT79 458 PT79 348 PT79 3	·	-		•	· · /	
Capital assets 779 779 386 (393) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 140,572 140,580 113,785 (26,795) DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (58,840) (58,848) (31,660) 27,188 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Sales of capital assets 12 12 12 Transfers in 49,197 49,205 36,525 (12,680) Transfers out (2,197) (2,197) (2,197) (2,197) Changes in reserves and designations (1,467) (1,467) (1,063) 404 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET 45,533 45,541 33,277 (12,264) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (13,307) (13,307) 1,617 14,924 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009 (Note 15) 13,307 13,307 13,307 13,307		-		•		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES 140,572 140,580 113,785 (26,795) DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (58,840) (58,848) (31,660) 27,188 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Sales of capital assets 12 12 Transfers in 49,197 49,205 36,525 (12,680) Transfers out (2,197) (2,197) (2,197) Changes in reserves and designations (1,467) (1,467) (1,063) 404 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET 45,533 45,541 33,277 (12,264) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (13,307) (13,307) 1,617 14,924	•					
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (58,840) (58,848) (31,660) 27,188 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Sales of capital assets 12 12 12 Transfers in 49,197 49,205 36,525 (12,680) Transfers out (2,197) (2,197) (2,197) (2,197) (1,467) (1,467) (1,063) 404 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET 45,533 45,541 33,277 (12,264) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (13,307) (13,307) 1,617 14,924 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009 (Note 15) 13,307 13,307 13,307	Capital assets	 779	779	386	(393)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Sales of capital assets Transfers in Transfers out Changes in reserves and designations OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE OTHER FINANCE, JULY 1, 2009 (Note 15) 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	140,572	140,580	113,785	(26,795)	
Sales of capital assets 12 12 Transfers in 49,197 49,205 36,525 (12,680) Transfers out (2,197) (2,197) (2,197) Changes in reserves and designations (1,467) (1,467) (1,063) 404 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET 45,533 45,541 33,277 (12,264) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (13,307) (13,307) 1,617 14,924 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009 (Note 15) 13,307 13,307 13,307	DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	 (58,840)	(58,848)	(31,660)	27,188	
Sales of capital assets 12 12 Transfers in 49,197 49,205 36,525 (12,680) Transfers out (2,197) (2,197) (2,197) Changes in reserves and designations (1,467) (1,467) (1,063) 404 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET 45,533 45,541 33,277 (12,264) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (13,307) (13,307) 1,617 14,924 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009 (Note 15) 13,307 13,307 13,307	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers out Changes in reserves and designations (2,197) (2,197) (2,197) (2,197) (1,063) 404 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET 45,533 45,541 33,277 (12,264) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (13,307) (13,307) 1,617 14,924 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009 (Note 15) 13,307 13,307 13,307				12	12	
Changes in reserves and designations (1,467) (1,467) (1,063) 404 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET 45,533 45,541 33,277 (12,264) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (13,307) (13,307) 1,617 14,924 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009 (Note 15) 13,307 13,307 13,307	Transfers in	49,197	49,205	36,525	(12,680)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET 45,533 45,541 33,277 (12,264) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (13,307) (13,307) 1,617 14,924 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009 (Note 15) 13,307 13,307 13,307	Transfers out	(2,197)	(2,197)	(2,197)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (13,307) (13,307) 1,617 14,924 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009 (Note 15) 13,307 13,307 13,307	Changes in reserves and designations	 (1,467)	(1,467)	(1,063)	404	
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009 (Note 15) 13,307 13,307	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET	 45,533	45,541	33,277	(12,264)	
	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(13,307)	(13,307)	1,617	14,924	
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2010 (Note 15) \$ 14,924 14,924	FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009 (Note 15)	 13,307	13,307	13,307		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2010 (Note 15)	\$ 		14,924	14,924	

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS
REGIONAL PARK AND OPEN SPACE DISTRICT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (in thousands)

	REGIONAL PARK AND OPEN SPACE DISTRICT							
	OF	RIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL ON	VARIANCE FROM			
	В	UDGET	BUDGET	BUDGETARY	FINAL BUDGET			
				BASIS	OVER (UNDER)			
REVENUES:								
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	\$	913	913	1,039	126			
Revenue from use of money and property-								
Investment income		5,608	5,608	2,984	(2,624)			
Charges for services		79,123	79,123	79,926	803			
TOTAL REVENUES		85,644	85,644	83,949	(1,695)			
EXPENDITURES:								
Current-Recreation and cultural services:								
Services and supplies		4,950	4,950	4,740	(210)			
• •		173,373	174,072	27,837	` '			
Other charges		173,373	174,072	21,031	(146,235)			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		178,323	179,022	32,577	(146,445)			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES		(92,679)	(93,378)	51,372	144,750			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Sales of capital assets				44	44			
Transfers in		62,441	62,441	57,318	(5,123)			
Transfers out		(97,691)	(97,692)	(92,072)	5,620			
Appropriation for contingencies		(13,700)	(13,696)		13,696			
Changes in reserves and designations		(23,645)	(22,949)	(18,113)	4,836			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET		(72,595)	(71,896)	(52,823)	19,073			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(165,274)	(165,274)	(1,451)	163,823			
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009 (Note 15)		166,640	166,640	166,640				
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2010 (Note 15)	\$	1,366	1,366	165,189	163,823			

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2010 (in thousands)

JUNE 30, 2010 (in thousands)				BUSINESS-TYF	PE ACTIVITIES -
	Harbor	Olive View	LAC+USC	Martin Luther	Rancho Los
	UCLA Medical	UCLA Medical	Medical	King Jr. Ambulatory	•
100570	Center	Center	Center	Care Center	Rehab Center
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Pooled cash and investments: (Notes 1 and 5) Operating (Note 1)	\$ 673	550	7,822	254	242
Other (Note 1)	7,500	7,549	11,487	2,048	1,820
Total pooled cash and investments	8,173	8,099	19,309	2,302	2,062
Other investments (Note 5)			. 0,000		
Taxes receivable					
Accounts receivable - net (Note 13)	195,208	132,598	370,343	88,075	91,351
Interest receivable	7	11	99	9	3
Other receivables	11,761	11,982	23,532	2,560	3,920
Due from other funds (Note 14)	61,822	70,437	160,462	46,741	28,282
Advances to other funds (Note 14) Inventories	2,221	3,822	7,023	1,791	1,199
Total current assets	279,192	226,949	580,768	141,478	126,817
Noncurrent assets:	270,102		000,700		120,017
Restricted assets (Note 5)	32,752	13,367	10,807	8,522	3,802
Net pension obligation (Note 7)	2,109	1,829	5,537	2,350	1,518
Other receivables (Note 13 and 14)	15,622	58,616	60,680	36,122	23,487
Capital assets: (Notes 6 and 9)					
Land and easements	1,001	15,171	18,183	2,275	217
Buildings and improvements	77,699	152,939	1,078,393	194,833	187,179
Equipment Intangible - software	41,471	39,466	150,477	54,814	14,648
Intangible - software Infrastructure	6,966	13,878	18,158	8,386	5,085
Construction in progress	88,134	43,929		2,177	7,281
Less accumulated depreciation	(76,344)	(112,811)	(248,240)	(150,584)	(105,357)
Total capital assets - net	138,927	152,572	1,016,971	111,901	109.053
Total noncurrent assets	189,410	226,384	1,093,995	158,895	137,860
TOTAL ASSETS	468,602	453,333	1,674,763	300,373	264,677
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	14,534	9,407	23,226	8,037	3,685
Accrued payroll	17,098	12,428	29,872	3,982	5,699
Other payables	2,417	1,901	3,440	1,899	1,092
Accrued interest payable Due to other funds (Note 14)	76 43,353	47,814	72 144,567	176 16,392	186 22,147
Advances from other funds (Note 14)	212,742	193,230	393,702	105,213	110,739
Advances payable	,	100,200	441	100,210	110,100
Unearned revenue			192		
Current portion of long-term liabilities (Note 10)	174,073	66,550	126,318	45,061	24,349
Total current liabilities	464,293	331,330	721,830	180,760	167,897
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Accrued vacation and sick leave (Note 10)	34,048	22,788	54,230	9,034	10,455
Bonds and notes payable (Note 10)	5,728		10,478	29,674	25,982
Capital lease obligations (Notes 9 and 10) Workers' compensation (Notes 10 and 17)	25,776	24,189	123,107	54,944	21,918
Litigation and self-insurance (Notes 10 and 17)	13,276	1,475	51,199	13,497	91
OPEB obligation (Notes 8 and 10)	138,747	120,068	280,710	39,238	55,807
Third party payor liability (Notes 10 and 13)	26,994	28,894	75,850	35,855	14,086
Total noncurrent liabilities	244,569	197,414	595,574	182,242	128,339
TOTAL LIABILITIES	708,862	528,744	1,317,404	363,002	296,236
NET ASSETS					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt					
(Notes 6 and 10)	25,575	119,769	959,005	74,244	82,097
Restricted:	AA		40 ====	* *	
Debt service	32,676	13,367	10,735	8,346	3,616
Special purpose Unrestricted (deficit)	(298,511)	(208,547)	(612,381)	(145,219)	(117,272)
TOTAL NET ASSETS (DEFICIT) (Note 3)	\$ (240,260)	(75,411)	357,359	(62,629)	(31,559)
	+ (240,200)	(10,711)	301,000	(02,020)	(01,000)

- N.T.		100				ERNMENTAL	
ENII	ERPRISE FUI					TIVITIES	
14/-		Nonmajor				Internal	
	aterworks	Enterprise	.		,	Service	
	Funds	Funds	Total			Funds	400570
							ASSETS
							Current assets:
•	00.040	4.070			•	00.400	Pooled cash and investments: (Notes 1 and 5)
\$	63,242	4,979	\$ 77,7		\$	32,428	Operating (Note 1)
	778	3	31,1			4,228	Other (Note 1)
	64,020	4,982	108,9			36,656	Total pooled cash and investments
	050	23,364	23,3			8,241	Other investments (Note 5)
	950			50			Taxes receivable
	197	12	877,5	38		130	Accounts receivable - net (Note 13)
	9,280	13,073	76,1			7,290	Interest receivable Other receivables
	2,823	13,073	370,5			64,889	Due from other funds (Note 14)
	1,308	3	1,3			04,009	Advances to other funds (Note 14)
	1,000		16,0			10,086	Inventories
	78,578	41,436	1,475,2			127,292	Total current assets
	70,570	71,400	1,470,2	. 10		121,202	Noncurrent assets:
			69,2	50		11,046	Restricted assets (Note 5)
			13,3			2,576	Net pension obligation (Note 7)
			194,5			2,070	Other receivables (Note 13 and 14)
			104,0				Capital assets: (Notes 6 and 9)
	11,273	194,272	242,3	92			Land and easements
	119,091	166,204	1,976,3			1,734	Buildings and improvements
	562	3,289	304,7			221,007	Equipment
		,	52,4			,	Intangible - software
	1,120,375	41,781	1,162,1				Infrastructure
	52,588	9,079	203,1	88			Construction in progress
	(502,146)	(180,691)	(1,376,1	73)		(123,017)	Less accumulated depreciation
	801,743	233,934	2,565,1	01		99,724	Total capital assets - net
	801,743	233,934	2,842,2	21		113,346	Total noncurrent assets
	880,321	275,370	4,317,4	39		240,638	TOTAL ASSETS
						<u>.</u>	LIABILITIES
							Current liabilities:
	3,758	5,612	68,2			5,940	Accounts payable
			69,0			13,905	Accrued payroll
		2,089	12,8			1,929	Other payables
	4.040	007		10		116	Accrued interest payable
	4,612	297	279,1 1,015,6			27,773	Due to other funds (Note 14)
			, ,	41		22,000	Advances from other funds (Note 14) Advances payable
	505	536	1,2			469	Unearned revenue
	21	806	437,1			41,468	Current portion of long-term liabilities (Note 10)
	8,896	9,340	1,884,3			113,600	Total current liabilities
		0,0.0	.,00.,0			,	Noncurrent liabilities:
		152	130,7	07		38,568	Accrued vacation and sick leave (Note 10)
	46	2,980	74,8			25,405	Bonds and notes payable (Note 10)
			•			32	Capital lease obligations (Notes 9 and 10)
			249,9			37,721	Workers' compensation (Notes 10 and 17)
		766	80,3			1,686	Litigation and self-insurance (Notes 10 and 17)
			634,5			136,795	OPEB obligation (Notes 8 and 10)
			181,6				Third party payor liability (Notes 10 and 13)
	46	3,898	1,352,0			240,207	Total noncurrent liabilities
	8,942	13,238	3,236,4	28		353,807	TOTAL LIABILITIES
		_	-			_	NET ASSETS
							Invested in capital assets, net of related debt
	801,676	230,604	2,292,9	70		64,963	(Notes 6 and 10)
	00.700	40.050	1100	00		10.000	Restricted:
	69,703	10,953	149,3			10,930	Debt service
		11,582	11,5			2,739	Special purpose Unrestricted (deficit)
Φ.	871,379	8,993 262,132	(1,372,9 1,081,0		\$	(191,801) (113,169)	TOTAL NET ASSETS (DEFICIT) (Note 3)
Ψ	071,079	202,102	1,001,0		Ψ	(110,100)	, , , , ,
			2,2	96			Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds
			\$ 1,083,3				NET ASSETS OF BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES (PAGE 23)
			Ψ 1,000,0	-			

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (in thousands)

				BUSINESS-TYF	PE ACTIVITIES -
	Harbor UCLA Medical Center	Olive View UCLA Medical Center	LAC+USC Medical Center	Martin Luther King Jr. Ambulatory Care Center	Rancho Los Amigos National Rehab Center
OPERATING REVENUES: Net patient service revenues (Note 13) Rentals	\$ 496,323	357,237	1,003,244	106,529	135,144
Charges for services Other	13,423	7,908	49,127	1,794	5,670
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	509,746	365,145	1,052,371	108,323	140,814
OPERATING EXPENSES: Salaries and employee benefits Services and supplies Other professional services Depreciation and amortization (Note 6) Medical malpractice Rent	445,899 109,830 125,191 3,192 8,007 4,036	336,164 79,479 117,427 4,326 365 2,883	807,950 214,783 310,506 30,541 8,251	113,380 48,874 66,071 4,038 1,311	153,223 35,960 34,145 3,135 903 2,002
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	696,155	540,644	1,372,031	233,674	229,368
OPERATING LOSS NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): Taxes Interest income Interest expense Intergovernmental transfers expense (Note 13) Intergovernmental revenues: State Federal Other	280 (4,645) (75,521)	(175,499) 3 (3,728) (56,521)	(319,660) 764 (9,481) (152,551)	(125,351) 83 (5,208)	(88,554) 55 (4,070) (11,568)
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	(79,886)	(60,246)	(161,268)	(5,125)	(15,583)
LOSS BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	(266,295)	(235,745)	(480,928)	(130,476)	(104,137)
Capital contributions Transfers in (Note 14) Transfers out (Note 14)	1,397 181,226	2,447 190,525 (144)	861 372,864 (35,109)	1,339 126,944	1,148 49,215
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	(83,672)	(42,917)	(142,312)	(2,193)	(53,774)
TOTAL NET ASSETS (DEFICIT), JULY 1, 2009, as restated (Note 2)	(156,588)	(32,494)	499,671	(60,436)	22,215
TOTAL NET ASSETS (DEFICIT), JUNE 30, 2010	\$ (240,260)	(75,411)	357,359	(62,629)	(31,559)

CNIT	ERPRISE FUI	NDC			ERNMENTAL	
ENTI	ERPRISE FUI			A	CTIVITIES	
10/	aterworks	Nonmajor			Internal Service	
		Enterprise Funds	Total		Funds	
	Funds	runus	Total		Funds	ODEDATING DEVENUES:
•			6 0.000.477	•		OPERATING REVENUES:
\$		44047	\$ 2,098,477	\$	00.045	Net patient service revenues (Note 13)
	50.000	14,347	14,347		23,615	Rentals
	56,082	423	56,505		442,520	Charges for services
	85	771	78,778			Other
	56,167	15,541	2,248,107		466,135	TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES
						OPERATING EXPENSES:
			1,856,616		381,652	Salaries and employee benefits
	52,277	296,788	837,991		58,022	Services and supplies
	2,415	361	656,116		29,483	Other professional services
	22,119	2,255	69,606		29,210	Depreciation and amortization (Note 6)
	22,110	2,200	9,275		20,210	Medical malpractice
			18,483			Rent
	76,811	299,404	3,448,087		498,367	TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES
	(20,644)	(283,863)	(1,199,980)		(32,232)	OPERATING LOSS
						NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):
	4,415		4,415			Taxes
	1,039	469	2,693		302	Interest income
	(7)	(123)	(27,262)		(2,774)	Interest expense
	()	(- /	(296,161)		(, , ,	Intergovernmental transfers expense (Note 13)
						Intergovernmental revenues:
	536	40	576			State
		273,760	273,760		1,019	Federal
	106		106			Other
	6,089	274,146	(41,873)		(1,453)	TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)
	(44.555)	(0.747)	(4.044.050)		(00.005)	LOGO REFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFER
	(14,555)	(9,717)	(1,241,853)		(33,685)	LOSS BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFER
	308	1,710	9,210			Capital contributions
	1,500	1,083	923,357		1,359	Transfers in (Note 14)
	(112)	(135)	(35,500)		(95)	Transfers out (Note 14)
	(12,859)	(7,059)	(344,786)		(32,421)	CHANGE IN NET ASSETS
						TOTAL NET ASSETS (DEFICIT), JULY 1, 2009,
	884,238	269,191			(80,748)	as restated (Note 2)
\$	871,379	262,132		\$	(113,169)	TOTAL NET ASSETS (DEFICIT), JUNE 30, 2010
						Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal
			724			service fund activities related to enterprise funds
			\$ (344,062)			CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES (PAGE 25)
			ψ (077,002)			7.5LO (1 7.6L 20)

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (in thousands)

				BUSINESS-TY	PE ACTIVITIES -
	Harbor ₋A Medical Center	Olive View UCLA Medical Center	LAC+USC Medical Center	Martin Luther King Jr. Ambulatory Care Center	Rancho Los Amigos National Rehab Center
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING					
ACTIVITIES: Cash received from patient services Rentals received	\$ 435,332	401,650	949,970	172,814	159,851
Cash received from charges for services					
Other operating revenues	13,432	7,910	49,128	1,794	5,671
Cash received for services provided to other funds	11,543	12,812	21,672	7,428	678
Cash paid for salaries and employee benefits	(426,562)	(316,653)	(773,764)	(121,806)	(147,955)
Cash paid for services and supplies	(54,289)	(27,947)	(160,885)	(41,887)	(38,627)
Other operating expenses	(131,139)	(128,097)	(325,201)	(67,910)	(34,820)
Cash paid for services from other funds Net cash provided by (required for) operating	 (49,005)	(37,757)	(99,730)	(26,505)	(18,293)
activities	 (200,688)	(88,082)	(338,810)	(76,072)	(73,495)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL					
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	220 025	244 402	070.047	400 000	400 407
Cash advances received from other funds Cash advances paid/returned to other funds	338,625 (254,095)	241,402 (243,664)	673,017 (542,916)	123,336 (171,602)	120,107 (63,721)
Interest paid on pension bonds	(2,057)	(243,004)	(5,400)	(2,291)	(1,480)
Interest paid on advances	(1,333)	(1,621)	(2,401)	(1,021)	(552)
Intergovernmental transfers	(75,521)	(56,521)	(152,551)	(1,021)	(11,568)
Intergovernmental receipts	(- , - ,	(,- ,	(- , ,		(,===,
Transfers in	196,998	147,652	383,925	86,990	39,045
Transfers out		(144)			
Net cash provided by (required for) noncapital financing activities	202,617	85,322	353,674	35,412	81,831
CASH FLOWS FROM CARITAL AND					
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Proceeds from taxes					
Capital contributions					
Proceeds from bonds and notes	66,882	13,165		13,151	
Interest paid on capital borrowing	(1,390)	(325)	(1,808)	(2,206)	(2,369)
Principal payments on bonds and notes	(1,790)		(38,782)	(4,135)	(8,980)
Principal payments on capital leases					(143)
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	 (50,600)	(30,241)	(5,697)	(10,449)	(2,629)
Net cash provided by (required for) capital and	40.400	(47.404)	(40.007)	(0.000)	(4.4.404)
related financing activities	 13,102	(17,401)	(46,287)	(3,639)	(14,121)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES -					
Interest income received	 209	(9)	564	3	4
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash					
equivalents	15,240	(20,170)	(30,859)	(44,296)	(5,781)
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2009	25,685	41,636	60,975	55,120	11,645
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2010	\$ 40,925	21,466	30,116	10,824	5,864

ENTERPRISE FI	UNDS		GOVERN ACTIV		
	Nonmajor		Inte		
Waterworks	Enterprise		Serv	/ice	
Funds	Funds	Total	Fur	nds	
				<u> </u>	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING
					ACTIVITIES:
\$		\$ 2,119,617	\$		Cash received from patient services
	15,006	15,006		23,624	Rentals received
54,314	470	54,784		50,372	Cash received from charges for services
85	771	78,791			Other operating revenues
		54,133		392,916	Cash received for services provided to other funds
	(17,949)	(1,804,689)	•	362,914)	Cash paid for salaries and employee benefits
(53,419)	(275,868)	(652,922)		(58,529)	Cash paid for services and supplies
(2,415)	(361)	(689,943)	((29,483)	Other operating expenses
		(231,290)			Cash paid for services from other funds
(4.40=)	(0== 00.1)	(4 0=0 = 40)		4= 000	Net cash provided by (required for) operating
(1,435)	(277,931)	(1,056,513)		15,986	activities
					CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL
					FINANCING ACTIVITIES:
		1,496,487			Cash advances received from other funds
(144)		(1,276,142)			
(144)				(2.500)	Cash advances paid/returned to other funds
		(13,010)		(2,509)	Interest paid on pension bonds
		(6,928)			Interest paid on advances Intergovernmental transfers
642	268,531	(296,161) 269,173		1,019	Intergovernmental receipts
1,500	1,083	857,193		1,019	Transfers in
(112)	(135)	(391)		(95)	Transfers out
(112)	(133)	(391)		(93)	Net cash provided by (required for)
1,886	269,479	1,030,221		(226)	noncapital financing activities
1,000	200,410	1,000,221		(220)	noncapital infancing activities
					CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND
					RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:
4,415		4,415			Proceeds from taxes
,,	1,710	1,710			Capital contributions
	6	93,204		39,025	Proceeds from bonds and notes
(7)	(123)	(8,228)		(358)	Interest paid on capital borrowing
(19)	(355)	(54,061)		(54,505)	Principal payments on bonds and notes
(/	,	(143)		, ,	Principal payments on capital leases
(29,285)	(159)	(129,060)		(24,383)	Acquisition and construction of capital assets
				<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	Net cash provided by (required for) capital and
(24,896)	1,079	(92,163)		(40,221)	related financing activities
					CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES -
1,191	470	2,432		292	Interest income received
					Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash
(23,254)	(6,903)	(116,023)		(24,169)	equivalents
87,274	35,249	317,584		80,112	Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2009
			•		
\$ 64,020	28,346	\$ 201,561	\$	55,943	Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2010

Continued...

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - Continued PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (in thousands)

					BUSINESS-TY	PE ACTIVITIES -
		Harbor	Olive View	LAC+USC	Martin Luther	Rancho Los
	UC	LA Medical	UCLA Medical	Medical	King Jr. Ambulatory	Amigos National
		Center	Center	Center	Care Center	Rehab Center
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY						
(REQUIRED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Operating loss	\$	(186,409)	(175,499)	(319,660)	(125,351)	(88,554)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by (required for) operating activities:		, , ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	,
Depreciating activities. Depreciation and amortization		3,192	4,326	30,541	4,038	3,135
Other revenues (expenses) - net		9,083	49	(1,085)	7,903	6,469
(Increase) decrease in:		3,003	40	(1,000)	7,500	0,400
Accounts receivable - net		(16,172)	67,018	(20,239)	93,062	23,610
Other receivables		(15,772)	(58,418)	(60,768)	(35,167)	(23,610)
Due from other funds		(21,384)	38,046	77,579	(2,073)	25,555
Inventories		541	(240)	834	140	212
Net pension obligation		2,109	1,830	5,538	2,350	1,518
Increase (decrease) in:		_,	.,000	0,000	_,000	.,0.0
Accounts payable		1,818	2,761	(5,921)	335	156
Accrued payroll		(12,465)	(8,835)	(22,594)	(3,072)	(4,030)
Other payables		161	(127)	261	(1,243)	87
Accrued vacation and sick leave		1,305	313	875	(584)	62
Due to other funds		(11,282)	6,571	(51,083)	(29,413)	(29,912)
Unearned revenue		(::,===)	3,3.	(634)	(=0,1.0)	(=0,0:=)
Pension bonds payable		(12,541)	(10,879)	(32,926)	(13,974)	(9,026)
Workers' compensation liability		(1,768)	(967)	1,166	(2,856)	(743)
Litigation and self-insurance liability		6,095	(7,423)	(6,444)	(528)	2,230
OPEB obligation		49,514	43,362	94,050	12,253	19,742
Third party payor liability		3,287	10,030	(28,300)	18,108	(396)
······a party payor macinity		0,20.		(=0,000)	,	(000)
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS		(14,279)	87,417	(19,150)	49,279	15,059
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (REQUIRED FOR)						
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(200,688)	(88,082)	(338,810)	(76,072)	(73,495)
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Assets acquired from capital leases	\$					
Capital contributions	_	1,397	2,447	861	1,339	1,148
TOTAL	\$	1,397	2,447	861	1,339	1,148
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS:						
Pooled cash and investments Other investments	\$	8,173	8,099	19,309	2,302	2,062
Restricted assets		32,752	13,367	10,807	8,522	3,802
TOTAL	\$	40,925	21,466	30,116	10,824	5,864

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

ENTERPRISE FUNDS						ERNMENTAL CTIVITIES	
Waterworks Funds		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total		Internal Service Funds		
\$	(20,644)	(283,863)	\$	(1,199,980)	\$	(32,232)	RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (REQUIRED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by (required for) operating activities:
	22,119 1	2,255 761		69,606 23,181		29,210 371	Depreciation and amortization Other revenues (expenses) - net (Increase) decrease in:
	(796) (1,002)	652 48 11		147,279 (193,879) 116,769 1,498 13,345		(501) 1,021 (317) 2,574	Accounts receivable - net Other receivables Due from other funds Inventories Net pension obligation
	527	2,538		2,214 (50,996)		572 (10,497)	Increase (decrease) in: Accounts payable Accrued payroll
	(19) (1,651)	(918) (235) 48		(1,798) 1,736 (116,722)		118 874 (9,144)	Other payables Accrued vacation and sick leave Due to other funds
	30	766		(598) (79,346) (5,168) (5,304) 218,921 2,729		(155) (15,310) 2,636 345 46,421	Unearned revenue Pension bonds payable Workers' compensation liability Litigation and self-insurance liability OPEB obligation Third party payor liability
	19,209	5,932		143,467		48,218	TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS
\$	(1,435)	(277,931)	\$	(1,056,513)	\$	15,986	NET CASH PROVIDED BY (REQUIRED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES
\$	308		\$	7,500	\$	43	NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Assets acquired from capital leases Capital contributions
\$	308		\$	7,500	\$	43	TOTAL
\$	64,020	4,982 23,364	\$	108,947 23,364 69,250	\$	36,656 8,241 11,046	RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS: Pooled cash and investments Other investments Restricted assets
\$	64,020	28,346	\$	201,561	\$	55,943	TOTAL

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2010 (in thousands)

	PENSION TRUST FUND		INVESTMENT TRUST FUNDS		AGENCY FUNDS	
ASSETS						
Pooled cash and investments (Note 5)	\$	51,691	\$	16,859,418	\$	1,261,934
Other investments: (Note 5)				95,447		302
Stocks		16,808,669				
Bonds		8,858,103				
Short-term investments		1,070,770				
Commodities		664,464				
Real estate		2,843,804				
Mortgages		213,260				
Alternative assets		3,417,212				
Cash collateral on loaned securities		1,158,925				
Taxes receivable						567,779
Interest receivable		97,083		49,004		5,988
Other receivables		867,358				
TOTAL ASSETS		36,051,339		17,003,869	\$	1,836,003
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		1,403,918				
Other payables (Note 5)		1,213,533		776,749		
Due to other governments						1,836,003
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,617,451		776,749	\$	1,836,003
NET ASSETS						
Held in trust for pension benefits and						
investment trust participants	\$	33,433,888	\$	16,227,120		

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (in thousands)

	PENSION TRUST FUND			INVESTMENT TRUST FUNDS	
ADDITIONS:					
Contributions:					
Pension trust contributions:					
Employer	\$	343,704	\$		
Member	4	129,612			
Contributions to investment trust funds				47,599,344	
Total contributions	1,2	273,316		47,599,344	
Investment earnings:					
Investment income	1,8	348,215		218,622	
Net increase in the fair value of investments	2,	102,581			
Securities lending income (Note 5)	5,867				
Total investment earnings	3,9	956,663		218,622	
Less - Investment expenses:					
Expense from investing activities		113,885			
Expense from securities lending activities (Note 5)		2,377			
Total net investment expense		116,262			
Net investment earnings	3,8	340,401		218,622	
Miscellaneous		868			
TOTAL ADDITIONS	5,	114,585		47,817,966	
DEDUCTIONS:					
Salaries and employee benefits		37,035			
Services and supplies		11,857			
Benefit payments	2,	111,834			
Distribution from investment trust funds				45,284,583	
Miscellaneous		18,952			
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	2,	179,678		45,284,583	
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	2,9	934,907		2,533,383	
NET ASSETS HELD IN TRUST, JULY 1, 2009	30,4	498,981		13,693,737	
NET ASSETS HELD IN TRUST, JUNE 30, 2010	\$ 33,4	133,888	\$	16,227,120	



COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The County of Los Angeles (County) is a legal subdivision of the State of California (State) charged with general governmental powers. The County's powers are exercised through an elected Board of Supervisors (Board) which, as the governing body of the County, is responsible for the legislative and executive control of the County. As required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), these basic financial statements include both those of the County and its component units. The component units discussed below are included primarily because the Board is financially accountable for them.

Blended Component Units

County management has determined that the following related entities should be included in the basic financial statements as blended component units:

Fire Protection District
Flood Control District
Street Lighting Districts
Improvement Districts
Community Development
Commission (including the
Housing Authority of the
County of Los Angeles) (CDC)
Regional Park and Open Space District

Garbage Disposal Districts
Sewer Maintenance Districts
Waterworks Districts
Los Angeles County Capital Asset Leasing
Corporation (a Non Profit Corporation) (NPC)
Various Joint Powers Authorities (JPAs)
Los Angeles County Employees
Retirement Association (LACERA)
Los Angeles County Securitization Corporation
(LACSC)

Although they are separate legal entities, the various districts and the CDC are included primarily because the Board is also their governing board. As such, the Board establishes policy, appoints management and exercises budgetary control. The NPC and JPAs have been included because their sole purpose is to finance and construct County capital assets and because they are dependent upon the County for funding. Blended component units are those that, because of the closeness of the relationship with the primary government, should be blended in the basic financial statements as though they are part of the primary government. LACERA is reported in the Pension Trust Fund of the basic financial statements and has been included because its operations are dependent upon County funding and because its operations, almost exclusively, benefit the County.

The LACSC is a California public benefit corporation created by the County Board of Supervisors in January 2006. Three directors, the County's Auditor-Controller, Treasurer and Tax Collector, and an independent party designated by at least one of the County directors, govern the LACSC. The LACSC purpose is to acquire the County's rights in relation to future tobacco settlement payments and to facilitate the issuance of long-term bonds secured by the County Tobacco Assets. The LACSC provides service solely to the County and is reported as a blended component unit of the County.

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-Continued

Discretely Presented Component Unit

First 5 LA (First 5), was established by the County as a separate legal entity to administer the County's share of tobacco taxes levied by the State pursuant to Proposition 10. The County's Board established First 5 with nine voting members and four non-voting representatives. Of the nine voting members, one is a member of the Board of Supervisors, two are heads of County Departments (Public Health Services and Mental Health), one is an early childhood education expert, and five are public members appointed by the Board. The non-voting representatives are from other County commissions and planning groups.

First 5 services are focused on the development and well-being of all children, from the prenatal stage until age five. First 5 is a component unit of the County because the County's Board appoints the voting Commissioners and the County has the ability to impose its will by removing those Commissioners at will. It is discretely presented because its governing body is not substantially the same as the County's governing body and it does not provide services entirely or exclusively to the County.

Component Unit Financial Statements

Separate financial statements or additional financial information for each of the component units may be obtained from the Auditor-Controller at 500 West Temple Street, Room 525, Los Angeles, California 90012.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and statement of activities display information about the primary government, the County, and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities, except for services provided among funds (other than internal service funds). These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the County and between the County and its discretely presented component unit. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the County and for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs. Grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program are also recognized as program revenues. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented instead as general revenues.

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-Continued

Government-wide Financial Statements-Continued

Net assets are classified into the following three categories: 1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt; 2) restricted and 3) unrestricted. Net assets are reported as restricted when they have external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. At June 30, 2010, the restricted net assets balances were \$1.86 billion and \$163.8 million for governmental activities and business-type activities, respectively. For governmental activities, \$79.4 million was restricted by enabling legislation.

When both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available, restricted resources are used first and then unrestricted resources are used to the extent necessary.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are separately aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

The General Fund is available for any authorized purpose and is used to account for all resources except for those accounted for in other funds.

Fire Protection District Fund

The Fire Protection District Fund was established to provide for fire prevention and suppression, rescue service, management of hazardous materials incidents, ocean lifeguard services, and acquisition and maintenance of district property and equipment. Revenues are derived principally from the Countywide tax levy, voter-approved taxes and charges for services.

Flood Control District Fund

The Flood Control District Fund was established to provide for the control and conservation of flood, storm and other waste waters, to conserve such waters for beneficial and useful purposes, and to protect the harbors, waterways, public highways and property located within the District from damage from such flood and storm waters. Revenues are derived primarily from the Countywide tax levy and benefit assessments (charges for services).

Public Library Fund

The Public Library Fund was established to provide free library services to the unincorporated areas of the County and to cities that contract for these services. Revenues are derived principally from the Countywide tax levy and voter-approved taxes.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-Continued

Fund Financial Statements-Continued

Regional Park and Open Space District Fund

The Regional Park and Open Space District Fund was established to administer grant programs designed to preserve beaches, parks, and wild lands, to acquire and renovate new and existing recreational facilities, and to restore rivers, streams, and trails in the County. Funding is derived from voter-approved assessments, charges for services and long-term debt proceeds.

The County's major enterprise funds consist of five Hospital Funds and a Waterworks Enterprise Fund. The Hospital Enterprise funds provide health services to County residents. Revenues are principally patient service fees. Subsidies are also received from the General Fund. The Waterworks Enterprise Fund provides water services to County residents. Revenues are derived primarily from the sale of water and water service standby charges. A description of each Enterprise Fund is provided below:

Harbor-UCLA Medical Center

The Harbor-UCLA Medical Center (H/UCLA) provides acute and intensive care unit medical/surgical inpatient and outpatient services, trauma and emergency room services, acute psychiatric services, pediatric and obstetric services, and transplants.

Olive View-UCLA Medical Center

The Olive View-UCLA Medical Center (OV/UCLA) provides acute and intensive care, emergency services, medical/surgical inpatient and outpatient health care services, obstetric and gynecological services, and psychiatric services.

LAC+USC Medical Center

The LAC+USC Medical Center (LAC+USC) provides acute and intensive care unit medical/surgical inpatient and outpatient services, trauma and emergency room services, a burn center, psychiatric services, renal dialysis, AIDS services, pediatric and obstetric services, and communicable disease services.

Martin Luther King, Jr. Ambulatory Care Center

The Martin Luther King, Jr. Multi-Service Ambulatory Care Center (MLK-MACC) was formerly known as Martin Luther King, Jr.-Harbor Hospital, until its loss of the hospital's licensing/accreditation on August 25, 2007. At that time, inpatient and emergency services were closed and the facility was re-organized as MLK-MACC. The MLK-MACC provides urgent care services, comprehensive outpatient services, including, primary, specialty and subspecialty services in surgery, medicine, pediatrics, obstetrics, HIV/AIDS, and dental services.

Rancho Los Amigos National Rehabilitation Center

The Rancho Los Amigos National Rehabilitation Center (Rancho) specializes in the rehabilitation for victims of spinal cord injuries and strokes, pathokinesiology and polio services, services for liver diseases, pediatrics, ortho diabetes, dentistry, and neuro-science.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-Continued

Fund Financial Statements-Continued

Waterworks Funds

The Waterworks Enterprise funds provide for the administration, maintenance, operation and improvement of district water systems.

The following fund types have also been reported:

Internal Service Funds

The Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of services provided by a department or agency to other departments or agencies on a cost-reimbursement basis. The County's principal Internal Service Fund is used to account for the cost of services provided by the Department of Public Works to various other County funds and agencies.

Fiduciary Fund Types

Pension Trust Fund

The Pension Trust Fund is used to account for financial activities of LACERA.

Investment Trust Funds

The Pooled Investment Trust Fund is used to account for net assets of the County's external investment pool.

The Specific Investment Trust Fund is used to account for the net assets of individual investment accounts, in aggregate. The related investment activity occurs separately from the County's investment pool and is provided as a service to external investors.

Agency Funds

The Agency Funds are used primarily to account for assets held by the County in an agency capacity pending transfer or distribution to individuals, private organizations, other governmental entities, and other funds. Such funds have no equity accounts since all assets are due to individuals or entities at some future time. These funds (including Clearing and Revolving Funds, Deposit Funds, Other Agency Funds, State and City Revenue Funds, and Tax Collection Funds) account for assets held by the County in an agency capacity for individuals or other government units.

Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary, pension and investment trust fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property and sales taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from grants and similar items are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-Continued

Basis of Accounting-Continued

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The County considers revenues to be available if collectible within one year after year-end, except for property taxes, which are considered available to the extent that they are collectible within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims (including workers' compensation) and judgments are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of long-term debt and capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

For the governmental funds financial statements, revenues are recorded when they are susceptible to accrual. Specifically, property and sales taxes, investment income, and charges for services and other miscellaneous revenue are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenue in the current fiscal period. Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met and are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier, if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. All other revenues are not considered susceptible to accrual and are recognized when received.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's five Hospital Enterprise Funds (Hospitals) are from patient services. The principal operating revenues for the Waterworks Enterprise Funds are from charges for services. The principal operating revenues for the County's Nonmajor Enterprise Funds and Internal Service Funds are charges for services and rental revenues. Operating expenses for all Enterprise Funds and the Internal Service Funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. Medical malpractice expenses, which are self-insured, are classified as operating expenses of the Hospitals. All other revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating items. As discussed in Note 13, intergovernmental transfer payments are recorded in the Hospitals and this item is classified as a nonoperating expense.

Agency funds do not have a measurement focus because they report only assets and liabilities. They do however, use the accrual basis of accounting to recognize receivables and payables.

The County applies all applicable Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and pronouncements of all predecessor entities issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in accounting and reporting for government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. FASB statements issued after November 30, 1989, have not been applied unless specifically adopted in a GASB statement.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-Continued

Budgetary Data

In accordance with the provisions of Sections 29000-29144 of the Government Code of the State of California (Government Code), commonly known as the County Budget Act, the County prepares and adopts a budget on or before October 2 for each fiscal year. Budgets are adopted for the major governmental funds and certain nonmajor governmental funds on a basis of accounting which is different from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Annual budgets were not adopted for the JPAs, Public Buildings and the LACSC debt service funds, the capital project funds and the permanent funds.

The County budget is organized by budget unit and by expenditure object. Budget units are established at the discretion of the Board of Supervisors. Within the General Fund (with certain exceptions), budget units are generally defined as individual departments. For other funds, each individual fund constitutes a budget unit. Expenditures are controlled on the object level for all budget units within the County, except for capital asset expenditures, which are controlled on the sub-object level. The total budget exceeds \$25 billion and is currently controlled through the use of approximately 400 separate budget units. There were no excesses of expenditures over the related appropriations within any fund for the year ended June 30, 2010. The County prepares a separate budgetary document, the County Budget, which demonstrates legal compliance with budgetary control.

Transfers of appropriations between budget units must be approved by the Board. Supplemental appropriations financed by unanticipated revenue during the year must also be approved by the Board. Transfers of appropriations between objects of expenditure within the same budget unit must be approved by the Board or the Chief Executive Office, depending upon the amount transferred. The original and final budget amounts are reported in the accompanying basic financial statements. Any excess of budgetary expenditures and other financing uses over revenues and other financing sources is financed by beginning available fund balances as provided for in the County Budget Act.

Note 15 describes the differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and GAAP. A reconciling schedule is also presented for the major governmental funds.

Property Taxes

All jurisdictions within California derive their taxing authority from the State Constitution and various legislative provisions contained in the Government Code and Revenue and Taxation Code. Property is assessed at 100% of full cash or market value (with some exceptions) pursuant to Article XIIIA of the California State Constitution and statutory provisions by the County Assessor and State Board of Equalization. The total 2009-2010 assessed valuation of the County of Los Angeles approximated \$1.075 trillion.

The property tax levy to support general operations of the various jurisdictions is limited to one percent (1%) of full cash value and is distributed in accordance with statutory formulae. Amounts needed to finance the annual requirements of voter-approved debt are excluded from this limitation and are separately calculated and levied each fiscal year. The rates are formally adopted by either the Board or the city councils and, in some instances, the governing board of a special district.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-Continued

Property Taxes-Continued

The County is divided into 11,544 tax rate areas, which are unique combinations of various jurisdictions servicing a specific geographic area. The rates levied within each tax rate area vary only in relation to levies assessed as a result of voter-approved taxes or indebtedness.

Property taxes are levied on both real and personal property. Secured property taxes are levied during September of each year. They become a lien on real property on January 1 preceding the fiscal year for which taxes are levied. These tax payments can be made in two equal installments; the first is due November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10; the second is due February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Secured property taxes, which are delinquent and unpaid as of June 30, are declared to be tax defaulted and are subject to redemption penalties, costs, and interest when paid. If the delinquent taxes are not paid at the end of five (5) years, the property may be sold at public auction. The proceeds are used to pay the delinquent amounts due, and any excess is remitted, if claimed, to the taxpayer. Additional tax liens are created when there is a change in ownership of property or upon completion of new construction. Tax bills for these new tax liens are issued throughout the fiscal year and contain various payment and delinquent dates but are generally due within one year. If the new tax liens are lower, the taxpayer receives a tax refund rather than a tax bill. Unsecured personal property taxes are not a lien against real property. These taxes are due on August 1 and become delinquent, if unpaid, on August 31.

Proposition 1A Borrowing by the State of California

On July 28, 2009, the California legislature and the Governor passed the State budget which included the suspension of the property tax protection provisions of Proposition 1A (2004) for fiscal year 2009-10 and required cities, counties and special districts to loan to the State 8% of the amount of property tax revenues apportioned to them in fiscal year 2008-09. This loan is known as the AB X4 15 Mandatory Loan (Loan).

The provision also created an option, known as the Proposition 1A Securitization, for California public agencies to sell their Loan to the California Statewide Communities Development Authority. While the loan to the State was mandatory for all agencies, the participation in the securitization program was voluntary. All securitization costs and obligations were borne entirely by the State.

The law required the Loan from agencies to the State to be transferred in two equal installments on January 15, 2010 and May 3, 2010. Those agencies participating in the Proposition 1A Securitization program received proceeds from the securitization for the same amounts. The County chose to participate in the Proposition 1A Securitization for the County's General Fund for \$305 million, Fire Protection District for \$45 million, Flood Control District for \$8 million, and the Public Library for \$5 million. The Loan had no impact on each of the fund's current year cash flow or financial statements. The impact on property tax revenues for all other funds that did not participate in the Proposition 1A Securitization was immaterial.

Deposits and Investments

In accordance with GASB Statements No. 25, "Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans" and No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools," the accompanying basic financial statements reflect the fair value of investments. Specific disclosures related to GASB 31 appear in Note 5.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-Continued

Deposits and Investments-Continued

Deposits and investments are reflected in the following asset accounts:

Pooled Cash and Investments

As provided for by the Government Code, the cash balances of substantially all funds are pooled and invested by the County Treasurer for the purpose of increasing interest earnings through investment activities. Interest earned on pooled investments is deposited to participating funds based upon each fund's average daily deposit balance during the allocation period. Each respective fund's share of the total pooled cash and investments is included among asset balances under the caption "Pooled Cash and Investments."

Pooled Cash and Investments are identified within the following categories for all County operating funds:

Operating Pooled Cash and Investments

This account represents amounts reflected in the County's day-to-day financial records. Such amounts are utilized to determine the availability of cash for purposes of disbursing and borrowing funds.

Other Pooled Cash and Investments

This account represents amounts identified in various agency funds as of June 30, 2010 that were owed to or were more appropriately classified in County operating funds. Accordingly, certain cash balances have been reclassified from the agency funds as required by GASB Statement No. 34.

Other Investments

"Other Investments" represent Pension Trust Fund investments, investments of the CDC, various JPAs, NPCs and Public Buildings (bond financed capital assets), and amounts on deposit with the County Treasurer which are invested separately as provided by the Government Code or by specific instructions from the depositing entity.

Restricted Assets

Enterprise Funds' restricted assets represent cash and investments of certain JPAs and Public Buildings projects restricted in accordance with the provisions of the certificates of participation issued. The Internal Service Funds' restricted assets represent cash and investments restricted for debt service in accordance with the provisions of the LAC-CAL bond indenture. All of the above noted assets are included in the various disclosures in Note 5. These restricted assets are presented as noncurrent assets and are generally associated with long-term bonds payable.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-Continued

<u>Inventories</u>

Inventories, which consist of materials and supplies held for consumption, are valued at cost using the average cost basis. The inventory costs of the governmental funds are accounted for as expenditures when the inventory items are consumed. Reported inventories are offset with a corresponding reservation of fund balance because these amounts are not available for appropriation and expenditure.

Of the amounts reported as inventories in the governmental activities, \$32,478,000 represents land held for resale by the CDC. The CDC records land held for resale at the lower of cost or estimated net realizable value.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land and easements, buildings and improvements, equipment, intangible and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Infrastructure assets are divided into the five following networks: road; water; sewer; flood control and aviation. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at the estimated fair value at the date of donation. Certain buildings and equipment are being leased under capital leases as defined in FASB Statement No. 13. The present value of the minimum lease obligation has been capitalized in the statement of net assets and is also reflected as a liability in that statement. For the year ended June 30, 2010, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 51, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets."

Capital outlay is recorded as expenditures of the General, Special Revenue, and Capital Project Funds and as assets in the government-wide financial statements to the extent the County's capitalization threshold is met. Interest incurred during the construction phase of the capital assets of business-type activities is reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed, net of interest earned on the invested proceeds over the same period.

The County's capitalization thresholds are \$5,000 for equipment, \$100,000 for buildings and improvements, \$1 million for software intangible assets, \$100,000 for non-software intangible assets, and \$25,000 for infrastructure assets. Maintenance and repairs are charged to operations when incurred. Betterments and major improvements which significantly increase values, change capacities, or extend useful lives are capitalized. Upon sale or retirement of capital assets, the cost and the related accumulated depreciation or amortization, as applicable, are removed from the respective accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operations. Specific disclosures related to capital assets appear in Note 6. Amortization for software and other intangible assets is included in the reporting of depreciation.

Capital assets are depreciated or amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Improvements 10 to 50 years Equipment 2 to 35 years Software 5 to 25 years Infrastructure 15 to 100 years

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-Continued

Capital Assets-Continued

Works of art and historical treasures held for public exhibition, education, or research in furtherance of public service, rather than financial gain, are not capitalized. These items are protected, encumbered, conserved, and preserved by the County. It is the County's policy to utilize proceeds from the sale of these items for the acquisition of other items for collection and display.

Advances Payable

The County uses certain agency funds as clearing accounts for the distribution of financial resources to other County funds. Pursuant to GASB 34, for external financial reporting purposes, the portions of the clearing account balances that pertain to other County funds should be reported as cash of the appropriate funds. The corresponding liability is included in "Advances Payable."

Vacation and Sick Leave Benefits

Vacation pay benefits accrue to employees ranging from 10 to 20 days per year depending on years of service and the benefit plan. Sick leave benefits accrue at the rate of 10 to 12 days per year for union represented employees depending on years of service. Non-represented employees accrue at a rate of up to 8 days per year depending on the benefit plan. All benefits are payable upon termination, if unused, within limits and rates as specified in the County Salary Ordinance.

Liabilities for accrued vacation and sick leave benefits are accrued in the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary funds. For the governmental funds, expenditures are recorded when amounts become due and payable (i.e., when employees terminate from service).

Long-term Debt

In the government-wide and proprietary funds financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary funds statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the governmental funds financial statements, bond premiums, discounts, and issuance costs, are recognized in the period issued. Bond proceeds are reported as other financing sources net of the applicable premium or discount. Issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. Interest is reported as an expenditure in the period in which the related payment is made. The matured portion of long-term debt (i.e. portion that has come due for payment) is reported as a liability in the fund financial statement of the related fund.

Cash Flows

For purposes of reporting cash flows, all amounts reported as "Pooled Cash and Investments," "Other Investments," and "Restricted Assets" are considered cash equivalents. Pooled cash and investment amounts represent funds held in the County Treasurer's cash management pool. Other investments and restricted assets are invested in money market mutual funds held by outside trustees. Such amounts are similar in nature to demand deposits (i.e., funds may be deposited and withdrawn at any time without prior notice or penalty).

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-Continued

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of certain assets and liabilities, disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. ACCOUNTING CHANGES AND RESTATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

As discussed below, the County implemented the following GASB Statements in the 2009-2010 fiscal year:

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 51

For the year ended June 30, 2010, the County implemented Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 51, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets." This Statement requires that all intangible assets not specifically excluded by its scope provisions be classified as capital assets, and that existing guidance related to the accounting and financial reporting for capital assets should be applied to these intangible assets, as applicable. Implementation of GASB Statement No. 51 primarily impacted the County's government-wide and proprietary funds financial statements, and the Capital Assets note disclosure (see Note 6) for the year ended June 30, 2010.

Restatement of Net Assets

In order to meet the guidelines in GASB Statement No. 51, the County restated its beginning balances to reflect the inclusion of its intangible software assets. The effects of the changes are as follows (in thousands):

	Net Assets/ (Deficit) July 1, 2009 as previously reported		Effect of Including Intangible Software Assets	Net Assets/ (Deficit) July 1, 2009 as restated	
Government-wide:					
Governmental activities	\$	14,752,295	252,572	\$ 15,004,867	
Business-type activities		1,377,199	50,170	1,427,369	
Proprietary funds:					
Major Enterprise Funds:					
Harbor-UCLA Medical Center		(163,541)	6,953	(156,588)	
Olive View-UCLA Medical Center		(46,209)	13,715	(32,494)	
LAC+USC Medical Center		482,820	16,851	499,671	
M. L. King, Jr. Ambulatory Care Center	r	(68,170)	7,734	(60,436)	
Rancho Los Amigos Nat'l Rehab Cente	er	17,298	4,917	22,215	

2. ACCOUNTING CHANGES AND RESTATEMENT OF NET ASSETS-Continued

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 53

GASB Statement No. 53, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments," was implemented by the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. The statement establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements for derivative instruments, requiring derivative investments to be measured at fair value and reported within the Statement of Net Assets. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, while the County did not hold any derivative instruments in either County pooled or other investments, the County will apply the Statement as appropriate in the future.

The Pension Trust Fund did hold derivative instruments at June 30, 2010 and LACERA implemented the provisions and disclosure requirements of GASB Statement No. 53. As the LACERA had already presented derivative investments at fair value, the Statement of Net Assets was not affected by GASB Statement No. 53.

3. NET ASSET DEFICITS

The following funds had net asset deficits at June 30, 2010 (in thousands):

	<u>Accu</u>	mulated Deficit
Enterprise Funds:		
Harbor-UCLA Medical Center	\$	240,260
Olive View-UCLA Medical Center		75,411
M. L. King, Jr. Ambulatory Care Center		62,629
Rancho Los Amigos National Rehab Center		31,559
Internal Service Fund-		
Public Works		125,920

The Enterprise and Internal Service Funds' deficits result primarily from the recognition of certain liabilities including accrued vacation and sick leave, Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) obligation, workers' compensation, self-insurance and, for the enterprise funds, medical malpractice and third party payor liabilities, as required by GAAP. Deficits are expected to continue until such liabilities are retired through user charges or otherwise funded.

4. ELIMINATIONS

The Regional Park and Open Space District (RPOSD), a blended component unit, is authorized to issue assessment bonds to acquire and improve recreational land and facilities. These bonds are secured by voter-approved property tax assessments. The RPOSD executed a financing agreement with the Public Works Financing Authority, another blended component unit referred to in the basic financial statements as "Joint Powers Authorities" (JPAs). Under the terms of the agreement, the RPOSD sold \$510,185,000 of bonds in 1997 that were acquired as an investment by the JPAs. The JPAs financed this investment from proceeds of a simultaneous issuance of an equivalent amount of bonds as a public offering. The structure of the publicly offered JPA bonds was designed to match the RPOSD's bonds relative to principal and interest maturities and interest rates. This series of transactions was conducted to facilitate the issuance of RPOSD related bonds and to minimize the County's overall interest cost. Pursuant to the financing agreement with the JPAs, the RPOSD has pledged all available tax assessments necessary to ensure the timely payment of principal and interest on the bonds issued by the JPAs. The 1997 bonds were partially refunded in 2004-2005 and the remaining 1997 bonds were fully refunded in 2007-2008. The transactions between the two component units have been accounted for as follows:

4. ELIMINATIONS-Continued

Fund Financial Statements

At June 30, 2010, the governmental fund financial statements reflect an investment asset (referred to as "Other Investments") held by the JPAs of \$222,660,000 that has been recorded in the Nonmajor Governmental Funds. The governmental fund financial statements do not reflect a liability for the related bonds payable (\$222,660,000), as this obligation is not currently due. Accordingly, the value of the asset represents additional fund balance in the Nonmajor Governmental Funds.

In order to reflect the economic substance of the transaction described above, an eliminations column has been established in the governmental fund financial statements. The purpose of the column is to remove the duplication of assets, fund balances, revenues and expenditures that resulted from the consolidation of the two component units into the County's overall financial reporting structure.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to minimize the duplicative effects of transactions between funds. Accordingly, the effects of the transaction described above have been eliminated from the amounts presented within governmental activities (as appropriate under the accrual basis of accounting). The specific items eliminated were other investments and bonds payable (\$222,660,000) and investment earnings and interest expense (\$11,692,000 for each). Accordingly, there are no reconciling differences between the two sets of financial statements (after the effects of eliminations) for this matter.

The bonds payable of \$222,660,000, that were publicly issued, are included among the liabilities presented in the Government-wide Financial Statements. Disclosures related to those outstanding bonds appear in Note 10 and are captioned "Assessment Bonds."

5. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Investments in the County's cash and investment pool, other cash and investments, and Pension Trust Fund investments, are stated at fair value. Aggregate pooled cash and investments and other cash and investments are as follows at June 30, 2010 (in thousands):

			Restricted A	<u>Assets</u>	
	Pooled Cash	Other	Pooled Cash	Other	
	and Investments	<u>Investments</u>	and Investments	<u>Investments</u>	Total
Governmental Funds	\$ 4,354,635	\$ 232,826	\$	\$	\$ 4,587,461
Proprietary Funds	145,603	31,605	62,832	17,464	257,504
Fiduciary Funds (excluding	g				
Pension Trust Fund)	18,121,352	95,749			18,217,101
Pension Trust Fund	51,691	35,035,207			35,086,898
Component Unit	847,967				847,967
Total	\$23,521,248	\$35,395,387	\$ 62,832	<u>\$ 17,464</u>	\$ 58,996,931

Deposits-Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that the County will not be able to recover deposits that are in the possession of an outside party. Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not insured or not collateralized.

CASH AND INVESTMENTS-Continued

Deposits-Custodial Credit Risk-Continued

At June 30, 2010, the carrying amount of the County's deposits was \$218,106,000 and the balance per various financial institutions was \$217,704,000. The County's deposits are not exposed to custodial credit risk since all of its deposits are either covered by federal depository insurance or collateralized with securities held by the County or its agent in the County's name, in accordance with California Government Code Section 53652.

At June 30, 2010, the carrying amount of Pension Trust Fund deposits was \$115,587,000. Pension Trust Fund deposits are held in the Fund's custodial bank and, therefore, are not exposed to custodial credit risk since its deposits are eligible for and covered by "pass through insurance" in accordance with applicable law and FDIC rules and regulations.

Investments

State statutes authorize the County to invest pooled funds in certain types of investments including obligations of the United States Treasury, federal, State and local agencies, municipalities, asset-backed securities, mortgaged-backed securities, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper rated A-1 by Standard & Poor's Corporation or P-1 by Moody's Commercial Paper Record, negotiable certificates of deposits, medium-term notes, corporate notes, repurchase agreements, reverse repurchase agreements, floating rate notes, time deposits, shares of beneficial interest of a Joint Powers Authority that invests in authorized securities, shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies known as money market mutual funds (MMF) registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, State and local agency investment funds, mortgage pass-through securities, and guaranteed investment contracts. The investments are managed by the County Treasurer who reports on a monthly basis to the Board of Supervisors. In addition, Treasury investment activity is subject to an annual investment policy review, compliance oversight, quarterly financial reviews, and annual financial reporting.

As permitted by the Government Code, the County Treasurer developed, and the Board adopted, an Investment Policy that further defines and restricts the limits within which the County Treasurer may invest. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized by the County, along with the related concentration of credit limits:

		Maximum	Maximum
	Maximum	Percentage of	Investment
Authorized Investment Type	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Portfolio</u>	In One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Notes, Bills and Bonds	None	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	None	None	None
Local Agency Obligations	5 years	10%*	10%*
Bankers' Acceptances	180 days	40%	\$500 million*
Commercial Paper	270 days	40%	\$750 million*
Certificates of Deposit	3 years*	30%	\$500 million*
Corporate Medium-Term Notes	3 years*	30%	\$500 million*
Repurchase Agreements	30 days*	\$1 billion*	\$500 million*
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	\$500 million*	\$250 million*
Securities Lending Agreements	92 days	20%*	None
Money Market Mutual Funds	NA	15%*	10%
State of California's Local Agency Fund (LAIF)	N/A	\$50 million	None
Asset-Backed Securities	5 years	20%	\$500 million*

^{*}Represents restriction in which the County's Investment Policy is more restrictive than the California Government Code.

5. CASH AND INVESTMENTS-Continued

Investments-Continued

Investments held by the County Treasurer are stated at fair value, except for certain non-negotiable securities that are reported at cost because they are not transferable and have terms that are not affected by changes in market interest rates. The fair value of pooled investments is determined monthly and is provided by the custodian bank. The method used to determine the value of participants' equity withdrawn is based on the book value, which is amortized cost, of the participants' percentage participation at the date of such withdrawals.

At June 30, 2010, the County had open trade commitments with various brokers to purchase investments totaling \$1,101,722,000 with settlement dates subsequent to year-end. These investments have been included in Pooled Cash and Investments-Other and corresponding liabilities have been recorded as Other Payables.

The Pension Trust Fund is managed by LACERA. Pension Trust Fund investments are authorized by State Statutes which are referred to as the "County Employees' Retirement Law of 1937." Statutes authorize a "Prudent Expert" guideline as to form and types of investments which may be purchased. Examples of the Fund's investments are obligations of the various agencies of the federal government, corporate and private placement bonds, global bonds, domestic and global stocks, domestic and global convertible debentures and real estate. LACERA's investment policy also allows the limited use of derivatives by certain investment managers. The classes of derivatives that are permitted are futures contracts, currency forward contracts, options, and swaps.

The interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, credit risk, concentration of credit risk, and custodial credit risk related to Pension Trust Fund investments are different than the corresponding risk on investments held by the County Treasurer. Detailed deposit and investment risk disclosures are included in Note G and Note I of LACERA's Report on Audited Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2010.

The School Districts and the Superior Court are required by legal provisions to participate in the County's investment pool. Eighty-four percent (84%) of the Treasurer's external investment pool consists of these involuntary participants. Voluntary participants in the County's external investment pool include the Sanitation Districts, Metropolitan Transportation Authority, the South Coast Air Quality Management District and other special districts with independent governing boards. The deposits held for both involuntary and voluntary entities are included in the External Pooled Investment Trust Fund. Certain Specific Purpose Investments (SPI) have been made by the County, as directed by external depositors. This investment activity occurs separately from the County's investment pool and is reported in the Specific Investment Trust Fund. The pool is not registered as an investment company with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) nor is it an SEC Rule 2a7-like pool. California Government Code statutes and the County Board of Supervisors set forth the various investment policies that the County Treasurer must follow.

5. CASH AND INVESTMENTS-Continued

<u>Investments</u>-Continued

County pooled and other investments (excluding Pension Trust Fund other investments) at June 30, 2010 (in thousands) are as follows:

	Fair <u>Value</u>
U.S. Agency securities U.S. Treasury securities Negotiable certificates of deposit	\$ 10,661,654 727,560 3,163,666
Commercial paper Corporate and deposit notes Bankers' acceptances Municipal bonds	8,141,422 784,198 48,720 5,250
Los Angeles County securities Money market mutual funds Local Agency Investment Fund Mortgage trust deeds Other	15,000 106,541 63,413 589 25,605
Total	<u>\$ 23,743,618</u>

Pension Trust Fund investments are reported in the basic financial statements at fair value at June 30, 2010 (in thousands) and are as follows:

	Fair
	Value
Domestic and international equity	\$ 17,852,007
Fixed income	10,142,133
Real estate	2,843,804
Private equity	3,417,212
Commodities	664,464
Total	\$ 34.919.620

The Pension Trust Fund also had deposits with the Los Angeles County Treasury Pool at June 30, 2010 totaling \$51,691,000. The Pension Trust Fund portfolio contained no concentration of investments in any one organization (other than those issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government) that represents 5% or more of total investments.

The County has not provided nor obtained any legally binding guarantees during the year ended June 30, 2010 to support the value of shares in the Treasurer's investment pool.

Fair value fluctuates with interest rates, and increasing rates could cause fair value to decline below original cost. County management believes the liquidity in the portfolio is more than adequate to meet cash flow requirements and to preclude the County from having to sell investments below original cost for that purpose.

5. CASH AND INVESTMENTS-Continued

Investments-Continued

A summary of deposits and investments held by the Treasurer's Pool is as follows (in thousands):

					Weighted Average
			Interest Rate %		Maturity
	Fair Value	<u>Principal</u>	Range	Maturity Range	(Years)
U. S. Agency securities \$	10,512,894	\$10,394,594	0.15%-7.33%	07/12/10-07/21/15	3.31
U.S. Treasury securities	727,036	726,604	0.23%-2.38%	10/21/10-08/31/14	0.81
Negotiable certificates of deposit	3,163,666	3,164,126	0.22%-0.53%	07/01/10-10/28/10	0.14
Commercial paper	8,141,422	8,141,693	0.25%-0.55%	07/01/10-09/27/10	0.07
Corporate and deposit notes	781,876	771,004	0.25%-6.88%	07/14/10-09/12/12	0.57
Los Angeles County securities	15,000	15,000	0.61%-0.73%	06/30/12	2.00
Bankers' acceptances	48,720	48,721	0.40%-0.50%	08/30/10-09/21/10	0.19
Deposits	<u> 197,516</u>	<u>197,516</u>			
9	23,588,130	<u>\$23,459,258</u>			

A summary of other (non-pooled) deposits and investments, excluding the Pension Trust Fund, is as follows (in thousands):

							eighted Average
					Interest Rate %		Maturity
	<u>F</u> :	<u>air Value</u>	<u>F</u>	<u>Principal</u>	Range	Maturity Range	(Years)
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$	63,413	\$	63,310		N/A	0.56
Corporate and deposit notes		2,322		2,314	0.794%	02/01/11	0.59
Mortgage trust deeds		589		589	4.5%-5.5%	08/01/12-04/01/17	4.36
Municipal bonds		5,250		5,250	5.0%	09/02/21	11.04
U.S. Agency securities		148,760		148,549	1.5%-4.9%	05/19/11-06/30/15	5.73
U.S. Treasury bonds		109		86	7.25%	05/15/16	5.81
U.S. Treasury notes		113		112	4.24%-4.88%	10/15/10-07/31/11	0.30
U.S. Treasury bills		302		302	0.18%	12/09/10	0.44
Money market mutual funds		106,541		106,542	0.01%-0.20%	N/A	N/A
Other		25,605		25,605	4.7%	08/15/12-10/01/14	2.90
Deposits		20,590		20,590			
	\$	<u>373,594</u>	\$	373,249			

5. CASH AND INVESTMENTS-Continued

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The government code limits most investment maturities to five years, with the exception of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances which are limited to 270 days and 180 days, respectively. The County Treasurer manages equity and mitigates exposure to declines in fair value by generally investing in short-term investments with maturities of six months or less and by holding all investments to maturity. The County's investment guidelines limit the weighted average maturity of its portfolios to a target of less than 1.5 years. Of the Pooled Cash and Investments and Other Investments at June 30, 2010, 56.50% have a maturity of six months or less, 2.92% have a maturity of between six and twelve months, and 40.58% have a maturity of more than one year.

As of June 30, 2010, variable-rate notes comprised 1.07 % of the Treasury Pool and Other Investment portfolios. The notes are tied to one-month and three-month London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) with monthly and quarterly coupon resets. The fair value of variable-rate coupon resets back to the market rate on a periodic basis. Effectively, at each reset date, a variable-rate investment reprices back to par value, eliminating interest rate risk at each periodic reset.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that the County will not be able to recover the value of investment securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All securities owned by the County are deposited in trust for safekeeping with a custodial bank different from the County's primary bank, except for Bond Anticipation Notes, certain long-term debt proceeds issued by Los Angeles County entities, investment in the State's Local Agency Investment Fund, and mortgage trust deeds which are held in the County Treasurer's vault. Securities are not held in broker accounts. At June 30, 2010, the County's external investment pools and specific investments did not have any securities exposed to custodial credit risk and there was no securities lending.

Credit Risk and Concentration of Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. The County Treasurer mitigates these risks by holding a diversified portfolio of high quality investments.

The County's investment policy establishes minimum acceptable credit ratings for investments from any two Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organizations (NRSROs). For an issuer of short-term debt, the rating must be no less than A-1 (S&P) or P-1 (Moody's) while an issuer of long-term debt shall be rated no less than an "A." All investments purchased in the fiscal year met the credit rating criteria in the Investment Policy, at the issuer level. While the NRSROs rated the issuer of the investments purchased, it did not in all instances rate the investment itself (e.g. commercial paper, corporate and deposit notes, and negotiable certificates of deposit). For purposes of reporting credit quality distribution of investments in the following table, some investments are reported as not rated. At June 30, 2010, a portion of the County's other investments was invested in the State of California's Local Agency Investment Fund which is unrated as to credit quality.

5. CASH AND INVESTMENTS-Continued

Credit Risk and Concentration of Credit Risk-Continued

The County's Investment Policy, approved annually by the Board of Supervisors, limits the maximum total par value for each permissible security type (e.g., commercial paper and certificates of deposit) to a certain percentage of the investment pool. Exceptions to this are obligations of the United States government and United States government agencies or government-sponsored enterprises, which do not have limits. Further, the County restricts investments in any one issuer based on the issuer's Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization (NRSRO) ratings. For bankers' acceptances, certificates of deposit, corporate notes and floating rate notes, the highest issuer limit was \$500 million, approximately 2.24% of the investment pool's daily investment balance. For commercial paper, the highest issuer limit was \$750 million, or 3.36% of the investment pool's daily investment balance.

The Pool and SPI had the following U.S. Agency securities in a single issuer that represent 5 percent or more of total investments at June 30, 2010 (in thousands):

<u>Issuer</u>	<u>Pool</u>	<u>SPI</u>
Federal Farm Credit Bank	\$ 2,063,792	
Federal Home Loan Bank	2,870,703	
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp	3,709,189	\$ 27,500
Federal National Mortgage Association	1,868,433	

The following is a summary of the credit quality distribution and concentration of credit risk by investment type as a percentage of each portfolio's fair value at June 30, 2010:

D 1 10 1 11 1	<u>S & P</u>	Moody's	% of Portfolio
Pooled Cash and Investments:	Not Dated	Not Dated	24 040/
Commercial paper	Not Rated	Not Rated	34.81%
Corporate and deposit notes	Α	A2	0.11%
	Α	A3	0.13%
	A+	Aa2	0.04%
	AA-	Aa3	0.05%
	AA-	Aa1	0.22%
	AA+	Aa2	0.88%
	Not Rated	Not Rated	1.92%
Bankers' Acceptances	Not Rated	Not Rated	0.21%
Los Angeles County securities	AA-	A1	0.06%
Negotiable certificates of deposit	Not Rated	Not Rated	13.31%
•	Not Rated	P1	0.21%
U.S. Agency securities	AAA	Aaa	43.32%
• •	Not Rated	Not Rated	1.62%
U.S. Treasury securities	AAA	Aaa	0.33%
-	Not Rated	Not Rated	2.78%
			100.00%

5. CASH AND INVESTMENTS-Continued

Credit Risk and Concentration of Credit Risk-Continued

Other Investments:

Local Agency Investment Fund	Not Rated	Not Rated	17.96%
Corporate and deposit notes	AA+	Aa2	0.66%
Mortgage trust deeds	AA-	Aa2	0.17%
Municipal bonds	AA-	Aa2	1.49%
U.S. Agency securities	AAA	Aaa	8.42%
-	Not Rated	Not Rated	33.72%
U.S. Treasury securities	AAA	Aaa	0.15%
Money market mutual funds	Not Rated	Not Rated	30.18%
Other	Not Rated	Not Rated	7.25%

<u>100.00%</u>

The earned yield, which includes net gains on investments sold, on all investments held by the Treasurer's Pool for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 was 1.45%.

A separate financial report is issued for the Treasurer's Pool. The most current report, as of June 30, 2009, is available on the Treasurer's website, and the report as of June 30, 2010, is in progress. The following represents a condensed statement of net assets and changes in net assets for the Treasurer's Pool as of June 30, 2010 (in thousands):

Statement of Net Assets

Net assets held in trust for all pool participants	<u>\$23,588,130</u>
Equity of internal pool participants Equity of external pool participants Total equity	\$ 7,456,732 16,131,398 \$23,588,130
Statement of Changes in Net Assets Net assets at July 1, 2009 Net change in investments by pool participants Net assets at June 30, 2010	\$19,962,729 3,625,401 <u>\$23,588,130</u>

The unrealized gain on investments held in the Treasurer's Pool was \$128,872,000 as of June 30, 2010. This amount takes into account all changes in fair value (including purchases, sales and redemptions) that occurred during the year.

Reverse Repurchase Agreements

The California Government Code permits the County Treasurer to enter into reverse repurchase agreements, that is, a sale of securities with a simultaneous agreement to repurchase them in the future at the same price plus a contract rate of interest. The fair value of the securities underlying reverse repurchase agreements normally exceeds the cash received, providing the broker-dealer a margin against a decline in the fair value of the securities. If the broker-dealer defaults on the obligation to resell these securities to the County or provide securities or cash of equal value, the County would suffer an economic loss equal to the difference between the fair value plus accrued interest of the underlying securities and the agreement obligation, including accrued interest.

5. CASH AND INVESTMENTS-Continued

Reverse Repurchase Agreements-Continued

The County's investment guidelines limit the maximum par value of reverse repurchase agreements to \$500,000,000 and proceeds from reverse repurchase agreements may only be reinvested in instruments with maturities at or before the maturity of the reverse repurchase agreement. During the fiscal year, the County did not enter into any reverse repurchase agreements.

Floating Rate Notes

The California Government Code permits the County Treasurer to purchase floating rate notes, that is, any instruments that have a coupon interest rate that is adjusted periodically due to changes in a base or benchmark rate. The County's investment guidelines limit the amount of floating rate notes to 10% of the Los Angeles County Treasury Pool portfolio and prohibit the purchase of inverse floating rate notes and hybrid or complex structured investments. As of June 30, 2010, there were approximately \$264,500,000 in floating rate notes.

Derivatives

LACERA utilizes forward currency contracts to control currency exposure and facilitate the settlement of international security purchase and sale transactions. Included in net investment income are gains and losses from foreign currency transactions. At June 30, 2010, forward currency contracts receivable and payable totaled \$99,474,000 and \$99,645,000, respectively.

LACERA's Investment Policy Statement and Investment Manager Guidelines allow the limited use of other investment derivatives by certain investment managers. Detailed derivative disclosures are included in Note I of LACERA's Report on Audited Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2010.

Securities Lending Transactions

LACERA, as the administering agency for the Pension Trust Fund, is authorized to participate in a securities lending program under policies adopted by the LACERA Board of Investments. This program is an investment management activity that mirrors the fundamentals of a loan transaction in which a security is used as collateral. Securities are lent to brokers and dealers (borrowers) and LACERA receives cash as collateral. LACERA pays the borrower interest on the collateral received and invests the collateral with the goal of earning a higher yield than the interest rate paid to the borrower.

LACERA's program is managed by one principal borrower and two agent lenders. Under exclusive borrowing and lending arrangements, securities on loan must be collateralized with a fair value of 102% for U.S. securities, and 105% for international securities, of the borrowed securities. Collateral is marked to market daily. Cash collateral is invested by the agent lenders in short-term, liquid instruments.

Under the terms of the lending agreements, the two agent lenders have agreed to hold LACERA harmless for borrower default from the loss of securities or income, or from any litigation arising from these loans. The principal borrower's agreement entitles LACERA to terminate all loans upon the occurrence of default and purchase a like amount of "replacement securities." Either LACERA or the borrower can terminate all loans on securities on demand.

5. CASH AND INVESTMENTS-Continued

Securities Lending Transactions-Continued

At year-end, LACERA had no credit risk exposure to borrowers because the collateral exceeded the amount borrowed. As of June 30, 2010, there were no violations of legal or contractual provisions. LACERA had no losses on securities lending transactions resulting from the default of a borrower for the year ended June 30, 2010.

As of June 30, 2010, the fair value of securities on loan was \$1.13 billion. The value of the cash collateral received for those securities was \$1.16 billion and the non-cash collateral was \$194,000. Securities lending assets (Other Investments) and liabilities (Other Payables) of \$1.1 billion are recorded in the Pension Trust Fund. Pension Trust Fund income, net of expenses, from securities lending was \$3.5 million for the year ended June 30, 2010.

For the year ended June 30, 2010, the Los Angeles County Treasury Pool did not enter into any securities lending transactions.

Summary of Deposits and Investments

Following is a summary of the carrying amount of deposits and investments at June 30, 2010 (in thousands):

	County	Pension Trust Fund	Total
Deposits Investments	\$ 218,106 <u>23,743,618</u> \$23,961,724	\$ 115,587 <u>34,919,620</u> \$ 35,035,207	\$ 333,693 58,663,238 \$58,996,931

6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 51, the government-wide and proprietary financial statements include retrospective reporting of software intangible assets that were completed prior to July 1, 2009. To recognize the eligible costs of software with the associated amortization, the beginning balances as of July 1, 2009 were restated for software, as discussed in Note 2. In addition, the accompanying government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements include software assets with a capitalization threshold of \$1 million or more for systems that were either implemented during the fiscal year or that were considered to be "software in progress" at year-end. All capitalized software is subject to amortization, which is combined with depreciation expense and accumulated depreciation in the financial statements. The County did not have any non-software intangible assets that were over the County's threshold of \$100,000, except easements, which have been included in the financial statements since fiscal year 2005-2006.

6. CAPITAL ASSETS-Continued

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2010 is as follows (in thousands):

Governmental Activities	Balance July 1, 2009 as previously reported	Adjustments Note 2	Balance July 1, 2009 as restated
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Easements Software in progress	\$ 2,367,757 4,779,292	\$ 34,601	\$ 2,367,757 4,779,292 34,601
Construction in progress-buildings and improvements Construction in progress-infrastructure Subtotal Capital assets, being depreciated:	161,345 <u>360,711</u> 7,669,105	34,601	161,345 360,711 7,703,706
Buildings and improvements Equipment Software Infrastructure	4,232,115 1,175,543 7,172,368	314,361	4,232,115 1,175,543 314,361 7,172,368
Subtotal Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Equipment Software	12,580,026 (1,458,161) (804,663)	314,361 (96,390)	12,894,387 (1,458,161) (804,663) (96,390)
Infrastructure Subtotal Total capital assets, being depreciated, net Governmental activities capital assets, net	(2,733,706) (4,996,530) 7,583,496 \$15,252,601	(96,390) 217,971 \$ 252,572	(2,733,706) (5,092,920) 7,801,467 \$ 15,505,173
Business-type Activities Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Easements	\$ 216,273 30,701	\$	\$ 216,273 30,701
Software in progress Construction in progress-buildings and improvements Construction in progress-infrastructure Subtotal	75,544 <u>36,134</u> 358,652		75,544 36,134 358,652
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Equipment Software	1,987,112 310,705	52,473	1,987,112 310,705 52,473
Infrastructure Subtotal Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Equipment	1,149,854 3,447,671 (695,276) (199,690)	52,473	1,149,854 3,500,144 (695,276) (199,690)
Software Infrastructure Subtotal Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	(428,975) (1,323,941) 2,123,730	(2,303) (2,303) 50,170	(199,090) (2,303) (428,975) (1,326,244) 2,173,900
Business-type activities capital assets, net Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 2,482,382 \$17,734,983	\$ 50,170 \$ 302,742	\$ 2,532,552 \$ 18,037,725

6. CAPITAL ASSETS-Continued

		Balance	
Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2010	
			Governmental Activities
			Capital assets, not being depreciated:
\$ 42,215	\$ (7,585)	\$ 2,402,387	Land
53,976	(685)	4,832,583	Easements
3,913	(34,601)	3,913	Software in progress
3,313	(01,001)	0,010	Construction in progress-buildings
69,625	(90,841)	140,129	and improvements
154,025	(62,116)	452,620	Construction in progress-infrastructure
323,754	(195,828)	7,831,632	Subtotal
323,734	(195,620)	1,001,002	Capital assets, being depreciated:
102 401	(274.052)	4 062 464	
102,401	(271,052)	4,063,464	Buildings and improvements
78,853	(51,258)	1,203,138	Equipment
67,037	(0.000)	381,398	Software
64,976	(2,906)	7,234,438	Infrastructure
313,267	<u>(325,216</u>)	<u>12,882,438</u>	Subtotal
			Less accumulated depreciation for:
(83,824)	159,345	(1,382,640)	Buildings and improvements
(107,061)	43,106	(868,618)	Equipment
(26,654)		(123,044)	Software
<u>(153,723</u>)	<u> </u>	<u>(2,887,032</u>)	Infrastructure
(371,262)	202,848	<u>(5,261,334</u>)	Subtota <u>l</u>
<u>(57,995)</u>	(122,368)	7,621,104	Total capital assets, being depreciated, net
\$ 265,759	\$ (318,196)	\$ 15,452,736	Governmental activities capital assets, net
			Business-type Activities
			Capital assets, not being depreciated:
\$	\$ (4,890)	\$ 211,383	Land
308	()/	31,009	Easements
723		723	Software in progress
5		. 20	Construction in progress-buildings
76,681	(7,049)	145,176	and improvements
<u>34,234</u>	(13,079)	57,289	Construction in progress-infrastructure
111,946	(25,018)	445,580	Subtotal
<u> </u>	(20,010)		Capital assets, being depreciated:
5,008	(15,782)	1,976,338	Buildings and improvements
10,951	6,510	328,166	Equipment
10,951	0,510	52,473	
12 206	(4)		Software Infrastructure
<u>12,306</u>	(0.276)	<u>1,162,156</u>	
<u>28,265</u>	<u>(9,276</u>)	3,519,133	Subtotal
(00,000)	40.000	(740.070)	Less accumulated depreciation for:
(26,869)	10,069	(712,076)	Buildings and improvements
(23,771)	922	(222,539)	Equipment
(3,489)		(5,792)	Software
<u>(21,026</u>)		<u>(450,001)</u>	Infrastructure
<u>(75,155</u>)	10,991	<u>(1,390,408</u>)	Subtotal
<u>(46,890</u>)	1,715	<u>2,128,725</u>	Total capital assets, being depreciated, net
<u>65,056</u>	<u>(23,303</u>)	<u>2,574,305</u>	Business-type activities capital assets, net
\$ 330,815	<u>\$ (341,499</u>)	\$ 18,027,041	Total Capital Assets, net

6. CAPITAL ASSETS-Continued

Depreciation Expense

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows (in thousands):

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	20,017
Public protection		171,421
Public ways and facilities		86,916
Health and sanitation		17,934
Public assistance		29,208
Education		2,288
Recreation and cultural services		19,817
Capital assets held by the County's internal service		,
funds are charged to the various functions based on their		
usage of the assets		23,661
Total depreciation expense, governmental activities	\$	371,262
Total depressioner expenses, generalises		<u> </u>
Business-type activities:		
Hospitals	\$	45,232
Aviation		1,628
Waterworks		22,119
Community Development Commission		627
Capital assets held by the County's internal service		
funds are charged to the various functions based on their		
usage of the assets		5,549
Total depreciation expense, business-type activities	<u>\$</u>	75,155

The business-type activities included equipment transfers from the County's General Fund to each Hospital Fund. The amount of the transfers exceeded the amount of deletions by \$6.5 million. Capital contributions totaling \$7.2 million are shown in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets for each of the Hospital Funds.

The State Trial Court Facilities Act (SB 1732, Chapter 1082 of 2002), as amended by later statutes, authorized the County to enter into agreements with the State of California for the transfer of responsibility for and title to court facilities, as well as for the joint occupancy of those court facilities. Administrative oversight of court operations was transferred from the County to the State in 1998, pursuant to State legislative action at that time. The Trial Court Facilities Act is a continuation of this process. Although the County is required to make ongoing "maintenance of effort" payments to the State for the transferred facilities, the amount is fixed and the County will no longer be responsible for costs which exceed the fixed amount due to inflation and other factors.

In fiscal year 2009-10, the County recorded 16 courthouse transfers of land, buildings, and improvements, which resulted in a loss on the sale of capital assets used in governmental activities. The loss of \$117.0 million is reported as a general government expense in the government-wide statement of activities.

6. CAPITAL ASSETS-Continued

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit</u>

Capital assets activity for the First 5 LA component unit for the year ended June 30, 2010 was as follows (in thousands):

,	Balance y 1, 2009	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	alance 30, 2010
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Capital assets, being depreciated:	\$ 2,039	\$	\$	\$ 2,039
Buildings and improvements Equipment Subtotal	11,922 2,127 14,049	130 130	(6) (6)	 11,922 2,251 14,173
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Equipment Subtotal	 (987) (1,228) (2,215)	(239) (358) (597)	<u>6</u>	 (1,226) (1,580) (2,806)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	 11,834	(467)		 11,367
Component unit capital assets, net	\$ 13,873	<u>\$ (467)</u>	\$	\$ 13,406

7. PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The County pension plan is administered by the Los Angeles County Employees Retirement Association (LACERA) which was established under the County Employees' Retirement Law of 1937. It provides benefits to employees of the County and the following additional entities that are not part of the County's reporting entity:

Little Lake Cemetery District
Local Agency Formation Commission
Los Angeles County Office of Education
South Coast Air Quality Management District

New employees of the latter two agencies are not eligible for LACERA benefits.

LACERA is technically a cost-sharing, multi-employer defined benefit plan. However, because the non-County entities are immaterial to its operations the disclosures herein are made as if LACERA was a single employer defined benefit plan. LACERA provides retirement, disability, death benefits and cost of living adjustments to eligible members. Benefits are authorized in accordance with the California Constitution, the County Employees' Retirement Law, the bylaws, procedures and policies adopted by LACERA's Boards of Retirement and Investments and Board of Supervisors' resolutions.

LACERA issues a stand-alone financial report which is available at its offices located at Gateway Plaza, 300 N. Lake Avenue, Pasadena, California 91101-4199.

7. PENSION PLAN-Continued

Funding Policy

LACERA has seven benefit tiers known as A, B, C, D and E, and Safety A and B. All tiers except E are employee contributory. Tier E is employee non-contributory. New general employees are eligible for tiers D or E at their discretion. New safety members are eligible for only Safety B. Rates for the tiers are established in accordance with State law by LACERA's Boards of Retirement and Investments and the County Board of Supervisors.

The following employer rates were in effect for 2009-2010:

	A	B	C	D	E
General Members	17.28%	10.62%	9.88%	10.48%	10.45%
Safety Members	27.83%	20.35%			

The rates were determined by the actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2008 and are the same as those used to calculate the annual required contribution (ARC).

Employee rates vary by the option and employee entry age from 5% to 15% of their annual covered salary.

During 2009-2010, the County contributed the full amount of the ARC.

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation

The County's annual pension cost and net pension obligation for 2009-2010, computed in accordance with GASB 27, were as follows (in thousands):

Annual required contribution (ARC):	
County	\$ 843,592
Non-County entities	111
Total ARC	843,703
Interest on net pension obligation (asset)	(8,021)
Adjustment to ARC	 59,771
Annual pension cost	895,453
Contributions made:	
County	843,592
Non-County entities	111
Total contributions	843,703
Cost in excess of contributions	51,750
Net pension obligation (asset), July 1, 2009	(103,501)
Net pension obligation (asset), June 30, 2010	\$ <u>(51,751</u>)

<u>Trend Information (in thousands)</u>				
Fiscal Year	Annual Pension	Percentage of APC	Net Pension	
<u>Ended</u>	Cost (APC)	<u>Contributed</u>	Obligation (Asset)	
June 30, 2008	\$ 858,347	96.5%	\$ (146,723)	
June 30, 2009	890,393	95.1%	(103,501)	
June 30, 2010	895,453	94.2%	(51,751)	

7. PENSION PLAN-Continued

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of June 30, 2009, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the funded ratio was determined to be 88.9%. The actuarial value of assets was \$39.5 billion, and the actuarial accrued liability (AAL) was \$44.4 billion, resulting in an unfunded AAL of \$4.9 billion. The covered payroll was \$6.5 billion and the ratio of the unfunded AAL to the covered payroll was 75.2%.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The annual required contribution was calculated using the entry age normal method. The most recent actuarial valuation also assumed an annual investment rate of return of 7.75%, and projected salary increases ranging from 4.26% to 10.24%, with both assumptions including a 3.5% inflation factor. Additionally, the valuation assumed post-retirement benefit increases of between 2% and 3%, in accordance with the provisions of the specific benefit options. The actuarial value of assets was determined utilizing a three-year smoothed method based on the difference between the expected market value and the actual market value of assets as of the valuation date.

The County contribution rate to finance the unfunded AAL (effective for the 2009-2010 fiscal year, as determined by the June 30, 2008, actuarial valuation) was equal to 1.99% of payroll (using the level percentage of payroll amortization method, over a 30-year open period) plus the normal cost rate of 10.09%, for a total rate of 12.08% of payroll.

LACERA uses the accrual basis of accounting. Member and employer contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due, and benefits and refunds are recognized when payable in accordance with the terms of each plan.

Because it is negative, the net pension obligation represents an asset. Accordingly, a pension asset, "Net Pension Obligation," has been recognized in the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary funds financial statements.

Pension Obligation Bonds

During 1994-95 the County sold approximately \$1,965,230,000 in par value pension bonds and utilized the proceeds to fund LACERA. A portion of the bonds (\$1,365,230,000) were fixed rate. The remaining \$600,000,000 were variable rate bonds, which were restructured into fixed rate bonds during 1995-96.

For the year ended June 30, 2010, the combined principal and interest payments for the bonds were \$358,165,000. For governmental activities, the total debt service was \$265,809,000. For business-type activities, the total debt service was \$92,356,000. At June 30, 2010, the total outstanding principal on bonds was \$345,913,000, including accretions of \$227,427,000 on deep discount bonds. The bonds have interest rates varying from 7.40% to 7.44%.

7. PENSION PLAN-Continued

Pension Obligation Bonds-Continued

The following is a summary of future funding requirements for all outstanding pension bonds (in thousands):

Year				
Ending	Governmen	ntal Activities	Business-t	ype Activities
<u>June 30</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2011	\$ 87,934	\$ 187,956	\$ 30,552	\$ 65,688
Accretions	168,783		58,644	
Total Pension Bonds Payable	<u>\$ 256,717</u>		<u>\$ 89,196</u>	

8. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description

LACERA administers a cost-sharing, multi-employer defined benefit Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) plan on behalf of the County. As indicated in Note 7-Pension Plan, because the non-County entities are immaterial to its operations, the disclosures herein are made as if LACERA was a single employer defined benefit plan.

In April 1982, the County of Los Angeles adopted an ordinance pursuant to Government Code Section 31691 which provided for a health insurance program and death benefits for retired employees and their dependents. In 1994, the County amended the agreements to continue to support LACERA's retiree insurance benefits program regardless of the status of active member insurance.

LACERA issues a stand-alone financial report that includes the required information for the OPEB plan. The report is available at its offices located at Gateway Plaza, 300 North Lake Avenue, Pasadena, California 91101-4199.

Funding Policy

In 1996-1997, the County entered into an agreement with LACERA to establish an Internal Revenue Code Section 401(h) Account to use in connection with the County's payment of retiree health care costs. Section 401(h) permits the establishment of a separate account (a "401(h) Account") to fund retiree healthcare benefits, and limits contributions to the 401(h) Account to 25% of aggregate contributions to LACERA. This agreement also permits the use of LACERA excess earnings reserves to reduce the County's funding requirements for these benefits.

Health care benefits earned by County employees are dependent on the number of completed years of retirement service credited to the retiree by LACERA upon retirement; it does not include reciprocal service in another retirement system. The benefits earned by County employees range from 40% of the benchmark plan cost with ten completed years of service to 100% of the benchmark plan cost with 25 or more completed years of service. In general, each completed year of service after ten years reduces the member's cost by 4%. Service includes all service on which the member's retirement allowance was based.

8. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS-Continued

Funding Policy-Continued

Health care benefits include medical, dental, vision, Medicare Part B reimbursement and death benefits. In addition to these retiree health care benefits, the County provides long-term disability benefits to employees, and these benefits have been determined to fall within the definition of OPEB, per GASB 45. These long-term disability benefits provide for income replacement if an employee is unable to work because of illness or injury. Specific coverage depends on the employee's employment classification, chosen plan and, in some instances years of service.

A trust fund has not been established for the retiree health benefits or the long-term disability benefits. The County's contribution is on a pay-as-you-go basis. During the 2009-2010 fiscal year, the County made payments to LACERA totaling \$384.0 million for retiree health care benefits. Included in this amount was, \$33.2 million for Medicare Part B reimbursements and \$6.0 million in death benefits. Additionally, \$36.3 million was paid by member participants. The County also made payments of \$33.0 million for long-term disability benefits.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (including Long-Term Disability)

The County's Annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB 45. The OPEB cost and OPEB obligation were determined by the OPEB health care actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2008, and the OPEB long-term disability actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2009. The following table shows the ARC, the amount actually contributed and the net OPEB obligation (in thousands):

Annual OPEB required contribution (ARC)	\$ 1,720,660
Interest on Net OPEB obligation	123,269
Adjustment to ARC	(93,793)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	1,750,136
Less: Contributions made (pay-as-you-go)	417,518
Increase in Net OPEB obligation	1,332,618
Net OPEB obligation, July 1, 2009	2,465,383
Net OPEB obligation, June 30, 2010	\$ 3,798,001

	Trend Inform	ation (in thousands)	
Fiscal Year	Annual OPEB	Percentage of OPEB	Net OPEB
<u>Ended</u>	Cost	Cost Contributed	<u>Obligation</u>
June 30, 2008	\$ 1,615,272	23.6%	\$ 1,234,148
June 30, 2009	1,628,494	24.4%	2,465,383
June 30, 2010	1,750,136	23.9%	3,798,001

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of July 1, 2008, the most recent actuarial valuation date for OPEB health care benefits, the funded ratio was 0%. The actuarial value of assets was zero. The actuarial accrued liability (AAL) was \$20.9 billion, resulting in an unfunded AAL of \$20.9 billion. The covered payroll was \$6.1 billion and the ratio of the unfunded AAL to the covered payroll was 341.31%.

8. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS-Continued

<u>Funded Status and Funding Progress</u>-Continued

As of July 1, 2009, the most recent actuarial valuation date for OPEB long-term disability benefits, the funded ratio was 0%. The actuarial value of assets was zero. The actuarial accrued liability (AAL) was \$951.8 million, resulting in an unfunded AAL of \$951.8 million. The covered payroll was \$6.1 billion and the ratio of the unfunded AAL to the covered payroll was 15.54%.

The schedules of funding progress are presented as RSI following the notes to the financial statements. These RSI schedules present multi-year trend information. However, there is no data available prior to the years presented.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continued revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Actuarial calculations are based on the benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between the employer and plan members to that point.

The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations on the pattern of cost sharing between the employer and plan members in the future.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

While the actuarial valuations for OPEB health care and OPEB long-term disability benefits were prepared by two different firms, they both used the same methods and assumptions, with one exception noted below. The projected unit credit cost method was used. Both valuations assumed an annual investment rate of return of 5%, an inflation rate of 3.5% per annum and projected general wage increases of 4%. The increases in salary due to promotions and longevity do not affect the amount of the OPEB program benefits. An actuarial asset valuation was not performed. Finally, the OPEB valuation report used the level percentage of projected payroll over a rolling (open) 30-year amortization period. The OPEB Long-Term Disability valuation report used the level dollar of projected payroll over a rolling (open) 30-year amortization period. The most recent actuarial valuations for OPEB health care benefits (July 1, 2008) and OPEB long-term disability benefits (July 1, 2009) were each adjusted to reflect projected salary increases of 4%, from the former actuarial assumption of 3.75%.

8. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS-Continued

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions-Continued

The healthcare cost trend initial and ultimate rates, based on the July 1, 2008 actuarial valuation, are as follows:

	<u>Initial Year</u>	<u>Ultimate</u>
LACERA Medical Under 65	6.92%	5.00%
LACERA Medical Over 65	3.93%	5.00%
Firefighters Local 1014 (all)	4.83%	5.00%
Part B Premiums	3.50%	5.00%
Dental (all)	1.66%	4.50%

9. LEASES

Operating Leases

The following is a schedule of future minimum rental payments required under operating leases entered into by the County that have initial or remaining noncancelable lease terms in excess of one year as of June 30, 2010 (in thousands):

Year Ending June 30		Governmental	
	Activities		
2011	\$	80,646	
2012		67,690	
2013		56,150	
2014		40,846	
2015		32,341	
2016-2020		52,618	
2021-2025		18,940	
2026-2030		17,868	
2031-2035		1,489	
Total	\$	368,588	

Rent expenditures related to operating leases were \$94,669,000 for the year ended June 30, 2010.

Capital Leases

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under capital leases together with the present value of future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2010 (in thousands):

Year Ending June 30	 rnmental tivities
2011	\$ 24,096
2012	20,705
2013	20,345
2014	19,119
2015	15,849
2016-2020	70,578
2021-2025	71,708
2026-2030	71,958
2031-2035	51,397
2036-2040	 17,892
Total	383,647
Less: Amount representing	
interest	235,574
Present value of future minimum	
lease payments	\$ 148,073

9. LEASES-Continued

Capital Leases-Continued

The following is a schedule of property under capital leases by major classes at June 30, 2010 (in thousands):

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	
Land	\$	17,279
Buildings and improvements		155,013
Equipment		47,641
Accumulated depreciation		(61,97 <u>5</u>)
Total	\$ 157,958	

Future rent revenues to be received from noncancelable subleases are \$1,252,000 as of June 30, 2010.

Leases of County-Owned Property

The County has entered into operating leases relative to the Marina del Rey Project area, various County golf courses and regional parks, and Asset Development Projects. Substantially all of the Marina's land and harbor facilities are leased to others under agreements classified as operating leases. Certain golf courses and regional parks are leased under agreements which provide for activities such as golf course management and clubhouse operations, food and beverage concessions, and recreational vehicle camping. The Asset Development Projects are ground leases and development agreements entered into by the County for private sector development of commercial, industrial, residential, and cultural uses on vacant or underutilized County owned property. The Asset Development leases cover remaining periods ranging generally from 1 to 87 years and are accounted for in the General Fund. The lease terms for the golf courses and regional parks cover remaining periods ranging from 1 to 25 years and are also accounted for in the General Fund. The Marina del Rey leases cover remaining periods ranging from 1 to 57 years and are accounted for in the General Fund.

The land carrying value of the Asset Development Project ground leases and the Marina del Rey Project area leases is \$420,399,000. The carrying value of the capital assets associated with the golf course and regional park operating leases is not determinable.

The following is a schedule of future minimum rental receipts on noncancelable leases as of June 30, 2010 (in thousands):

Year Ending June 30	Governmental Activities
2011	\$ 43,187
2012	42,444
2013	39,705
2014	37,851
2015	37,057
Thereafter	<u>1,325,831</u>
Total	<u>\$ 1,526,075</u>

9. LEASES-Continued

Leases of County-Owned Property-Continued

The following is a schedule of rental income for these operating leases for the year ended June 30, 2010 (in thousands):

	Governmental Activities	
Minimum rentals Contingent rentals	\$ 42,236 18,478	
Total	\$ 60,714	

The minimum rental income is a fixed amount based on the lease agreements. The contingent rental income is a percentage of revenue above a certain base for the Asset Development leases or a calculated percentage of the gross revenue less the minimum rent payment for the other leases.

10. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-term obligations of the County consist of bonds, notes and loans payable, pension bonds payable (see Note 7), OPEB (see Note 8), capital lease obligations (see Note 9) and other liabilities which are payable from the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, Enterprise and Internal Service Funds.

A summary of bonds, notes and loans payable recorded within governmental activities follows (in thousands):

	Origina Amount		Balance le 30, 2010
Los Angeles County Flood Control District Refunding Bonds 2.5% to 5.0% Los Angeles County Flood Control	\$ 1	43,195	\$ 52,995
District Revenue Bonds 4.0% to 4.12% Regional Park and Open Space District Bonds (issued by Public Works		20,540	16,615
Financing Authority), 3.0% to 5.25% Community Development Commission (CDC)	2	75,535	238,471
Notes Payable, 2.31% to 7.91%		69,295	41,295
NPC Bond Anticipation Notes, 0.610% to 0.733%		11,100	11,100
NPC Bonds 2.0% to 5.0%		36,545	18,563
Marina del Rey Loans Payable, 4.5% to 4.7% Public Buildings Certificates of Participation,		23,500	19,452
2.8% to 7.75%	9	58,106	649,131
Commercial paper, 0.28% to 0.35% Los Angeles County Securitization Corporation Tobacco Settlement		22,977	22,977
Asset-Backed Bonds, 5.25% to 6.65%	3	319,827	 405,986
Total	<u>\$ 1,8</u>	880,620	\$ 1,476,585

10. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS-Continued

A summary of bonds and notes payable recorded within business-type activities follows (in thousands):

	Original Par Amount of Debt	Balance <u>June 30, 2010</u>
NPC Bond Anticipation Notes, 0.610% to 0.733%	\$ 3,900	\$ 3,900
NPC Bonds, 2.0% to 5.0%	12,840	6,522
Public Buildings Certificates of Participation,		
2.8% to 7.0%	140,064	85,347
Commercial Paper, 0.28% to 0.35%	257,023	257,023
Waterworks District Bonds, 3.3% to 8.0%	280	67
Community Development Commission		
Mortgage Notes, 0.00% to 7.3%	11,406	3,330
Total	<u>\$ 425,513</u>	<u>\$ 356,189</u>

General Obligation Bonds

Waterworks Districts issued general obligation bonds to finance water system projects. Revenue for retirement of such bonds is provided from ad valorem taxes on property within the jurisdiction of the governmental unit issuing the bonds. Principal and interest requirements on general obligation long-term debt for Waterworks District bonds are as follows (in thousands):

Year Ending June 30	<u>Business-type Activities</u> <u>Principal</u> <u>Interest</u>			
2011 2012 2013	\$ 21 22 <u>24</u>	\$ 6 3 <u>1</u>		
Total	<u>\$ 67</u>	<u>\$ 10</u>		

Assessment Bonds

The Regional Park and Open Space District issued voter approved assessment bonds in 1997, some of which were advance refunded in 2004-2005 and the remainder in 2007-2008, to fund the acquisition, restoration, improvement and preservation of beach, park, wildlife and open space resources within the District. As discussed in Note 4, the bonds were purchased by the Public Works Financing Authority (Authority) and similar bonds were issued as a public offering. The bonds issued by the Authority are payable from the pledged proceeds of annual assessments levied on parcels within the District's boundaries.

10. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS-Continued

<u>Assessment Bonds</u>-Continued

The bonds mature in fiscal year 2019-2020. Annual principal and interest payments of the bonds are expected to require less than 50% of annual assessment revenues. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$270,683,000, not including unamortized bond premiums. Principal and interest for the current year and assessment revenues were \$35,907,000 and \$80,130,000, respectively.

Principal and interest requirements on assessment bonds are as follows (in thousands):

Year Ending <u>June 30</u>	Governmental Activities Principal Interest		
2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016-2020	\$ 25,375 26,560 27,855 29,255 30,735 82,880	\$ 10,515 9,270 7,925 6,497 4,998 8,818	
Subtotal	222,660	<u>\$ 48,023</u>	
Add: Unamortized Bond Premiums	<u> 15,811</u>		
Total Assessment Bonds	<u>\$ 238,471</u>		

<u>Certificates of Participation</u>

The County has issued certificates of participation (COPs) through various financing entities that have been established by, and are component units of, the County. The debt proceeds have been used to finance the acquisition of County facilities and equipment. The County makes annual payments to the financing entities for the use of the property and the debt is secured by the underlying capital assets that have been financed. During fiscal year 2009-10, the County issued \$14,000,000 in COPs to finance cultural improvements and \$24,025,000 in COPs to finance equipment purchases.

The County has pledged net revenues from the Calabasas Landfill for the payment of the Calabasas Landfill Project Revenue bonds, included here in the Public Buildings COPS, issued in 2005 and maturing in 2022. To the extent that the net revenues are insufficient to cover the debt payments in any fiscal year, the County has pledged to make the debt payments from any source of legally available funds. Net landfill revenues covered all of the current fiscal year debt payment of \$3,095,000. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$42,338,000.

10. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS-Continued

Certificates of Participation-Continued

Principal and interest requirements on COPs (Flood Control District Refunding bonds and Revenue bonds, NPC bonds, and Public Buildings COPs for Governmental Activities and NPC bonds and Public Buildings COPs for Business-type Activities) are as follows (in thousands):

Year Ending	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities
<u>June 30</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2011 2012 2013	\$ 79,661 75,588 81,578	\$ 34,973 32,072 29,602	\$ 16,401 14,767 13,712	\$ 6,069 5,348 4,527
2014	51,489	26,680	13,201	3,898
2015	50,129	24,967	12,584	3,535
2016-2020 2021-2025 2026-2030 2031-2035	109,538 123,849 68,515 29,895	127,395 45,876 16,039 2,806	15,513	4,643
Subtotal	670,242	<u>\$ 340,410</u>	86,178	<u>\$ 28,020</u>
Accretions Unamortized Bond	74,483			
Premiums Unamortized Loss	24,384 (31,805)		5,691	
Total Certificates of Participation	<u>\$ 737,304</u>		<u>\$ 91,869</u>	

Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds

In 2006, the County entered into a Sale Agreement with the Los Angeles County Securitization Corporation (LACSC) under which the County relinquishes to the LACSC a portion of its future tobacco settlement revenues (TSRs) for the next 40 years. The County received from the sold TSRs a lump sum payment of \$319,827,000 and a residual certificate in exchange for the rights to receive and retain 25.9% of the County's TSRs through 2046. The residual certificate represented the County's ownership interest in excess TSRs to be received by the LACSC during the term of the Sale Agreement. Residuals through 2011 were expected to be approximately \$140,632,000. The total TSRs sold, based on the projected payment schedule in the Master Settlement Agreement and adjusted for historical trends, was estimated to be \$1,438,000,000. The estimated present value of the TSRs sold, net of the expected residuals and assuming a 5.7% interest rate at the time of the sale, was \$309,230,000. In the event of a decline in the tobacco settlement revenues for any reason, including the default or bankruptcy of a participating cigarette manufacturer, resulting in a decline in the tobacco settlement revenues and possible default on the Tobacco Bonds, neither the California County Tobacco Securitization Agency, the County, nor the LACSC has any liability to make up any such shortfall.

10. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS-Continued

Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds-Continued

Principal and interest requirements (in thousands) for the Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed bonds, which do not begin until 2011, are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities		
<u>June 30</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	
2011	\$	\$ 21,198	
2012		21,197	
2013		21,197	
2014		21,197	
2015		21,197	
2016-2020		105,987	
2021-2025	60,280	89,742	
2026-2030	46,370	79,133	
2031-2035		69,311	
2036-2040	62,196	51,136	
2041-2045	53,157	30,883	
2046-2050	<u>97,824</u>	<u>5,391</u>	
Subtotal	319,827	<u>\$ 537,569</u>	
Accretions	<u>86,159</u>		
Total Tobacco Settlement			
Asset-Backed Bonds	<u>\$ 405,986</u>		

Notes, Loans, and Commercial Paper

Bond Anticipation Notes (BANS) are issued by the Los Angeles County Capital Assets Leasing Corporation (LACCAL Equipment Acquisition Internal Service Fund) to provide interim financing for equipment purchases. BANS are purchased by the County Treasury Pool and are payable within five years. In addition, the BANS are issued with a formal agreement that, in the event they are not liquidated within the five-year period, they convert to capital leases with a three-year term secured by County real property. During the 2009-2010 fiscal year, LACCAL issued additional BANS in the amount of \$15,000,000.

CDC notes are secured by annual contributions from the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) and housing units constructed with the note proceeds. Commission mortgage notes are secured by revenues from the operation of housing projects and from housing assistance payments from HUD. During the 2009-2010 fiscal year, CDC issued additional notes payable in the amount of \$5,783 as reflected in Business-type Activities.

Marina del Rey loans were obtained from the California Department of Boating and Waterways for the restoration and renovation of the marina seawall. The loans are secured by Marina del Rey lease revenue and by Los Angeles County Music Center parking revenues.

10. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS-Continued

Notes, Loans, and Commercial Paper-Continued

Tax-exempt commercial paper notes (TECP) are issued by the County to pay for the construction costs of various County construction projects. Repayment of the TECP is secured by letters of credit and a sublease of twenty-four County-owned properties. The letters of credit have a termination date of April 26, 2013. Pursuant to the underlying lease, the County is able to amortize the remaining TECP over the useful life of the underlying assets. The term of individual commercial paper notes may not exceed 270 days. During fiscal year 2009-10, the County issued additional TECP in the amount of \$93,198,000 for Business-type Activities and \$22,977,000 for Governmental Activities.

Principal and interest requirements on CDC Notes payable, NPC BANS, Commercial Paper and Marina del Rey Loans payable for Governmental Activities and NPC BANS, Commercial Paper, and CDC Mortgage notes for Business-type Activities are as follows (in thousands):

Year Ending	Governmental Activities			tivities	Business-type Activities
<u>June 30</u>	<u> </u>	<u>rincipal</u>	<u>In</u>	<u>terest</u>	<u>Principal</u> <u>Interest</u>
2011	\$	26,209		3,144	\$ 257,374 13
2012		14,996		2,965	3,900
2013		4,009		2,759	
2014		3,691		2,556	
2015		3,880		2,356	
2016-2020		19,890		8,525	980
2021-2025		16,140		3,478	
2026-2030		6,009		649	
Indeterminate maturity					1,99 <u>9</u>
Total	\$	94,824	\$	26,432	<u>\$ 264,253</u> <u>\$ 13</u>

Summary-All Future Principal, Interest and Accretions

The following summarizes total future principal and interest requirements for the various debt issues referenced above (in thousands):

,	Government	tal Activities	<u>Business</u>	-type	<u>Activities</u>
Debt Type	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>
General Obligation Bonds	\$	\$	\$ 67	\$	10
Assessment Bonds	222,660	48,023			
Certificates of Participation	670,242	340,410	86,178		28,020
Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed					
Bonds	319,827	537,569			
Notes, Loans, and					
Commercial Paper	94,824	26,432	264,253	_	13
Subtotal	1,307,553	<u>\$ 952,434</u>	350,498	<u>\$</u>	28,043
Add: Accretions	160,642				
Unamortized Bond					
Premiums	40,195		5,691		
Less: Unamortized Loss on					
Advance Refunding of Debt	(31,805)				
Total Bonds and Notes Payable	<u>\$1,476,585</u>		<u>\$ 356,189</u>		

10. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS-Continued

Summary-All Future Principal, Interest and Accretions-Continued

Long-term liabilities recorded in the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets include accreted interest on zero coupon bonds, unamortized bond premiums, and unamortized losses on advance debt refundings.

Bonds Defeased in Prior Years

In prior years, various debt obligations, consisting of bonds and certificates of participation, were defeased by placing the proceeds of refunding bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old obligations. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the related liabilities for the defeased bonds are not reflected in the County's financial position. At June 30, 2010, the amount of outstanding bonds and certificates of participation considered defeased was \$138,640,000. All of this amount was related to governmental activities.

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of long-term liabilities and corresponding activity for the year ended June 30, 2010 (in thousands):

Julie 30, 2010 (iii tilousalius).					
	Balance	Additions/	Transfers/	Balance	Due Within
	July 1, 2009	Accretions	Maturities	June 30, 2010	One Year
O	-				
Governmental activities:					.
Bonds and notes payable	\$ 1,534,112	\$ 91,065	\$ 148,592	\$ 1,476,585	\$ 139,978
Pension bonds payable (Note 7)	485,092		228,375	256,717	256,717
Capital lease obligations (Note 9)	157,794	2,376	12,097	148,073	8,262
Accrued vacation and sick leave	808,652	69,045	48,598	829,099	49,929
Workers' compensation liability					
(Note 17)	1,816,262	333,216	284,614	1,864,864	308,950
Litigation and self-insurance	1,010,00	,		.,	,
liability (Note 17)	112,736	94,889	50,701	156,924	133,854
Pollution remediation	112,700	0-1,000	50,701	100,024	100,004
obligation (Note 18)	30,065		5,310	24,755	2,746
· ,	•	4 440 007	5,510	·	2,740
OPEB obligation (Note 8)	2,049,734	1,113,697	0.000	3,163,431	45 440
Third party payor liability	<u> 14,691</u>	4,738	<u>3,986</u>	<u>15,443</u>	<u>15,443</u>
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ 7,009,138</u>	<u>\$1,709,026</u>	<u>\$ 782,273</u>	<u>\$ 7,935,891</u>	<u>\$ 915,879</u>
Business-type activities:					
, .	¢ 224 020	¢ 102.240	¢ 60,000	¢ 256.490	¢ 274 606
Bonds and notes payable	\$ 321,930	\$ 103,349	\$ 69,090		\$ 274,696
Pension bonds payable (Note 7)	168,542		79,346	89,196	89,196
Capital lease obligations (Note 9)			143		
Accrued vacation and sick leave	137,652	10,729	8,992	139,389	8,682
Workers' compensation liability					
(Note 17)	299,719	34,146	39,314	294,551	44,617
Litigation and self-insurance					
liability (Note 17)	106,088	11,117	16,421	100,784	20,480
OPEB obligation (Note 8)	415,649	218,921	•	634,570	•
Third party payor liability (Note 13	,	36,519	33,790	185,003	3,324
1 31 3 3 (/ 				
Total business-type activities	<u>\$ 1,631,997</u>	<u>\$ 414,781</u>	<u>\$ 247,096,</u>	<u>\$ 1,799,682</u>	<u>\$ 440,995</u>

10. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS-Continued

Changes in Long-term Liabilities-Continued

For governmental activities, the General Fund, the Fire Protection District Special Revenue Fund and the Public Library Special Revenue Fund have typically been used to liquidate workers' compensation, accrued vacation and sick leave and litigation and self-insurance liabilities.

Bond interest accretions for deep discount bonds have been included in the amounts reported for Bonds and Notes Payable and Pension Bonds Payable. For Bonds and Notes Payable, accretions increased during 2009-2010, thereby increasing liabilities for Bonds and Notes Payable by \$22,166,000 for governmental activities. Amounts accreted for Pension Bonds in previous years were paid during 2009-2010 thereby decreasing liabilities for Pension Bonds Payable for governmental and business-type activities by \$141,392,000 and \$49,124,000, respectively, for interest accretions. Note 17 contains information about changes in the combined current and long-term liabilities for workers' compensation and litigation and self-insurance liabilities.

11. SHORT-TERM DEBT

On July 1, 2009, the County issued \$1,300,000,000 of short-term Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes at an effective interest rate of 0.8%. The proceeds of the notes were used to assist with County General Fund cash flow needs prior to the first major apportionment of property taxes, which occurred in December 2009. The notes matured and were redeemed on June 30, 2010.

12. CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS

Community Facilities and Improvement District Bonds

As of June 30, 2010, various community facilities and improvement districts established by the County had outstanding special tax bonds payable totaling \$73,245,000 and limited obligation improvement bonds totaling \$9,996,000. The bonds were issued to finance the cost of various construction activities and infrastructure improvements which have a regional or direct benefit to the related property owners.

The bonds do not constitute an indebtedness of the County and are payable solely from special taxes and benefit assessments collected from property owners within the districts. In the opinion of County officials, these bonds are not payable from any revenues or assets of the County and neither the full faith and credit of the County, the State or any political subdivision thereof is obligated to the payment of the principal or interest on the bonds. Accordingly, no liability has been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements.

The County functions as an agent for the districts and bondholders. Debt service transactions related to the various bond issues are reported in the agency funds. Construction activities are reported in the Improvement Districts' Capital Projects Fund. Revenues have been recorded (proceeds from property owners) to reflect the bond proceeds issued for capital improvements.

12. CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS-Continued

Residential Mortgage Revenue Bonds

Residential Mortgage Revenue Bonds have been issued to provide funds to purchase mortgage loans secured by first trust deeds on newly constructed and existing single family residences in the County. The purpose of this program is to provide low interest rate home mortgage loans to persons who are unable to qualify for conventional mortgages at market rates. Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds have been issued to provide permanent financing for apartment projects located in the County to be partially occupied by persons of low or moderate income. The amount of Mortgage Revenue Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2010, was \$549,112,000.

The bonds do not constitute an indebtedness of the County. The bonds are payable solely from payments made on and secured by a pledge of the acquired mortgage loans and certain funds and other monies held for the benefit of the bondholders pursuant to the bond indentures. In the opinion of County officials, these bonds are not payable from any revenues or assets of the County, and neither the full faith and credit nor the taxing authority of the County, the State or any political subdivision thereof is obligated to the payment of the principal or interest on the bonds. Accordingly, no liability has been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements.

Industrial Development and Other Conduit Bonds

Industrial development bonds, and other conduit bonds, have been issued to provide financial assistance to private sector entities and nonprofit corporations for the acquisition of industrial and health care facilities which provide a public benefit. The bonds are secured by the facilities acquired and/or bank letter of credit and are payable solely from project revenue or other pledged funds. The County is not obligated in any manner for the repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, no liability has been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements.

As of June 30, 2010, the amount of industrial development and other conduit bonds outstanding was \$1,540,000.

13. HOSPITAL AND OTHER PROGRAM REVENUES

Net patient service revenue is reported at the estimated net realizable amounts from patients, third-party payors, and others for services rendered, including estimated retroactive adjustments under reimbursement agreements with third-party payors. Retroactive adjustments are accrued on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered and adjusted in future periods, as final settlements are determined.

Medi-Cal Hospital / Uninsured Care Demonstration Project

The five-year Medi-Cal Hospital/Uninsured Care Demonstration Project (Demonstration Project) applies to payments Statewide (which currently includes 21 public hospitals, including all University of California owned hospitals, identified as Designated Public Hospitals, and private and non-designated public safety net hospitals that serve large numbers of Medi-Cal patients).

The Demonstration Project restructures inpatient hospital fee-for-service (FFS) payments and Disproportionate Share Hospital (DSH) payments, as well as the financing method by which the State draws down federal matching funds.

13. HOSPITAL AND OTHER PROGRAM REVENUES-Continued

Medi-Cal Hospital / Uninsured Care Demonstration Project-Continued

Under the Demonstration Project, payments for the public hospitals are comprised of: 1) FFS cost-based reimbursement for inpatient hospital services; 2) DSH payments and 3) distribution from a newly created pool of federal funding for uninsured care, known as the Safety Net Care Pool (SNCP), which was capped Statewide at \$586 million for FY 2009-10. The non-federal share of these three types of payments is provided by the public hospitals rather than the State, primarily through certified public expenditures (CPE), whereby the hospital would expend its local funding for services to draw down the federal financial participation (FFP). The federal medical assistance percentage (FMAP) which establishes the matching amount, for the FFS cost-based reimbursement is provided at 61.59% for July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2010. The FMAP for DSH remains at 50%. For the inpatient hospital cost-based reimbursement, each hospital provides its own CPE and receives all of the resulting federal match. For the DSH and SNCP distributions, the CPEs of all the public hospitals are used in the aggregate to draw down the federal match. It is therefore possible for one hospital to receive the federal match that results from another hospital's CPE. In this situation, the first hospital is referred to as a "recipient" hospital, while the second is referred to as a "donor" hospital. A recipient hospital is required to "retain" the FFP amounts resulting from donated CPEs.

The County provides funding for the State's share of the Demonstration Project by transferring funds to the State. These transferred funds, referred to as Intergovernmental Transfers (IGTs) are used by the State to draw down federal matching funds. The combined IGTs sent to the State by each Hospital Enterprise Fund, plus the matching federal funds are utilized by the State to provide supplemental funding for the Demonstration Project.

The Demonstration Project restricts the amount of IGTs that may be used for DSH payments. A hospital's IGT may be used to draw federal DSH funding, but only with respect to DSH payments made to that hospital, and the gross amount of such IGT funded payments (non-federal plus federal match) may not exceed 75% of the hospital's uncompensated care costs to ensure compliance with the OBRA 1993 hospital-specific DSH limit. The gross IGT funded DSH payment must be "retained" by the recipient hospital fund.

The County recognizes the supplemental funding received for each hospital as net patient services revenue as reflected in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets. The IGTs are reflected as non operating expenses by each Hospital in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets.

The IGTs paid during FY 2009-10 include payments for FYs 2008-09 and 2009-10. The estimated Medicaid Demonstration Project net revenues include amounts collected and accrued for FY 2009-10 and over/under-realization of revenues for FY 2005-06 through FY 2008-09. The amounts below are in thousands:

	P	rogram		Intergovernmental
	Medi-Cal FFS	<u>DSH</u>	<u>SNCP</u>	Transfers Expense
Harbor-UCLA	\$ 75,953	\$ 98,354	\$ 40,989	\$ 55,551
Olive View-UCLA	31,627	53,408	38,911	42,508
LAC+USC	158,244	199,213	120,916	134,922
M. L. King	3,104	620	(1,842)	0
Rancho	27,584	46,028	10,011	11,230
Total	<u>\$ 296,512</u>	<u>\$ 397,623</u>	<u>\$ 208,985</u>	<u>\$ 244,211</u>

13. HOSPITAL AND OTHER PROGRAM REVENUES-Continued

Baseline Funding

The Demonstration Project prioritizes payments so that, to the extent possible, total payments to hospitals are at a minimum "baseline" level. For public hospitals, the baseline level is determined and satisfied on a hospital-specific basis. The baseline for the 2009-10 program year is established by comparing each hospital's Medi-Cal inpatient costs, uninsured inpatient costs, and uninsured outpatient costs from FY 2004-05 to those from FY 2008-09, and applying the resulting growth as an adjustment to the FY 2004-05 baseline. The State estimates the aggregate baseline funding for the Statewide designated public hospitals to be \$2.459 billion.

The estimated FY 2009-10 baseline for the County hospitals is as follows (in thousands):

	Baseline
	<u>Amount</u>
Harbor-UCLA Medical Center	\$192,256
Olive View-UCLA Medical Center	110,000
LAC+USC Medical Center	414,976
Rancho Los Amigos National Rehabilitation Center	91,445
Total	<u>\$808,677</u>

The three funding components utilized to meet each hospital's baseline level are as follows:

- 1) Medi-Cal inpatient FFS cost-based reimbursement: The FFP which is paid to the hospital represents 61.59% of the facility-specific costs or CPE. The hospital's amounts will fluctuate based on the number of facility-specific Medi-Cal patients served and the facility-specific cost computations that are adjusted on an interim and final basis.
- 2) DSH funds: These payments are made to hospitals to take into account the uncompensated costs of care delivered to the uninsured, undocumented immigrants and shortfalls between Medi-Cal psychiatric and Medi-Cal managed care payments. The non-federal share of these funds will be a combination of CPEs for these services and IGTs that are subject to interim and final cost settlement. There is an annual fixed allotment of federal DSH funds. The waiver allocates almost all of these funds to public hospitals. (The State estimates the aggregate value of federal DSH funds for the Statewide designated public hospitals to be \$1.119 billion as of June 30, 2010, which includes a 2.5% DSH allotment increase that the State received as part of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009.)
- 3) SNCP Distributions: These federal payments are made to public hospitals and clinics for uncompensated care delivered to uninsured patients and for certain designated non-hospital costs, such as drugs and supplies for the uninsured. The non-federal share of these funds is based on CPEs for these services.

13. HOSPITAL AND OTHER PROGRAM REVENUES-Continued

Stabilization Funding

Payments to private and non-designated public DSH hospitals that exceed the aggregate baseline are considered stabilization funds and are included in the allocation among all waiver hospitals based on State law. Stabilization is distributed to the Designated Public Hospitals from the SNCP. The non-federal share of these funds is based on CPEs for related services.

Cal. Welfare & Institutions Code § 14166.20 requires the State to finalize the calculation of stabilization funding for each hospital and pay that amount by April 1 following the project year. This determination is based on cost estimates and specified adjustments. Under State law, the stabilization payments determined through this process shall not be modified for any reason other than mathematical errors or mathematical omissions on the part of the State.

Reported CPEs Subject to Audit

All CPEs reported by each hospital will be subject to State and federal audit and final reconciliation. If at the end of the final reconciliation process, it is determined that a hospital's claimed CPEs resulted in an overpayment of federal funds to the State, the hospital may be required to return the overpayment whether or not the County's hospital received the federal matching funds.

Medi-Cal Physician State Plan Amendment (Physician SPA)

Prior to July 1, 2005, Medi-Cal inpatient physician professional services (including non-physician practitioners) were reimbursed as part of an all-inclusive fixed contract rate per-diem. Effective July 1, 2005, public hospitals were no longer paid a fixed rate but were reimbursed under the Demonstration Project. The Demonstration Project is under State Plan Amendment 05-21, and excluded professional services. However, in December 2007, the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) approved California State Plan Amendment 05-23 which allowed professional services to be paid similarly to the inpatient hospital services under the Demonstration Project. Hospitals were allowed to claim unreimbursed Medi-Cal professional services (Hospital Inpatient, Emergency Room, and Psychiatric services) and which is currently being matched at a rate of 61.59%.

Physician payments of \$19.8 million were received for FY 2005-06, in FY 2009-10, based on filed cost report information.

State Senate Bill 474 (SB 474)

South Los Angeles Medical Services Preservation Fund

On October 12, 2007, SB 474 established an annual fund to stabilize health services for low-income, underserved populations of South Los Angeles. The "South Los Angeles Medical Services Preservation Fund" is intended to address the regional impact of the closure of the MLK-Harbor Hospital (currently MLK-MACC) and will help defray the County's costs for treating uninsured patients in the South Los Angeles area. For the year ended June 30, 2010, the County's hospitals recognized revenues of \$70.3 million from this program.

13. HOSPITAL AND OTHER PROGRAM REVENUES-Continued

State Senate Bill 474 (SB 474)-Continued

Intergovernmental Transfers for Private Hospital Supplemental Fund

SB 474 also requires the County to make IGTs to the State to fund the non-federal share of increased Medi-Cal payments to those private hospitals that serve the South Los Angeles population formerly served by MLK-Harbor Hospital. An IGT expense of \$5.0 million was recorded as health care expenditures in the County's General Fund for the year ended June 30, 2010.

Other Medi-Cal Programs

Cost-Based Reimbursement Clinics (CBRC)

CBRC reimburses at 100 percent of allowable costs for Medi-Cal outpatient services provided to Medi-Cal beneficiaries at the County's hospital-based clinics, Multi-Service Ambulatory Care Centers (MACC) and health centers (excluding clinics that provide predominately public health services). The Department-wide CBRC revenues in FY 2009-10 were \$188.7 million. The County determined that approximately \$194.5 million of CBRC would not be collectable within 12 months and has classified it as a non-current asset on the Proprietary Fund statements for each Hospital.

Medi-Cal Cost Report Settlements

All of the FY 2005-06 CBRC audit reports were issued. Total audit settlements of \$69.7 million were paid to the County.

The State Office of Administrative Hearings and Appeals issued a Report of Findings regarding the FY 2004-05 informal level appeal hearing held during June 2009. Based upon the report, \$2.7 million revised settlement monies are due to County which are being processed and paid.

FY 2005-06 informal level appeal hearings were held during February 2010 and June 2010. The resolution of the CBRC appeal issues have resulted an addition of \$1.4 million due to County. In regards to the resolution of various cost issues, the result is an additional \$9.1 million of allowable Medi-Cal inpatient costs which will be reimbursed in the Medi-Cal Redesign Paragraph 14 (P14) Workbooks.

State auditors are completing their FY 2006-07 Medi-Cal field audits review. Currently, audit exit conferences are being held at the hospital sites. We anticipate the issuance of the finalized audit reports beginning December 2010.

13. HOSPITAL AND OTHER PROGRAM REVENUES-Continued

Other Medi-Cal Programs-Continued

Medi-Cal Managed Care Rate Supplement

The State received permission from CMS to continue the Medi-Cal Managed Care rate supplements paid to L.A. Care and implement as similar arrangement with Health Net for the period October 1, 2008 through September 30, 2009. The supplement is funded by an IGT made by the County, and CMS understood that the supplemental payments were to be passed through to DHS. The County does not receive managed care payments directly from the State; rather, the State contracts with L.A. Care and Health Net, which then subcontract for services with various provider networks, including DHS' Community Health Plan and providers. We expect the State to make another proposal, to CMS, to extend this program for the period October 1, 2009 through September 30, 2010.

For L.A. Care, DHS recorded current year gross payments in FY 2009-10 of \$79.4 million and under-realized prior year revenues of \$6.5 million. For Health Net, DHS recorded current year gross payments of \$38.2 million and over-realized prior year revenues of \$26.6 million. In addition, IGT payables of \$27.3 million for L.A. Care and \$24.6 million for Health Net were recorded to fund the supplemental payments.

The total estimated revenues and related estimated IGTs recorded in FY 2009-10, less prior year accruals, are as follows (in thousands):

	Program Revenues	Intergovernmental Transfer Expenses
L.A. Care Current Year Prior Year over/(under) Total L.A. Care	\$ 79,378 (6,453) 72,925	\$ 30,558 (3,257) 27,301
Health Net Current Year Prior Year over/(under) Total Health Net	38,180 <u>26,640</u> 64,820	14,788 <u>9,861</u> 24,649
Totals	<u>\$ 137,745</u>	<u>\$ 51,950</u>

Coverage Initiative

On April 10, 2007, the State awarded the County an allocation of federal funding to implement its Healthy Way LA Program under the Health Care Coverage Initiative (CI). In addition to patient care services, the County is to claim administrative and case management costs associated with the CI program. In FY 2009-10, an estimated \$144.4 million (of which \$134.4 was received by June 30, 2010) of CI revenues and \$12.1 million of CI administrative costs were recognized.

Revenues from the various Medi-Cal programs (i.e., FFS, DSH, SNCP, CBRC, AB 915, SB 1732, etc.) represent approximately 79% of the hospitals' patient care revenue for the year ended June 30, 2010.

13. HOSPITAL AND OTHER PROGRAM REVENUES-Continued

American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009

On February 17, 2009, President Obama signed into law the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA), a major economic stimulus and fiscal relief package. The ARRA's biggest financial impact to the County comes from the temporary increase in the FMAP, which results in additional federal revenue provided for non-administrative Medicaid costs. California's FMAP was increased from 50% to 61.59% effective from October 1, 2008 through December 31, 2010. The ARRA also increased the State's DSH allotment by 2.5% for federal fiscal years 2009 and 2010. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, the County recognized \$76.5 million from the FMAP ARRA increase.

Medicare Program

Services to inpatient Medicare program beneficiaries are primarily paid under prospectively determined rates-per-discharge based upon diagnostic related groups (DRGs). Certain other services to Medicare beneficiaries are reimbursed based on a fee schedule or other rates.

Medicare audits have been completed at all hospitals and notices of program reimbursement have been received for all hospitals through FY 2001-02. For FY 2002-03, Medicare audits have been completed for all hospitals; however, the notice of program reimbursement has not been issued for LAC+USC Medical Center (LAC+USC). For FY 2003-04, the audits for Martin Luther King Jr./Drew Medical Center (MLK), Harbor-UCLA Medical Center (H-UCLA), Rancho Los Amigos National Rehabilitation (RLA), and Olive View-UCLA Medical Center (OV-UCLA) have been completed. The audit for LAC+USC MC has been scheduled for FY 2003-04.

For FYs 2004-05 through 2005-06, the audits for MLK and OV-UCLA have been completed, and RLA audits are in progress. The audits for LAC+USC and H-UCLA have not been scheduled.

For FY 2006-07, the audits for MLK, RLA, and OV-UCLA have been completed and the notice of program reimbursement has been issued. The audits for LAC+USC and H-UCLA have not been scheduled.

For FYs 2007-08 and 2008-09, the Medicare audits for LAC+USC, H-UCLA, RLA, and OV-UCLA have not been scheduled. Effective August 16, 2007, MLK ceased to be certified as a participant in the Medicare program and will not undergo a hospital Medicare audit for FY 2007-08 due to low Medicare utilization.

Revenues from the Medicare program represent approximately 8% of patient care revenue for the year ended June 30, 2010.

Revenues related to the aforementioned programs are included in the accompanying basic financial statements as hospital operating revenues. Uncollected amounts are reported as Accounts Receivable. Claims for these programs are subject to audit by State and/or federal agencies.

13. HOSPITAL AND OTHER PROGRAM REVENUES-Continued

Accounts Receivable-net

The following is a summary, by hospital, of accounts receivable and allowances for uncollectible amounts as of June 30, 2010 (in thousands):

		H-UCLA	0	V-UCLA	<u>L</u>	AC+USC	MLK-N	MACC_	Rai	ncho		<u>Total</u>
Accounts receivable	\$	1,070,957	\$	590,774	\$	1,627,038	\$ 140),894	\$ 36	4,190	\$ 3	,793,853
Less: Allowance for uncollectible amounts	_	875,749		<u>458,176</u>		1,256,69 <u>5</u>	52	2 <u>,819</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>2,839</u>	2	.,916,278
Accounts Receivable - net	\$	195,208	<u>\$</u>	132,598	\$	370,343	<u>\$ 88</u>	3,07 <u>5</u>	<u>\$ 9</u>	<u>1,351</u>	\$	877,575

Charity Care

Charity care includes those uncollectible amounts, for which the patient is unable to pay. Generally, charity care adjustment accounts are those accounts for which an indigence standard has been established and under which the patient qualifies. Inability to pay may be determined through one of the Department's Reduced Cost Health Care plans, through other collection efforts by the Department, by the Treasurer-Tax Collector, or by an outside collection agency. Determinations of charity care may be made prior to, at the time of service, or any time thereafter.

The total amount of such charity care provided by the hospitals for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, based on established rates, is as follows (in thousands):

Charges forgone	\$1,713,949
Less: Federal and State subventions	0
Net charges forgone	\$1,713,949

<u>Litigation Regarding Reduction in Health Services</u>

In March 2003, two lawsuits were filed in Federal District Court against the County challenging health care reductions approved by the Board. The lawsuits challenged the closure of Rancho Los Amigos National Rehabilitation Center as well as the reduction of the 100 beds at LAC+USC Medical Center.

Negotiated settlements in both cases were approved by the Board of Supervisors in August 2005 and became final in December 2005 and March 2006, respectively. Pursuant to the settlement agreements, the County agreed to keep Rancho open through March 9, 2009 at a specified level of service. The settlement agreement expired on March 10, 2009, but the County has continued its efforts to identify and negotiate with an organization to assume the future operation of Rancho as was originally required by the settlement agreement. In the meantime, the facility is open and operating. With respect to LAC+USC, the settlement allows for the graduated reduction of beds contingent upon the County providing additional outpatient care on the facility's campus and the facility reaching certain targets showing the efficiency of, and decreased demand on, the hospital. The new LAC+USC Medical Center open its doors in November 2008 and its operating at near-capacity. The settlement agreement expired shortly thereafter.

13. HOSPITAL AND OTHER PROGRAM REVENUES-Continued

Martin Luther King

Since the closure of MLK-H hospital, the County has been working on options to provide hospital services at the MLK site. The County and the University of California ("UC"), with the State, have approved a plan to create a wholly independent, non-profit 501(c)(3) entity to operate a new hospital at the MLK-H site. The new hospital would: i) serve as a safety-net provider treating a high volume of Medi-Cal and uninsured patients, ii) be integrated with the County's existing network of specialty and primary care ambulatory clinics, and iii) optimize public and private resources to fund services. The seven-member MLK Hospital Board of Directors was appointed by the County and UC effective on August 10, 2010 and is proceeding with efforts to open the new MLK Hospital. Construction of the new hospital facility at the MLK-H site is expected to be completed by early 2013.

14. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund Receivables/Payables

Interfund receivables and payables have been eliminated in the government-wide financial statements, except for "internal balances" that are reflected between the governmental and business-type activities. Interfund receivables and payables have been recorded in the fund financial statements. Such amounts arise due to the exchange of goods or services (or subsidy transfers) between funds that were pending the transfer of cash as of June 30, 2010.

Cash transfers related to interfund receivables/payables are generally made within 30 days after yearend. Amounts due to/from other funds at June 30, 2010 are as follows (in thousands):

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	A	mount
General Fund	Fire Protection District Flood Control District Public Library Regional Park and Open Space District Internal Service Funds Waterworks Enterprise Funds Harbor-UCLA Medical Center Olive View-UCLA Medical Center LAC+USC Medical Center M.L. King Ambulatory Care Center Rancho Los Amigos Nat'l Rehab Center Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$	7,437 5,540 1,981 2,667 6,120 759 29,760 26,845 107,100 10,420 21,102 12 216,698 436,441
Fire Protection District	General Fund Internal Service Funds Harbor–UCLA Medical Center Nonmajor Governmental Funds		7,127 1 1 451 7,580

14. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS-Continued

Interfund Receivables/Payables-Continued

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
Flood Control District	General Fund Internal Service Funds Waterworks Enterprise Funds Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 42 10,536 3 693 11,274
Public Library	General Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds	4,785 465 5,250
Regional Park and Open Space District	General Fund	1
Internal Service Funds Internal Service Funds	General Fund Fire Protection District Flood Control District Public Library Waterworks Enterprise Funds Harbor-UCLA Medical Center Olive View-UCLA Medical Center LAC+USC Medical Center M.L. King Ambulatory Care Center Rancho Los Amigos Nat'l Rehab Center Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	20,499 80 11,583 7 3,848 2,605 709 86 1,285 159 281
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	23,747 64,889
Waterworks Enterprise Funds	General Fund Flood Control District Internal Service Funds Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Nonmajor Governmental Funds	71 32 1,150 4 1,566 2,823
Harbor-UCLA Medical Center	General Fund Fire Protection District Olive View-UCLA Medical Center LAC+USC Medical Center M.L. King Ambulatory Care Center Rancho Los Amigos Nat'l Rehab Center Nonmajor Governmental Funds	24,219 20 7,759 120 2,734 28 26,942 61,822
Olive View-UCLA Medical Center	General Fund Fire Protection District	45,666 149

14. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS-Continued

Interfund Receivables/Payables-Continued

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
	Harbor-UCLA Medical Center LAC+USC Medical Center Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 24 8,944 15,654 70,437
LAC+USC Medical Center	General Fund Fire Protection District Harbor-UCLA Medical Center Olive View-UCLA Medical Center M.L. King Ambulatory Care Center Rancho Los Amigos Nat'l Rehab Center Nonmajor Governmental Funds	76,899 16 10,963 11,432 1,953 858 58,341 160,462
M.L. King Ambulatory Care Center	General Fund Olive View-UCLA Medical Center LAC+USC Medical Center Nonmajor Governmental Funds	44,324 482 1,927 8
Rancho Los Amigos Nat'l Rehab Center	General Fund Fire Protection District Internal Service Funds Olive View-UCLA Medical Center LAC+USC Medical Center	46,741 1,257 36 12 587 26,390 28,282
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds	5
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund Flood Control District Public Library Internal Service Funds Waterworks Enterprise Funds Nonmajor Governmental Funds	276,815 656 1,492 9,949 2 14,564 303,478
Total Interfund Receivables/Payables		<u>\$ 1,199,485</u>

14. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS-Continued

Interfund Transfers

Transfers were made during the year from the General Fund to subsidize the operations of the Public Library and the five hospitals. Other transfers primarily consisted of payments from the various operating funds (principally the General Fund) to debt service funds in accordance with long-term debt covenants. In addition, special revenue funds that are statutorily restricted made transfers to other funds to reimburse eligible costs incurred.

Interfund transfers to/from other funds for the year ended June 30, 2010 are as follows (in thousands):

Transfer From	Transfer To	Amount
General Fund	Fire Protection District Public Library Internal Service Funds Harbor-UCLA Medical Center Olive View-UCLA Medical Center LAC+USC Medical Center M.L. King Ambulatory Care Center Rancho Los Amigos Nat'l Rehab Center Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 1,500 35,864 115 129,710 146,351 266,011 124,244 20,487 55,886 780,168
Fire Protection District	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	11,433
Flood Control District	Internal Service Funds Nonmajor Governmental Funds	210 19,078 19,288
Public Library	General Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds	705 1,640 2,345
Regional Park and Open Space District	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	34,754
Internal Service Funds	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	<u>95</u>
Waterworks Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds	112
Olive View-UCLA Medical Center	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	144
LAC+USC Medical Center	Olive View-UCLA Medical Center Rancho Los Amigos Nat'l Rehab Center	8,917 <u>26,192</u> 35,109
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	<u>135</u>

14. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS-Continued

Interfund Transfers-Continued

Transfer From	Transfer To	Amount		
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund Fire Protection District Flood Control District Public Library Internal Service Funds Waterworks Enterprise Funds Harbor-UCLA Medical Center Olive View-UCLA Medical Center LAC+USC Medical Center M.L. King Ambulatory Care Center Rancho Los Amigos Nat'l Rehab Center Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 359,707 1,200 328 661 922 1,500 51,516 35,257 106,853 2,700 2,536 1,083 42,008 606,271		
Total Interfund Transfers		<u>\$1,489,854</u>		
Interfund Transactions				

Interfund Transactions

The General Fund, along with other funds that receive services from the Public Works Internal Service Fund, makes short-term advances to ensure sufficient cash is available to fund operations. In addition, the General Fund makes short-term and long-term advances to assist the Hospital Funds in meeting their cash flow requirements. During fiscal year 2009-10, the County determined that a portion of Hospital revenue was not collectible within one year and identified long-term receivables in each Hospital Enterprise Fund. To assist the Hospital Funds in meeting their cash flow requirements, the General Fund provided a \$194.5 million long-term advance and established a corresponding fund balance reserve.

Advances from/to other funds at June 30, 2010 are as follows (in thousands):

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Short-Term	Long-Term	<u>Total</u>
General Fund	Internal Service Fund Harbor-UCLA Medical Center Olive View-UCLA Medical Center LAC+USC Medical Center M.L. King Ambulatory Care Center Rancho Los Amigos Nat'l Rehab Center	\$ 2,535 197,120 134,614 333,022 69,091 87,252 823,634	15,622 58,616 60,680 36,122	\$ 2,535 212,742 193,230 393,702 105,213 110,739 1,018,161
Flood Control District	Internal Service Fund	6,601		6,601
Waterworks Enterprise Funds	e Internal Service Funds	1,308		1,308
Nonmajor Governmer Funds	ital Internal Service Funds	11,556		11,556
Total Interfund Advance	ces	<u>\$ 843,099</u>	<u>\$ 194,527</u>	<u>\$ 1,037,626</u>

15. BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING DIFFERENCES/RECONCILIATIONS BETWEEN THE BUDGETARY BASIS AND GAAP

The County's Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget and Actual on Budgetary Basis for the major governmental funds has been prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting, which is different from GAAP.

The amounts presented for the governmental fund statements are based on the modified accrual basis of accounting and differ from the amounts presented on a budgetary basis of accounting. The major areas of difference are as follows:

- For budgetary purposes, reserves and designations are recorded as other financing uses at the time they are established. Although designations are not legal commitments, the County recognizes them as uses of budgetary fund balance. Designations that are subsequently cancelled or otherwise made available for appropriation are recorded as other financing sources.
- Under the budgetary basis, revenues (primarily intergovernmental) are recognized at the time encumbrances are established for certain programs and capital improvements. The intent of the budgetary policy is to match the use of budgetary resources (for amounts encumbered, but not yet expended) with funding sources that will materialize as revenues when actual expenditures are incurred. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are not recognized until the qualifying expenditures are incurred.
- For the General Fund, obligations for accrued vacation and sick leave and estimated liabilities for litigation and self-insurance are recorded as budgetary expenditures to the extent that they are estimated to be payable within one year after year-end. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such expenditures are not recognized until they become due and payable in accordance with GASB Interpretation No. 6.
- In conjunction with the sale of Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed bonds in 2005-06, the County sold 25.9% of its future tobacco settlement revenues. Under the budgetary basis, the proceeds were recognized as revenues. Under the modified accrual basis, the proceeds were recorded as a sale of future revenues and were being recognized over the duration of the sale agreement, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 48. This matter is also discussed in Note 10, under the caption, "Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds."
- Under the budgetary basis, property tax revenues are recognized to the extent that they are collectible within one year after year-end. Under the modified accrual basis, property tax revenues are recognized only to the extent that they are collectible within 60 days.
- For budgetary purposes, investment income is recognized prior to the effect of changes in the fair value of investments. Under the modified accrual basis, the effects of such fair value changes have been recognized.

15. BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING DIFFERENCES/RECONCILIATIONS BETWEEN THE BUDGETARY BASIS AND GAAP-Continued

- In conjunction with implementing GASB 45, the County determined that certain assets were held by LACERA (the OPEB administrator) in an OPEB Agency Fund. For budgetary purposes, any excess payments (beyond the pay-as-you-go amount) are recognized as expenditures. Under the modified accrual basis, the expenditures are adjusted to recognize the OPEB Agency assets at June 30, 2010.

The following schedule is a reconciliation of the budgetary and GAAP fund balances for the major governmental funds (in thousands):

	General Fund	Fire Protection District	Flood Control District	Public Library	Regional Park and Open Space District
Fund balance - budgetary basis Reserves and designations	\$ 1,628,644 	\$ 93,819 	\$ 14,623 151,779	\$ 14,924 <u>19,394</u>	\$ 165,189 <u>129,508</u>
Subtotal	3,016,088	220,848	166,402	34,318	294,697
Adjustments:					
Accrual of estimated liability for litigation and self-insurance claim Accrual of vacation and sick leave benefits	ns 169,007 40,290	(655)		23	
Deferral of sale of tobacco settlement revenue Change in revenue accruals Subtotal Fund balance - GAAP basis	(261,788) 32,214 (20,277) \$ 2,995,811	(11,391) (12,046) \$ 208,802	(4,927) (4,927) \$ 161,475	(1,206) (1,183) \$ 33,135	

16. OTHER COMMITMENTS

Construction Commitments

At June 30, 2010, there were contractual commitments of approximately \$16,601,000 for various general government construction projects and approximately \$12,773,000 for various hospital construction projects that were financed by commercial paper.

LACERA Capital Commitments

At June 30, 2010, LACERA had outstanding capital commitments to various investment managers, approximating \$2,430,000,000. Subsequent to June 30, 2010, LACERA funded \$209,000,000 of these capital commitments.

17. RISK MANAGEMENT

The County purchases insurance for certain risk exposures such as aviation, employee fidelity, boiler and machinery in certain structures, art objects, catastrophic hospital general liability, volunteer, special events, public official bond, crime, safety reserve employee death and disability, and fiduciary liability for the deferred compensation plans. There have been no settlements related to these programs that exceeded insurance coverage in the last three years. The County also has insurance on most major structures. Losses did not exceed coverage in 2007-2008, 2008-2009 or 2009-2010.

The County retains the risk for all other loss exposures. Major areas of risk include workers' compensation, medical malpractice, law enforcement, theft and damage to property including natural disasters, errors and omissions, and torts. Expenditures are accounted for in the fund whose operations resulted in the loss. Claims expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has been incurred and the amount of that loss, including those incurred but not reported, can be reasonably estimated. The County utilizes actuarial studies, historical data, and individual claims reviews to estimate these liabilities. The liabilities include estimable incremental claim adjustment expenses, net of salvage, and subrogation of approximately 10% of the total liabilities. They do not include other claim adjustment costs because the County does not believe it is practical or cost effective to estimate them.

As indicated in the following table, the County's workers' compensation liabilities as of June 30, 2010 were approximately \$2.159 billion. This amount is undiscounted and is based on an actuarial study of the County's self-insured program as of June 30, 2009. Approximately \$150,142,000 of the total liabilities pertain to salary continuation payments and other related costs mandated by the State Labor Code.

As of June 30, 2010, the County's best estimate of these liabilities is \$2.417 billion. Changes in the reported liability since July 1, 2008 resulted from the following (in thousands):

	Beginning of Fiscal Year Liability	Current Year Claims and Changes In Estimates	Claim <u>Payments</u>	Balance At Fiscal Year-End	
2008-2009 Workers' Compensation Other Total 2008-2009	\$ 2,120,428 247,389 \$ 2,367,817	\$ 313,090 39,323 \$ 352,413	\$(317,537) (67,888) \$(385,425)	\$ 2,115,981 218,824 \$ 2,334,805	
2009-2010 Workers' Compensation Other Total 2009-2010	\$ 2,115,981 218,824 \$ 2,334,805	\$ 367,362 106,006 \$ 473,368	\$(323,928) (67,122) \$(391,050)	\$ 2,159,415 <u>257,708</u> <u>\$ 2,417,123</u>	

17. RISK MANAGEMENT-Continued

In addition to the above estimated liabilities, the County has determined that claims seeking damages of approximately \$118.3 million are reasonably possible of creating adverse judgments against the County. Because of the uncertainty of their outcome, no loss has been accrued for these claims.

18. POLLUTION REMEDIATION

GASB 49 establishes accounting and reporting guidelines for the recognition and measurement of pollution remediation obligations (liabilities).

The County is involved in several remediation actions to clean up pollution sites within its boundaries. These matters generally coincide with the County's ownership of land, buildings and infrastructure assets. In some cases, regulatory agencies (e.g., Regional Water Quality Board, State Department of Toxic Control, California Coastal Commission) notified the County of the need for remedial action. In addition, the County conducts its own environmental monitoring and this activity identifies pollution sites and matters requiring further investigation and possible remediation. Once the County is aware of these conditions, it commences monitoring, assessment, testing and/or clean up activities, and recognizes pollution remediation obligations when estimates can reasonably be determined.

The types of pollution that have been identified include leaking underground storage tanks, water, groundwater and soil contamination, asbestos and lead paint contamination, methane gas detection and excessive levels of other contaminants. Remediation efforts include developing remediation and feasibility studies, source identification studies, site testing, sampling and analysis, ground water clean up, and removal of storage tanks, asbestos tiles and other hazardous materials.

As of June 30, 2010, the County's estimated pollution remediation obligations totaled \$24.755 million. These obligations were all associated with the County's government-wide governmental activities. Obligations of enterprise and internal service funds were immaterial. The estimated liabilities were determined by project managers, based on historical cost information for projects of the same type, size and complexity and measured at their current value. In subsequent periods, the County will adjust estimated obligations when new information indicates that such changes are required. At this time, the County has determined there are no estimated recoveries reducing the obligations.

19. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes ("TRANS")

On July 1, 2010, the County issued \$1,500,000,000 in 2010-2011 TRANS which will mature on June 30, 2011. The TRANS are collateralized by taxes and other revenues attributable to the 2010 -2011 fiscal year and were issued in the form of Fixed Rate Notes at an effective interest rate of 0.85%.

19. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS-Continued

Capital Asset Leasing Corporation Lease Revenue Bond Anticipation Notes

On September 2, 2010 and again on October 27, 2010, the Corporation issued \$10,000,000 Bond Anticipation Notes with an initial interest rate of 0.681% and 0.670%, respectively. The rates are adjustable on January 2 and July 1, of each year. The notes were purchased by the Los Angeles County Treasury Pool and are due on June 30, 2013. Proceeds of the notes are being used to purchase equipment. The notes are to be paid from the proceeds of lease revenue bonds.

California's Bridge to Healthcare Reform (Waiver)

On November 2, 2010, Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) approved for California a new Medicaid Demonstration Project, entitled California's Bridge to Healthcare Reform (Waiver 11-W-00193/9) under the authority of section 1115(a) of the Social Security Act for the period November 1, 2010 through October 31, 2015. The agreement "waives" certain Medicaid requirements in order to test new strategies and demonstration projects that can improve care and care delivery.

Public hospital systems will provide the financing through their counties and lead the implementation of expanding coverage to low income people and transforming care so that it is more coordinated, efficient and patient-centered. Support for public hospital systems from the waiver falls into the following areas:

Coverage Expansion

Under the Waiver, counties have the option to expand coverage by operating a Low Income Health Program. Under this plan the County may cover individuals up to 133% of the federal poverty level (FPL), known as the Medicaid Coverage Expansion (MCE) population. If counties meet certain federal requirements and have the resources available to do so, they can also cover individuals between 134% and 200% FPL, known as the Health Care Coverage Initiative (HCCI) population. The Low Income Health Program will run through the end of 2013, at which time coverage under federal health care reform will take effect.

Delivery System Reform Incentive Pool

The new Waiver establishes the Delivery System Reform Incentive Pool (DSRIP) which will tie federal funding to ambitious milestones in care delivery improvements. To obtain funding under the DSRIP, public hospital systems must submit a five-year plan showing how they will accomplish desired results, and will be required to achieve significant milestones that will be approved by the State and CMS.

Support Costs for Uncompensated Care

The Safety Net Care Pool will continue to provide partial reimbursement for the costs of care to the uninsured, helping public hospitals to continue to provide essential services to those in need.

19. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS-Continued

California's Bridge to Healthcare Reform (Waiver)-Continued

Managed Care for Seniors and Persons with Disabilities (SPDs)

Under the Waiver, the State of California will move Medi-Cal beneficiaries who are Seniors and Persons with Disabilities (SPDs) into mandatory managed care, in an effort to provide more coordinated care and contain costs. The public hospitals will partially finance managed care rates to health plans for care of SPDs by providing IGTs.

Hospital Fee Program (HFP)

The California Hospital Fee Program (AB 1383) and its amending legislation (AB 1653) were signed into law by the Governor of California and became effective on January 1, 2010 and September 8, 2010, respectively. HFP covers the period beginning April 1, 2009 and expires on December 31, 2010. The legislation contains two components:

- The Quality Assurance Fee Act governs the hospital fee paid by participating hospitals (public hospitals, certain small and rural hospitals, most specialty hospitals, and long term care hospitals are exempt), and
- The Medi-Cal Hospital Provider Stabilization Act governs the supplemental Medi-Cal
 payments to providers from the fund established to accumulate assessed hospital fees
 and matching federal funds. The legislation allows for fee-for-service and managed
 health care supplemental payments to private hospitals, designated public hospitals, and
 non-designated public hospitals. The designated public hospitals will also receive direct
 grants under the Program.

The legislation also allows the State to retain and use a portion of the direct grants allocated to the designated public hospitals with a provision that the State allocates an equal amount of federal funds available under the Medi-Cal Hospital/Uninsured Care Demonstration Project to the designated public hospitals. The designated public hospital must have incurred sufficient expenditures so that the full amount allocated can be received as federal matching funds.

The Program must be fully approved by CMS to be implemented. On October 7, 2010, CMS has approved the implementation of the Program with the exception of the managed health care supplemental payment plan. CMS' approval of the managed health care plan is expected in the near future.

If approved, the County projects to receive a total of \$200 million from the Program; \$29 million and \$115 million of which relates to FY 2008-09 and 2009-10, respectively. Annual budgets are adopted for each hospital fund and \$139.9 million of such revenues were recognized in 2009-2010 actual revenues for purposes of the County's budget.

19. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS-Continued

Public Works Financing Authority – Lease Revenue Bonds 2010 Series A and B

On November 9, 2010, the Authority issued \$102,900,000 in lease revenue Series A bonds, maturing from 2014 to 2019, with yields ranging from 1.8% to 3.45%. Also on November 9, 2010, the Authority issued \$688,005,000 in taxable lease revenue (Build America/Recovery Zone Economic Development) Series B bonds, maturing from 2020 to 2040, with yields ranging from 5.591% to 7.618%. Proceeds from the sale of the Series A and Series B bonds will be used to finance and/or refinance various capital improvements projects.

Tax-Exempt Commercial Paper

On August 18, 2010, the Los Angeles County Capital Asset Leasing Corporation issued an additional \$50,000,000 in tax-exempt commercial paper. The proceeds are being used to fund capital requirements of various capital projects. The commercial paper, which was initially issued at an average rate of 0.31%, is secured by a long-term lease of County real estate and a letter of credit.

On December 1, 2010, the County redeemed \$169,000,000 of the \$330,000,000 tax-exempt commercial paper outstanding, utilizing a portion of the proceeds from the Public Works Financing Authority-Lease Revenue Bonds 2010 Series A and B.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (Unaudited)

Los Angeles County Employees Retirement Association Schedule of Funding Progress-Pension Plan (Dollar amounts in thousands)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	Unfunded AAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
06/30/07	\$37,041,832	\$ 39,502,456	\$ 2,460,624	93.8%	\$ 5,615,736	43.8%
06/30/08	39,662,361	41,975,631	2,313,270	94.5%	6,123,888	37.8%
06/30/09	39,541,865	44,468,636	4,926,771	88.9%	6,547,616	75.2%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (Unaudited) Schedule of Funding Progress-Other Postemployment Benefits (Dollar amounts in thousands)

Retiree Health Care(1)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuar Value Asse (a)	of	Ad Liabi	ctuarial ccrued lity (AAL) ntry Age (b)	_	Unfunded AAL (b-a)	unded Ratio (a/b)	Cover Payro (c)	ed	Unfunded AAL as a Perce of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)	entage d
July 1, 2006	\$	0		,301,800		20,301,800	0%	. ,	05,804		9.98%
July 1, 2008		0	20	,901,600		20,901,600	0%	6,1	23,888	34′	1.31%
Long-Term Dis	sability(1)										
July 1, 2007	\$	0	\$	929,265	\$	929,265	0%	. ,	15,736		6.55%
July 1, 2009		0		951,797		951,797	0%	6,5	47,616	14	1.54%

⁽¹⁾ There was no data available prior to the first valuation.

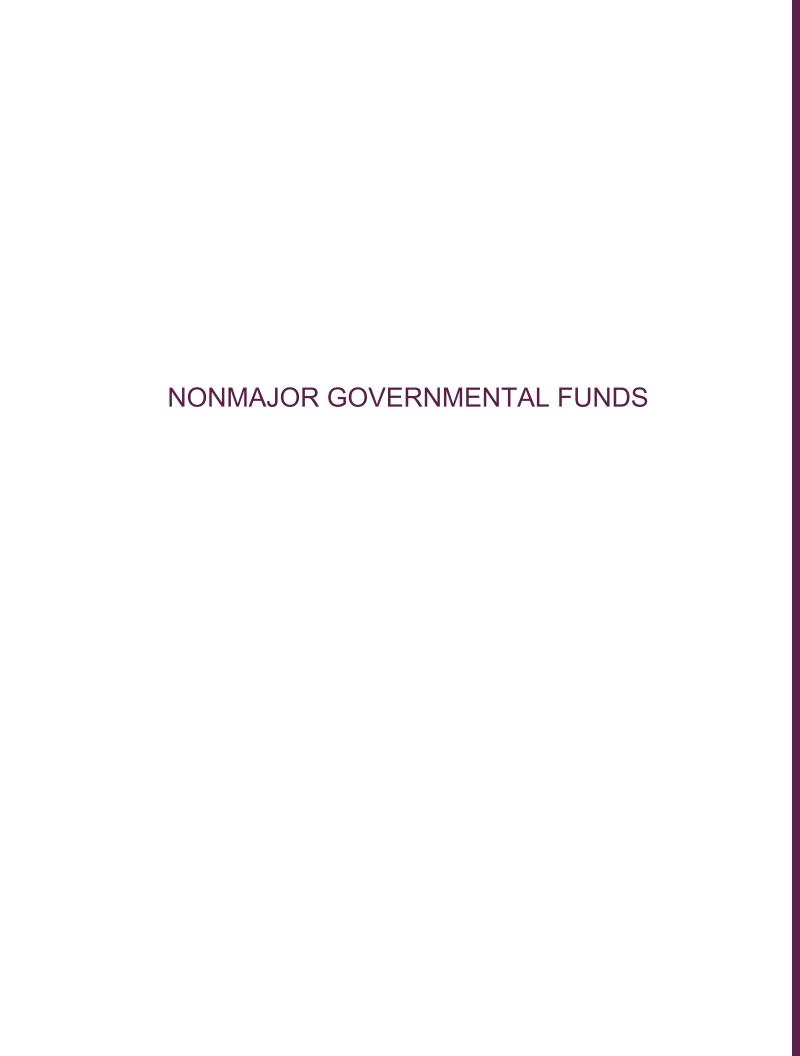
COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources except those accounted for in other funds. Revenues are derived from Taxes; Licenses, permits and franchises; Fines, forfeitures and penalties; Revenue from use of money and property; Intergovernmental revenues; Charges for services and Miscellaneous. Expenditures are expended for functions of General government; Public protection; Public ways and facilities; Health and sanitation; Public assistance; Education; Recreation and cultural services; Debt service and Capital outlay.

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (in thousands)

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE FROM FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)
GENERAL GOVERNMENT:			BASIS	OVER (ONDER)
Salaries and employee benefits	\$ 836,818	824,361	754,810	(69,551)
Services and supplies	1,325,985	1,263,661	501,210	(762,451)
Other charges	108,111	105,511	51,429	(54,082)
Capital assets	7,694	12,249	9,686	(2,563)
Intrafund transfers	(584,857)	(585,740)	(477,599)	108,141
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	1,693,751	1,620,042	839,536	(780,506)
PUBLIC PROTECTION:				
Salaries and employee benefits	3,498,208	3,592,531	3,539,022	(53,509)
Services and supplies	842,162	844,877	723,058	(121,819)
Other charges	389,435	392,468	378,807	(13,661)
Capital assets	36,437	32,061	19,314	(12,747)
Intrafund transfers	(131,800)	(132,993)	(79,808)	53,185
TOTAL PUBLIC PROTECTION	4,634,442	4,728,944	4,580,393	(148,551)
HEALTH AND SANITATION:				
Salaries and employee benefits	997,382	989,767	938,428	(51,339)
Services and supplies	1,863,280	1,889,616	1,652,358	(237,258)
Other charges	122,804	116,700	105,527	(11,173)
Capital assets	10,842	10,952	6,240	(4,712)
Intrafund transfers	(152,884)		(142,089)	11,607
TOTAL HEALTH AND SANITATION	2,841,424	2,853,339	2,560,464	(292,875)
PURUS ASSISTANCE				
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE:	4 744 000	4 700 000	1 070 507	(50,000)
Salaries and employee benefits	1,741,303	1,738,223	1,678,527	(59,696)
Services and supplies	1,121,666	1,120,242	942,790	(177,452)
Other charges	2,633,334	2,667,698	2,550,302	(117,396)
Capital assets Intrafund transfers	6,669 (45,084)	6,707 (64,359)	3,867 (57,105)	(2,840) 7,254
iliuaidid dansicis	(43,004)	(04,339)	(37,103)	7,254
TOTAL PUBLIC ASSISTANCE	5,457,888	5,468,511	5,118,381	(350,130)
RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES:				
Salaries and employee benefits	132,838	135,298	130,220	(5,078)
Services and supplies	114,573	116,224	109,437	(6,787)
Other charges	13,402	13,152	12,383	(769)
Capital assets	450	490	159	(331)
Intrafund transfers	(1,243)	(1,243)	(1,277)	(34)
TOTAL RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES	260,020	263,921	250,922	(12,999)
DEBT SERVICE-				
Interest	12,189	12,189	12,189	
CAPITAL OUTLAY	1,187,660	1,100,415	86,822	(1,013,593)
TOTAL GENERAL FUND	\$ 16,087,374	16,047,361	13,448,707	(2,598,654)
	+,00.,071	, , ,	, 0, . 0 !	(=,000,001)





COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

- The Road Fund was established to provide for the maintenance and construction of streets, roads, highways, and bridges. Revenue consists primarily of the County's share of State highway use taxes as supplemented by federal funds, vehicle code fines and charges for services provided to cities.
- The Other Streets, Highways, Roads and Bridges Funds: Article 3-Bikeway, Off-Street Parking, Proposition C Local Return, Special Road Districts, Construction Fee Districts, Transit Operations, Paratransit Operations, Measure R Local Return, and Off Highway License Fee were established to provide for transportation and road related services or functions. Revenues are derived from local sales tax revenue, parking meter receipts, Districts' share of the countywide tax levy, State revenues and service charges to parking lots.
- The Street Lighting Districts Funds were established to provide for the installation and maintenance of street lighting systems. Revenues are derived primarily from the countywide tax levy and benefit assessments.
- The Garbage Disposal Districts Funds were established under the provisions of the Health and Safety Code to provide garbage and refuse collection and disposal services within the boundaries of each District. Revenues are mostly from charges for services and property taxes.
- The Sewer Maintenance Districts Funds were established pursuant to the Health and Safety Code for the administration, maintenance, operation and repair of sanitary sewers, appurtenances, pumping plants, sewer treatment plants and related services. These Districts are financed through sewer service charges.
- The Health Services Measure B Fund was established to support a countywide system of Trauma Centers and Emergency Medical Services, for bioterrorism preparedness and response, and for related administrative costs. Revenues are derived primarily from a voter approved special tax.
- The Health & Sanitation Funds: Hospital Services, Physician Services, Statham Alcohol, Alcohol and Drug Problem, Proposition 36, Driving Under the Influence, AIDS Education, Mental Health Services Act-Proposition 63, Air Quality Improvement, Bicycle Safety Helmet, Hazardous Waste Enforcement, Mission Canyon Closure, and Solid Waste Management Funds were established to offset the cost of emergency services for the indigent, County alcoholism programs and services, AIDS education, mental health services, air quality improvements, bicycle safety, hazardous waste enforcement and solid waste management. Revenues are from State tobacco taxes, patient collections, court fines, State-assessed vehicle fees, State income tax, penalties assessed for hazardous waste violations, and sanitation services.

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

- The Other Public Protection Funds: Jail Store, Inmate Welfare, Narcotic Enforcement, Vehicle Theft Prevention, Countywide Warrant System, Sheriff's Processing Fees, Training and Automation, Automated Fingerprint Identification System, DNA Identification Fund, District Attorney Asset Forfeiture, Fire Department Developer Fees, Children's Waiting Room, Oak Forest Mitigation, Information Systems Advisory Body, Drug Abuse Gang Diversion, Jury Operations Improvement, Dependency Court Facilities and Small Claims Advisor Program were established to provide certain services and supplies to inmates, to supplement the cost of various law enforcement and prosecutorial investigation activities, and to finance vehicle replacement, facilities improvement, equipment maintenance and automated systems. Revenues are derived from sale of minor supplies, fines related to controlled substance convictions, benefit assessments, forfeiture of assets used in connection with transportation or possession of a controlled substance and court revenues.
- The Public Assistance Funds: Child Abuse/Neglect Prevention Program, Alternate Dispute Resolution Program, Alcohol and Drug Abuse Education Program, Domestic Violence Program, and Linkages Support Program were established to provide a variety of public assistance services. The programs are financed from special fees collected for birth certificates, marriage licenses, confidential marriage certificates, court fines for driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs, and disabled parking violation assessments.
- The Recreation Funds: Golf Course, Park Improvement, Recreation and Development, Tesoro Adobe Park, San Gabriel Canyon, and Ford Theater were established to provide for maintenance and improvements to County parks and golf courses, public recreation areas, and Ford Theater. Fish and Game was set up for the preservation and propagation of fish and wildlife. Revenues are derived from a percentage of golf course green fees, vehicle entrance fees collected from the regional parks, and local fish and game fines.
- The Community Development Commission: The Housing Authority and Community Development Commission were established to increase the supply of affordable housing, effect community improvements under grant programs and to administer the County's Community Development Block Grant Funds, the County Redevelopment Agency and other County housing related functions. Revenues are derived principally from Federal grants.
- The Courthouse Temporary Construction Fund was established to temporarily account for monies ultimately to be used for various courthouse construction projects. Revenues are derived principally from surcharges included in fines for criminal convictions.

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

- The Criminal Justice Temporary Construction Fund was established to temporarily account for monies ultimately to be used for the improvement of criminal justice facilities and automated information systems. Revenues are derived principally from surcharges on criminal fines.
- The Registrar-Recorder Improvement Funds: Modernization and Improvement, Micrographics, Social Security Truncation and Vitals and Health Statistics funds were established for the improvement of Registrar-Recorder automated information systems. Revenues are derived principally from recording and filing fees.
- The Other Special Revenue Funds: Information Technology and the Accumulative Capital Outlay (ACO) were set up for the replacement of motor vehicles, printing, information technology, communications equipment, and helicopters. Asset Development Implementation fund was established to provide short to intermediate financing for County asset development activities. Productivity Investment was established to account for the start-up and incidental costs associated with productivity improvement projects. Civic Center Employee parking was established to provide parking services and alternative means of transportation for County employees. Civic Art Special fund was established to promote civic art projects. Cable TV Franchise was established to fund cable-related activities. Revenues are derived from a percentage of cable franchise fees. Operating transfers are also made from the General Fund to support operations. Public Library Developer Fees were established to acquire land, construct library facilities, and purchase equipment and library materials. Various funds have been established to report resources that are legally restricted and the principal and earnings may be used for purposes that support recreation, cultural, education, and health and sanitation programs.

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

The Flood Control District Debt Service Funds receive their funds from a voted indebtedness tax levy. The Flood Control District Special Revenue Fund. The Regional Park and Open Space District receives long-term debt proceeds and also receives voter-approved benefit assessments. Joint Powers Authorities-Public Works Financing Authority and Public Buildings receive their funds primarily from the General Fund in the form of operating transfers. The Los Angeles County Securitization Corporation receives funding primarily from the collection of the County's future tobacco settlement payments and from long-term debt proceeds secured by the County's Tobacco Assets.

Joint Powers Authorities

Public Works Financing Authority

Public Buildings

Disney Parking Project
1998 Disney Parking Refunding Project
2002 Master Refunding Project - Series A
2002 Master Refunding Project - Series B
2005 Master Refunding Project - Series A
2006 Master Refunding Project - Series A
2006 Master Refunding Project - Series B
Calabasas Landfill Project - Series 2005
Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2009 (LA Opera)
Tax Exempt Commercial Paper

Los Angeles County Securitization Corporation

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

- The Capital Projects Funds were established to account for financial resources for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.
 - Accumulative Capital Outlay Funds have been established in accordance with Government Code Section 53730 for specific capital projects.
 - Flood Control District projects are financed by general obligation bonds and certificates of participation.
 - Improvement Districts are financed by contributions from property owners.
 - Public Buildings projects are financed by bonds, commercial paper and operating transfers.
 - Gap Loan Fund has been established to record the County's proceeds from sale of "Gap Loan" receivables that are restricted for capital spending purposes.

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUNDS

Permanent Funds have been established to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support various County programs.

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SUMMARY
JUNE 30, 2010 (in thousands)

JUNE 30, 2010 (in thousands)							TOTAL	
	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS		DEBT	CAPITAL		NONMAJOR		
			SERVICE	PROJECTS	PERMANENT	GOVERNMENTAL		
			FUNDS	FUNDS	FUNDS		FUNDS	
ASSETS								
Pooled cash and investments:								
Operating	\$	1,669,617	58,650	193,388	2,889	\$	1,924,544	
Other		56,409	56	3,739	5		60,209	
Total pooled cash and investments		1,726,026	58,706	197,127	2,894		1,984,753	
Other investments		88,198	349,865	11,355	109		449,527	
Taxes receivable		19,255	605				19,860	
Interest receivable		4,460	570	626	10		5,666	
Other receivables		103,623					103,623	
Due from other funds		33,360	261,788	8,330			303,478	
Advances to other funds		11,556					11,556	
Inventories		32,478		_			32,478	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,018,956	671,534	217,438	3,013	\$	2,910,941	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES:								
Accounts payable	\$	50,562		698		\$	51,260	
Accrued payroll	·	108				·	108	
Other payables		12,627	5				12,632	
Due to other funds		347,465		11,477	187		359,129	
Deferred revenue		35,518	478	,			35,996	
Advances payable		9,019		35			9,054	
Third party payor liability		855					855	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		456,154	483	12,210	187		469,034	
							,	
FUND BALANCES:								
Reserved for:								
Encumbrances		187,798		5,694			193,492	
Inventories		32,478					32,478	
Housing programs		2,026					2,026	
Debt service			671,051				671,051	
Endowments and annuities					2,826		2,826	
Assets unavailable for appropriation		6,310		6,124			12,434	
Unreserved, designated for:								
Budget uncertainties		85,989					85,989	
Program expansion		390,202					390,202	
Capital projects		32,897					32,897	
Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:								
Special revenue funds		825,102					825,102	
Capital projects funds				193,410			193,410	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		1,562,802	671,051	205,228	2,826		2,441,907	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND								
BALANCES	\$	2,018,956	671,534	217,438	3,013	\$	2,910,941	

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SUMMARY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (in thousands)

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	DEBT SERVICE FUNDS	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS	PERMANENT FUNDS	TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES:		•			
Taxes	\$ 303,496	6			\$ 303,502
Licenses, permits and franchises	9,893				9,893
Fines, forfeitures and penalties Revenue from use of money and property:	83,638				83,638
	27.626	15.004	2.077	48	4E 04E
Investment income	27,626	15,094	3,077	40	45,845
Rents and concessions	25,474				25,474
Royalties	5				5
Intergovernmental revenues:	176 676				176 676
Federal	176,676		100		176,676
State Other	675,689		190		675,879
	22,123		F 201		22,123
Charges for services	132,682	24,973	5,381 159		138,063
Miscellaneous TOTAL REVENUES	53,707 1,511,009	40,073	8,807	48	78,839 1,559,937
EXPENDITURES:	1,511,009	40,073	0,007	40	1,009,907
Current:					
General government	17,538			241	17,779
Public protection	78,533				78,533
Public ways and facilities	332,036				332,036
Health and sanitation	146,100				146,100
Public assistance	169,440				169,440
Education	489				489
Recreation and cultural services	10,325				10,325
Debt service:					
Principal	2,438	125,469			127,907
Interest and other charges	2,406	59,149			61,555
Capital outlay			30,466		30,466
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	759,305	184,618	30,466	241	974,630
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES	751,704	(144,545)	(21,659)	(193)	585,307
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in	13,099	139,124	12,950		165,173
Transfers out	(559,556)	(32,269)	(14,446)		(606,271)
Issuance of debt	, ,	14,000	22,977		36,977
Sales of capital assets	582				582
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(545,875)	120,855	21,481		(403,539)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	205,829	(23,690)	(178)	(193)	181,768
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1, 2009	1,356,973	694,741	205,406	3,019	2,260,139
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30, 2010	\$ 1,562,802	671,051	205,228	2,826	\$ 2,441,907



COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE JUNE 30, 2010 (in thousands)

	Streets, Hig Roads and I		-	Street Lighting	Garbage Disposal	Sewer Maintenance	
		Road	Other	Districts	Districts	Districts	
ASSETS							
Pooled cash and investments:							
Operating	\$	158,331	150,165	60,895	23,803	16,808	
Other		12,825	471	988	924	1,242	
Total pooled cash and investments		171,156	150,636	61,883	24,727	18,050	
Other investments							
Taxes receivable			535	2,112	1,778	1,212	
Interest receivable		498	458	188	75	53	
Other receivables		62,131	12,365	1,567	2,064	1,444	
Due from other funds		11,354	748	4,634	3	1,927	
Advances to other funds		8,468	1,020	209		1,300	
Inventories							
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	253,607	165,762	70,593	28,647	23,986	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES:							
Accounts payable	\$	13,945	3,412	1,561	2,404	174	
Accrued payroll							
Other payables						187	
Due to other funds		17,305	5,116	4,904	62	6,135	
Deferred revenue		16,660	3,891	1,446	2,450	1,647	
Advances payable		9,019					
Third party payor liability		855					
TOTAL LIABILITIES		57,784	12,419	7,911	4,916	8,143	
FUND BALANCES:							
Reserved for:							
Encumbrances		90,400	38,997	1	9	1,197	
Inventories							
Housing programs							
Assets unavailable for appropriation		3,018		1,545	410	501	
Unreserved, designated for: Budget uncertainties							
Program expansion		6,612	32,725	15,890	18,509	1,039	
Capital projects		32,897					
Unreserved, undesignated		62,896	81,621	45,246	4,803	13,106	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		195,823	153,343	62,682	23,731	15,843	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	253,607	165,762	70,593	28,647	23,986	

Services and Public Public Measure B Sanitation Protection Assistance Recrea	ation
Trouble Troubl	ASSETS
	Pooled cash and investments:
\$ 111,048 462,951 219,758 9,854	8,044 Operating
	16,853 Other
	24,897 Total pooled cash and investments
	Other investments
13,563 55	Taxes receivable
343 1,421 662 21	19 Interest receivable
5,302 96 552	53 Other receivables
12,084 6 6	36 Due from other funds
559	Advances to other funds
	Inventories
\$ 133,831 487,418 224,442 11,041	25,005 TOTAL ASSETS
	
	LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES
	LIABILITIES:
\$ 2,268 1,596 5,304 997	336 Accounts payable
	Accrued payroll
3,395 8,980	Other payables
103,544 131,162 20,722 218	1,318 Due to other funds
9,124 111	Deferred revenue
	Advances payable
	Third party payor liability
118,331 141,849 26,026 1,215	1,654 TOTAL LIABILITIES
	FUND BALANCES:
40.400	Reserved for:
13,193 11,367 21,257 1,525	126 Encumbrances
	Inventories
	Housing programs
500	Assets unavailable for appropriation
05.000	Unreserved, designated for:
85,989	Budget uncertainties
3,518 18,957 1,481	15,315 Program expansion Capital projects
2,307 244,695 157,702 6,820	7,910 Unreserved, undesignated
15,500 345,569 198,416 9,826	23,351 TOTAL FUND BALANCES
\$ 133,831 487,418 224,442 11,041	25,005 TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES

Continued...

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - Continued NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE JUNE 30, 2010 (in thousands)

00.12 00, 20.10 (aououuo)				Criminal			
	Co	ommunity	Courthouse	Justice	Registrar	Other	
		velopment	Temporary	Temporary	Recorder	Special	
	Co	mmission	Construction	Construction	Improvement	Revenue	Total
ASSETS							
Pooled cash and investments:							
Operating	\$	164,038	67,233	73,966	35,432	107,291	\$ 1,669,617
Other			1,851	2,104	511	189	 56,409
Total pooled cash and investments		164,038	69,084	76,070	35,943	107,480	1,726,026
Other investments		88,198					88,198
Taxes receivable							19,255
Interest receivable			211	227		284	4,460
Other receivables		17,910			139		103,623
Due from other funds		721			25	1,816	33,360
Advances to other funds							11,556
Inventories		32,478					32,478
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	303,345	69,295	76,297	36,107	109,580	\$ 2,018,956
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES:							
Accounts payable	\$	18,469				96	\$ 50,562
Accrued payroll						108	108
Other payables		65					12,627
Due to other funds		712		40,024	12,456	3,787	347,465
Deferred revenue		189				•	35,518
Advances payable							9,019
Third party payor liability							855
TOTAL LIABILITIES		19,435		40,024	12,456	3,991	456,154
FUND BALANCES:							
Reserved for:							
Encumbrances						9,726	187,798
Inventories		32,478				0,720	32,478
Housing programs		2,026					2,026
Assets unavailable for appropriation		336					6,310
Unreserved, designated for:		000					0,010
Budget uncertainties							85,989
Program expansion		249,070			18,726	8,360	390,202
Capital projects		270,010			10,720	0,300	32,897
Unreserved, undesignated			69,295	36,273	4,925	87,503	825,102
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		283,910	69,295				
IOTAL FUND DALANCES		203,910	09,295	36,273	23,651	105,589	 1,562,802
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	303,345	69,295	76,297	36,107	109,580	\$ 2,018,956



COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (in thousands)

	Streets, F Roads an	-	Street Lighting	Garbage Disposal	Sewer Maintenance
	Road	Other	Districts	Districts	Districts
REVENUES:					
Taxes	\$ 3,468	39,298	18,204	4,962	
Licenses, permits and franchises	3,290				
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		61	279	420	353
Revenue from use of money and property: Investment income	050	2.400	886	325	0.57
Rents and concessions	856 14	2,169 155	000	323	257
Royalties	14	155			
Intergovernmental revenues:					
Federal	45,975	554			
State	202,637	319	158	42	
Other	2,281	14,922	2,698		28
Charges for services	19,115	1,928	4,825	19,482	29,947
Miscellaneous	241	3	205		4
TOTAL REVENUES	277,877	59,409	27,255	25,231	30,589
EXPENDITURES: Current: General government Public protection Public ways and facilities Health and sanitation Public assistance Education Recreation and cultural services Debt service: Principal Interest and other charges TOTAL EXPENDITURES	256,892	52,790 52,790	22,354	23,942	29,012
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	20,985	6,619	4,901	1,289	1,577
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in Transfers out Sales of capital assets	(565) <u>84</u>	(32)			(291) 1
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(481)	(32)			(290)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	20,504	6,587	4,901	1,289	1,287
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1, 2009	175,319	146,756	57,781	22,442	14,556
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30, 2010	\$ 195,823	153,343	62,682	23,731	15,843

5	Health Services easure B	Health and Sanitation	Other Public Protection	Public Assistance	Recreation	
•	000.070					REVENUES:
\$	233,270	2 522	100	4 220	24	Taxes
	4.700	2,522	189	1,228	21	Licenses, permits and franchises
	1,700	21,634	11,368	2,400	32	Fines, forfeitures and penalties
	1 200	9.003	2.075	20	50	Revenue from use of money and property:
	1,298	8,003	2,975	28	50	Investment income
		65	19,241		458	Rents and concessions
						Royalties
			F			Intergovernmental revenues:
		.==	5			Federal
		457,446	15,087			State
		1,739	455			Other
		21,175	11,106	3,381	6,697	Charges for services
			25,020	3,126	2,346	Miscellaneous
	236,268	512,584	85,446	10,163	9,604	TOTAL REVENUES
						EXPENDITURES:
						Current:
						General government
			68,250			Public protection
						Public ways and facilities
	45,808	46,956				Health and sanitation
				8,599		Public assistance
						Education
					10,081	Recreation and cultural services
						Debt service:
						Principal
						Interest and other charges
	45,808	46,956	68,250	8,599	10,081	TOTAL EXPENDITURES
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· ·	· ·	· •	<u> </u>	
						EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES
	190,460	465,628	17,196	1,564	(477)	OVER EXPENDITURES
						OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):
			3,631		164	Transfers in
	(197,603)	(240,891)	(23,902)	(2,351)	(975)	Transfers out
	,	, ,	55	, ,	, ,	Sales of capital assets
						TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES
	(197,603)	(240,891)	(20,216)	(2,351)	(811)	(USES)
	(7,143)	224,737	(3,020)	(787)	(1,288)	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES
	22,643	120,832	201,436	10,613	24,639	FUND BALANCES, JULY 1, 2009
\$	15,500	345,569	198,416	9,826	23,351	FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30, 2010

Continued...

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - Continued
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (in thousands)

TOR THE TEAR ENDED JOINE 30, 2010 (III	Community Development Commission	Courthouse Temporary Construction	Criminal Justice Temporary Construction	Registrar Recorder Improvement	Other Special Revenue	Total
REVENUES:						
Taxes	\$ 4,294					\$ 303,496
Licenses, permits and franchises					2,643	9,893
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		21,081	24,160		150	83,638
Revenue from use of money and property:						
Investment income	7,577	1,063	1,064		1,075	27,626
Rents and concessions	1,002				4,539	25,474
Royalties					5	5
Intergovernmental revenues:						
Federal	130,142					176,676
State						675,689
Other						22,123
Charges for services				12,812	2,214	132,682
Miscellaneous	22,546				216	53,707
TOTAL REVENUES	165,561	22,144	25,224	12,812	10,842	1,511,009
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government					17,538	17,538
Public protection		1,755	2,890		5,638	78,533
Public ways and facilities						332,036
Health and sanitation					382	146,100
Public assistance	160,841					169,440
Education					489	489
Recreation and cultural services					244	10,325
Debt service:						
Principal	2,438					2,438
Interest and other charges	2,406					2,406
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	165,685	1,755	2,890		24,291	759,305
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES	(124)	20,389	22,334	12,812	(13,449)	751,704
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in	230		280		8,794	13,099
Transfers out	(1,178)	(26,056)	(45,217)	(15,332)	(5,163)	(559,556)
Sales of capital assets	(1,112)	(==,===)	(, ,	(12,000)	442	582
·					_	_
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
(USES)	(948)	(26,056)	(44,937)	(15,332)	4,073	(545,875)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(1,072)	(5,667)	(22,603)	(2,520)	(9,376)	205,829
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1, 2009	284,982	74,962	58,876	26,171	114,965	1,356,973
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30, 2010	\$ 283,910	69,295	36,273	23,651	105,589	\$ 1,562,802

CRIGINAL BUDGET B			TOTALS						
REVENUES:			ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL ON	VARIANCE FROM			
REVENUES: Taxes			BUDGET	BUDGET	BUDGETARY	FINAL BUDGET			
Taxes					BASIS	OVER (UNDER)			
Taxes	REVENUES:								
Licenses, permits and franchises 10,824 10,824 9,833 (931) Fines, forfeitures and penaltities 80,434 80,434 80,434 83,638 3,204 Revenue from use of money and property: Investment income 34,871 34,871 16,921 (17,950) Rents and concessions 20,259 20,259 24,472 4,213 Rents and concessions 10 10 5 (5) Intergovernmental revenues: 10 10 5 (5) Intergovernmental revenues: 65,941 26,651 22,123 (4,728) State 548,636 569,690 67,689 10,999 Other 26,541 26,551 22,123 (4,728) Miscellaneous 48,117 48,269 33,107 (15,162) TOTAL REVENUES 31,265,389 1,325,070 1,343,919 18,849 EXPENDITURES: 20 37,918 37,918 17,938 (19,980) Current: 37,918 37,918 37,918 17,938		\$	304 700	305 700	299 198	(6.502)			
Fines, forfeitures and penalties 80,434 80,434 80,638 3,204 Revenue from use of money and property: Investment income 34,871 34,871 16,921 (17,950) Rents and concessions 20,259 20,259 24,472 4,213 Royalties 10 10 0 5 (5) Intergovernmental revenues: 45,968 46,968 46,534 (434) State 548,636 569,690 675,689 109,999 Other 26,541 26,851 22,123 (4,728) Charges for services 145,029 181,194 32,339 (48,855) Miscellaneous 48,117 48,269 33,107 (15,162) TOTAL REVENUES 1,265,389 1,325,070 1,343,919 18,849 EXPENDITURES: 2 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 13,849 19,809 19,809 19,809 19,809 19,809 19,809 19,809		Ψ	•	•	-				
Revenue from use of money and property: Investment income			· ·		•				
Investment income 34,871 34,871 16,921 (17,950) Rents and concessions 20,259 20,259 24,472 4,213 Royalties 10 10 5 5 (5) Intergovernmental revenues: Federal 45,968 46,968 46,534 4(34) State 548,636 569,690 675,689 105,999 Other 26,541 26,851 22,123 (4,728) Charges for services 145,029 181,194 132,339 (48,855) Miscellaneous 48,117 48,269 33,107 (15,162) TOTAL REVENUES 1,265,389 1,325,070 1,343,919 18,849 EXPENDITURES: Current: General government 37,918 37,918 17,938 (19,980) Public ways and facilities 526,311 564,030 370,829 (193,201) Health and sanitation 220,333 221,425 151,460 (69,965) Public assistance 13,153 12,969 9,817 (3,152) Education 46,040 17,602 151,038 (44,779) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 1,201,305 1,198,424 674,382 (524,042) EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 1,201,305 1,198,424 674,382 (524,042) EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 4,010 4,010 582 (3,428) Transfers out 600,644 126,646 669,537 542,891 Transfers out 600,627 (655,032) (550,030) 124,724 Appropriation for contingencies (14,622 16,503 15,521 (982) Transfers out 600,644 (100,492) (79,802) 20,690 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET (810,465) (873,027) (594,007) 279,020 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET (810,465) (873,027) (594,007) 279,020 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET (810,465) (873,027) (594,007) 279,020 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET (810,465) (873,027) (594,007) 279,020 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET (810,465) (873,027) (594,007) 279,020 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET (810,465) (873,027) (594,007) 279,020 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET (810,465) (873,027) (594,007) 279,020 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET (810,465) (873,027) (594,007) 279,020 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET (810,465) (873,027) (594			,	,	,	-,			
Rents and concessions 20,259 20,259 24,472 4,213 Royalties 10 10 5 (5) Intergovernmental revenues: Federal 45,968 46,968 46,534 (634) State 548,636 559,690 675,689 105,999 Other 26,541 26,851 22,123 (4,728) Charges for services 145,029 181,194 132,339 (48,855) Miscellaneous 48,117 48,669 33,107 (15,162) TOTAL REVENUES 1,265,389 1,325,070 1,343,919 18,849 EXPENDITURES: 20 20 37,918 17,938 (19,980) Public protection 370,737 332,257 113,864 (218,393) Public protection 370,737 332,257 113,864 (218,393) Public assistance 13,153 12,969 9,817 (3,152) Public assistance 13,153 12,969 9,817 (3,152) Education 17,602			34,871	34,871	16,921	(17,950)			
Royalties 10	Rents and concessions		•	•	•				
Record 45,968	Royalties				5	(5)			
State Other 548,636 Sep.600 Sep.600 Sep.600 Sep.600 Sep.600 Sep.600 Sep.600 Other 145,029 Sep.600 Sep						, ,			
Other Charges for services Miscellaneous 26,541 Mescellaneous 26,541 Mescellaneous 26,851 Mescellaneous 22,123 Mescellaneous (4,728) Mescellaneous TOTAL REVENUES 1,265,389 Mescellaneous 1,325,070 Mescellaneous 1,333,919 Mescellaneous 1,343,919 Mescellaneous 18,149 Mescellaneous EXPENDITURES: Current: Seperal government 37,918 Mescellaneous 17,938 Mescellaneous (19,980) Mescellaneous Public protection 370,737 Mescellaneous 332,257 Mescellaneous 113,864 Mescellaneous (218,393) Mescellaneous (19,980) Mescella	Federal		45,968	46,968	46,534	(434)			
Charges for services 145,029 181,194 132,339 (48,855) Miscellaneous 48,117 48,269 33,107 (15,162) TOTAL REVENUES 1,265,389 1,325,070 1,343,919 18,849 EXPENDITURES: Current: General government 37,918 37,918 17,938 (19,980) Public protection 370,737 332,257 113,864 (218,393) Public ways and facilities 526,311 564,030 370,829 (193,201) Health and sanitation 220,333 221,425 151,460 (69,965) Public assistance 13,153 12,969 9,817 (3,152) Education 17,602 150,38 466 (14,572) Recreation and cultural services 15,251 14,787 10,008 (4,779) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 1,201,305 1,198,424 674,382 (524,042) EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 64,084 126,646 669,537 542,891 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): (801,627	State		548,636	569,690	675,689	105,999			
Miscellaneous 48,117 48,269 33,107 (15,162) TOTAL REVENUES 1,265,389 1,325,070 1,343,919 18,849 EXPENDITURES: Current: 37,918 37,918 17,938 (19,980) Public protection 370,737 332,257 113,864 (218,393) Public ways and facilities 526,311 564,030 370,829 (193,201) Health and sanitation 220,333 221,425 151,460 (69,965) Public assistance 13,153 12,969 9,817 (3,152) Education 17,602 15,038 466 (14,572) Recreation and cultural services 15,251 14,787 10,008 (4,779) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 4,013,305 1,198,424 674,382 (524,042) EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 64,084 126,646 669,537 542,891 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): (801,627) (655,032) (530,308) 124,724 Appropriation for contingencies (148,826)	Other		26,541	26,851	22,123	(4,728)			
TOTAL REVENUES	Charges for services		145,029	181,194	132,339	(48,855)			
EXPENDITURES: Current: General government General government General government 37,918 37,918 37,918 17,938 (19,980) Public protection 370,737 332,257 113,864 (218,393) Public ways and facilities 526,311 564,030 370,829 (193,201) Health and sanitation 220,333 221,425 151,460 (69,965) Public assistance 13,153 12,969 9,817 (3,152) Education 17,602 15,038 466 (14,572) Recreation and cultural services 15,251 14,787 10,008 (4,779) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 1,201,305 1,198,424 674,382 (524,042) EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 64,084 126,646 669,537 542,891 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Sales of capital assets 4,010 4,010 582 (3,428) Transfers in 16,422 16,503 15,521 (982) Transfers out (601,627) (655,032) (530,308) 124,724 Appropriation for contingencies (148,626) (138,016) Changes in reserves and designations (80,644) (100,492) (79,802) 20,690 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET (810,465) (873,027) (594,007) 279,020 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (746,381) (746,381) 746,381 746,381	Miscellaneous		48,117	48,269	33,107	(15,162)			
Current: General government 37,918 37,918 17,938 (19,980) Public protection 370,737 332,257 113,864 (218,393) Public ways and facilities 526,311 564,030 370,829 (193,201) Health and sanitation 220,333 221,425 151,460 (69,965) Public assistance 13,153 12,969 9,817 (3,152) Education 17,602 15,038 466 (14,572) Recreation and cultural services 15,251 14,787 10,008 (4,779) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 4,013,305 1,198,424 674,382 (524,042) EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 64,084 126,646 669,537 542,891 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Sales of capital assets 4,010 4,010 582 (3,428) Transfers out (601,627) (655,032) (530,308) 124,724 Appropriation for contingencies (148,626) (138,016) 138,016 Changes in reserves and designations (80,644)	TOTAL REVENUES		1,265,389	1,325,070	1,343,919	18,849			
Current: General government 37,918 37,918 17,938 (19,980) Public protection 370,737 332,257 113,864 (218,393) Public ways and facilities 526,311 564,030 370,829 (193,201) Health and sanitation 220,333 221,425 151,460 (69,965) Public assistance 13,153 12,969 9,817 (3,152) Education 17,602 15,038 466 (14,572) Recreation and cultural services 15,251 14,787 10,008 (4,779) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 4,013,305 1,198,424 674,382 (524,042) EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 64,084 126,646 669,537 542,891 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Sales of capital assets 4,010 4,010 582 (3,428) Transfers out (601,627) (655,032) (530,308) 124,724 Appropriation for contingencies (148,626) (138,016) 138,016 Changes in reserves and designations (80,644)	EXPENDITURES:								
Public protection 370,737 332,257 113,864 (218,393) Public ways and facilities 526,311 564,030 370,829 (193,201) Health and sanitation 220,333 221,425 151,460 (69,965) Public assistance 13,153 12,969 9,817 (3,152) Education 17,602 15,038 466 (14,572) Recreation and cultural services 15,251 14,787 10,008 (4,779) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 4,001 4,010 669,537 542,891 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 36,048 126,646 669,537 542,891 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 36,040 4,010 4,010 582 (3,428) Transfers in 16,422 16,503 15,521 (982) Transfers out (601,627) (655,032) (530,308) 124,724 Appropriation for contingencies (148,626) (138,016) 138,016 Changes in reserves and designations (80,644) (100,492) (79,802) 20,6									
Public protection 370,737 332,257 113,864 (218,393) Public ways and facilities 526,311 564,030 370,829 (193,201) Health and sanitation 220,333 221,425 151,460 (69,965) Public assistance 13,153 12,969 9,817 (3,152) Education 17,602 15,038 466 (14,572) Recreation and cultural services 15,251 14,787 10,008 (4,779) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 4,001 4,010 669,537 542,891 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 36,048 126,646 669,537 542,891 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 36,040 4,010 4,010 582 (3,428) Transfers in 16,422 16,503 15,521 (982) Transfers out (601,627) (655,032) (530,308) 124,724 Appropriation for contingencies (148,626) (138,016) 138,016 Changes in reserves and designations (80,644) (100,492) (79,802) 20,6	General government		37,918	37,918	17,938	(19,980)			
Public ways and facilities 526,311 564,030 370,829 (193,201) Health and sanitation 220,333 221,425 151,460 (69,965) Public assistance 13,153 12,969 9,817 (3,152) Education 17,602 15,038 466 (14,572) Recreation and cultural services 15,251 14,787 10,008 (4,779) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 1,201,305 1,198,424 674,382 (524,042) EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 64,084 126,646 669,537 542,891 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Sales of capital assets 4,010 4,010 582 (3,428) Transfers in 16,422 16,503 15,521 (982) Transfers out (601,627) (655,032) (530,308) 124,724 Appropriation for contingencies (148,626) (138,016) 138,016 138,016 Changes in reserves and designations (80,644) (100,492) (79,802) 20,690 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET (810,4			370,737	332,257	113,864				
Health and sanitation 220,333 221,425 151,460 (69,965) Public assistance 13,153 12,969 9,817 (3,152) Education 17,602 15,038 466 (14,572) Recreation and cultural services 15,251 14,787 10,008 (4,779) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 1,201,305 1,198,424 674,382 (524,042) EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 64,084 126,646 669,537 542,891 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Sales of capital assets 4,010 4,010 582 (3,428) Transfers in 16,422 16,503 15,521 (982) Transfers out (601,627) (655,032) (530,308) 124,724 Appropriation for contingencies (148,626) (138,016) 138,016 Changes in reserves and designations (80,644) (100,492) (79,802) 20,690 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET (810,465) (873,027) (594,007) 279,020 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (746,381)	Public ways and facilities								
Education Recreation and cultural services 17,602 15,038 14,66 (14,572) 466 (14,572) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 15,251 14,787 10,008 (4,779) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 1,201,305 1,198,424 674,382 (524,042) EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 64,084 126,646 669,537 542,891 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 3,428) Sales of capital assets 4,010 4,010 582 (3,428) Transfers in 16,422 16,503 15,521 (982) Transfers out (601,627) (655,032) (530,308) 124,724 Appropriation for contingencies (148,626) (138,016) (530,308) 124,724 Changes in reserves and designations (80,644) (100,492) (79,802) 20,690 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET (810,465) (873,027) (594,007) 279,020 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (746,381) (746,381) 75,530 821,911 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009 746,381 746,381 746,381 746,381			220,333	221,425	151,460				
Recreation and cultural services 15,251 14,787 10,008 (4,779) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 1,201,305 1,198,424 674,382 (524,042) EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 64,084 126,646 669,537 542,891 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Sales of capital assets 4,010 4,010 582 (3,428) Transfers in 16,422 16,503 15,521 (982) Transfers out (601,627) (655,032) (530,308) 124,724 Appropriation for contingencies (148,626) (138,016) 138,016 138,016 Changes in reserves and designations (80,644) (100,492) (79,802) 20,690 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET (810,465) (873,027) (594,007) 279,020 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (746,381) (746,381) 75,530 821,911 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009 746,381 746,381 746,381 746,381	Public assistance		13,153	12,969	9,817	(3,152)			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES 1,201,305 1,198,424 674,382 (524,042) EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 64,084 126,646 669,537 542,891 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Sales of capital assets 4,010 4,010 582 (3,428) Transfers in 16,422 16,503 15,521 (982) Transfers out (601,627) (655,032) (530,308) 124,724 Appropriation for contingencies (148,626) (138,016) 138,016 Changes in reserves and designations (80,644) (100,492) (79,802) 20,690 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET (810,465) (873,027) (594,007) 279,020 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (746,381) 746,381 746,381	Education		17,602	15,038	466	(14,572)			
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 64,084 126,646 669,537 542,891 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Sales of capital assets 4,010 4,010 582 (3,428) Transfers in 16,422 16,503 15,521 (982) Transfers out (601,627) (655,032) (530,308) 124,724 Appropriation for contingencies (148,626) (138,016) Changes in reserves and designations (80,644) (100,492) (79,802) 20,690 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET (810,465) (873,027) (594,007) 279,020 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (746,381) 746,381 746,381	Recreation and cultural services		15,251	14,787	10,008	(4,779)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Sales of capital assets Transfers in Transfers out Appropriation for contingencies Changes in reserves and designations OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE OTHER FINANCE, JULY 1, 2009 A 4,010 4,010 582 (3,428) 4,010 4,010 582 (3,428) 4,010 4,010 582 (3,428) 4,010 4,010 582 (3,428) 6,642 (601,627) (655,032) (530,308) 124,724 6,61,627 (601,627) (655,032) (530,308) 124,724 6,862 (138,016) (138,016) (100,492) (79,802) 20,690 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET (810,465) (873,027) (594,007) 279,020 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (746,381) (746,381) 75,530 821,911	TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,201,305	1,198,424	674,382	(524,042)			
Sales of capital assets 4,010 4,010 582 (3,428) Transfers in 16,422 16,503 15,521 (982) Transfers out (601,627) (655,032) (530,308) 124,724 Appropriation for contingencies (148,626) (138,016) 138,016 Changes in reserves and designations (80,644) (100,492) (79,802) 20,690 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET (810,465) (873,027) (594,007) 279,020 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (746,381) (746,381) 75,530 821,911 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009 746,381 746,381 746,381 746,381	EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		64,084	126,646	669,537	542,891			
Sales of capital assets 4,010 4,010 582 (3,428) Transfers in 16,422 16,503 15,521 (982) Transfers out (601,627) (655,032) (530,308) 124,724 Appropriation for contingencies (148,626) (138,016) 138,016 Changes in reserves and designations (80,644) (100,492) (79,802) 20,690 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET (810,465) (873,027) (594,007) 279,020 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (746,381) (746,381) 75,530 821,911 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009 746,381 746,381 746,381 746,381									
Transfers in 16,422 16,503 15,521 (982) Transfers out (601,627) (655,032) (530,308) 124,724 Appropriation for contingencies (148,626) (138,016) 138,016 Changes in reserves and designations (80,644) (100,492) (79,802) 20,690 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET (810,465) (873,027) (594,007) 279,020 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (746,381) (746,381) 75,530 821,911 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009 746,381 746,381 746,381 746,381									
Transfers out (601,627) (655,032) (530,308) 124,724 Appropriation for contingencies (148,626) (138,016) 138,016 Changes in reserves and designations (80,644) (100,492) (79,802) 20,690 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET (810,465) (873,027) (594,007) 279,020 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (746,381) (746,381) 75,530 821,911 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009 746,381 746,381 746,381	•		•	•		, ,			
Appropriation for contingencies (148,626) (138,016) 138,016 Changes in reserves and designations (80,644) (100,492) (79,802) 20,690 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET (810,465) (873,027) (594,007) 279,020 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (746,381) (746,381) 75,530 821,911 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009 746,381 746,381 746,381				,		, ,			
Changes in reserves and designations (80,644) (100,492) (79,802) 20,690 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET (810,465) (873,027) (594,007) 279,020 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (746,381) (746,381) 75,530 821,911 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009 746,381 746,381 746,381				, ,	(530,308)				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET (810,465) (873,027) (594,007) 279,020 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (746,381) (746,381) 75,530 821,911 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009 746,381 746,381 746,381					(70.000)				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (746,381) (746,381) 75,530 821,911 FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009 746,381 746,381 746,381	Changes in reserves and designations		(80,644)	(100,492)	(79,802)	20,690			
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009 746,381 746,381 746,381	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET		(810,465)	(873,027)	(594,007)	279,020			
	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(746,381)	(746,381)	75,530	821,911			
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2010 \$ 821,911 821,911	FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009		746,381	746,381	746,381				
	FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2010	\$			821,911	821,911			

Continued...

	ROAD					
		RIGINAL UDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE FROM FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)	
REVENUES:						
Taxes	\$	4,635	4,635	3,468	(1,167)	
Licenses, permits and franchises		3,652	3,652	3,290	(362)	
Revenue from use of money and property:						
Investment income		4,164	4,164	611	(3,553)	
Rents and concessions		25	25	14	(11)	
Intergovernmental revenues:						
Federal		43,467	44,467	45,975	1,508	
State		178,876	199,876	202,637	2,761	
Other		764	764	2,281	1,517	
Charges for services Miscellaneous		17,756 265	53,557 265	19,115 241	(34,442)	
Miscellaneous		200	205	241	(24)	
TOTAL REVENUES		253,604	311,405	277,632	(33,773)	
EXPENDITURES:						
Current-Public ways and facilities:						
Services and supplies		313,094	349,215	294,145	(55,070)	
Other charges		6,673	7,353	1,262	(6,091)	
Capital assets		1,117	1,117	448	(669)	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		320,884	357,685	295,855	(61,830)	
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(67,280)	(46,280)	(18,223)	28,057	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Sales of capital assets		49	49	84	35	
Transfers out		(2,648)	(2,648)	(565)		
Appropriation for contingencies		(27,860)	(27,860)	()	27,860	
Changes in reserves and designations		61,479	40,479	44,432	3,953	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET		31,020	10,020	43,951	33,931	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(36,260)	(36,260)	25,728	61,988	
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009		36,260	36,260	36,260		
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2010	\$			61,988	61,988	

	OTHER STREETS, HIGHWAYS, ROADS, AND BRIDGES							
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE FROM FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)				
REVENUES:								
Taxes	\$ 40,067	41,067	39,238	(1,829)				
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	37	37	61	24				
Revenue from use of money and property:								
Investment income	5,742	5,742	1,965	(3,777)				
Rents and concessions	172	172	155	(17)				
Intergovernmental revenues:								
Federal	2,391	2,391	554	(1,837)				
State	204	204	319	115				
Other	23,243	23,243	14,922	(8,321)				
Charges for services	16,597	16,597	1,928	(14,669)				
Miscellaneous			3	3				
TOTAL REVENUES	88,453	89,453	59,145	(30,308)				
EXPENDITURES:								
Current-Public ways and facilities:								
Services and supplies	138,251	139,164	52,023	(87,141)				
Other charges	3	3		(3)				
Capital assets	3,913	3,913	572	(3,341)				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	142,167	143,080	52,595	(90,485)				
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES	(53,714)	(53,627)	6,550	60,177				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers out	(83)	(170)	(32)	138				
Appropriation for contingencies	(7,965)	(7,965)	, ,	7,965				
Changes in reserves and designations	(7,980)	(7,980)	4,600	12,580				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET	(16,028)	(16,115)	4,568	20,683				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(69,742)	(69,742)	11,118	80,860				
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009	69,742	69,742	69,742					
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2010	\$		80,860	80,860				

	STREET LIGHTING DISTRICTS					
		RIGINAL JDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY	VARIANCE FROM FINAL BUDGET	
				BASIS	OVER (UNDER)	
REVENUES:						
Taxes	\$	20,925	20,925	17,963	(2,962)	
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		180	180	279	99	
Revenue from use of money and property-						
Investment income		2,156	2,156	800	(1,356)	
Intergovernmental revenues:		400	400	150	(24)	
State Other		182 574	182 574	158 2,698	(24) 2,124	
Charges for services		4,652	4,652	4,825	173	
Miscellaneous		4,002	4,002	205	205	
TOTAL REVENUES		28,669	28,669	26,928	(1,741)	
EXPENDITURES:						
Current-Public ways and facilities-						
Services and supplies		63,260	63,265	22,379	(40,886)	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		63,260	63,265	22,379	(40,886)	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES		(34,591)	(34,596)	4,549	39,145	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in		5,260	5,260	4,598	(662)	
Transfers out		(5,203)	(5,198)	(4,598)	600	
Appropriation for contingencies		(7,712)	(7,712)		7,712	
Changes in reserves and designations		(11,359)	(11,359)	(12,849)	(1,490)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (HSES). NET		(10.014)	(10,000)	(12.940)	6.160	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET		(19,014)	(19,009)	(12,849)	6,160	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(53,605)	(53,605)	(8,300)	45,305	
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009		53,605	53,605	53,605		
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2010	\$			45,305	45,305	

	GARBAGE DISPOSAL DISTRICTS						
		RIGINAL JDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE FROM FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)		
REVENUES:							
Taxes	\$	5,359	5,359	4,917	(442)		
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		368	368	420	52		
Revenue from use of money and property-							
Investment income		749	749	285	(464)		
Intergovernmental revenues-							
State		39	39	42	3		
Charges for services	-	19,647	19,647	19,371	(276)		
TOTAL REVENUES		26,162	26,162	25,035	(1,127)		
EXPENDITURES: Current-Health and sanitation-							
Services and supplies		25,431	25,431	22,370	(3,061)		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		25,431	25,431	22,370	(3,061)		
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		731	731	2,665	1,934		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Appropriation for contingencies		(3,643)	(3,643)		3,643		
Changes in reserves and designations		(2,387)	(2,387)	(2,705)	(318)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET		(6,030)	(6,030)	(2,705)	3,325		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(5,299)	(5,299)	(40)	5,259		
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009		5,299	5,299	5,299			
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2010	\$			5,259	5,259		

	SEWER MAINTENANCE DISTRICTS						
		GINAL DGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE FROM FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)		
REVENUES:							
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	\$	186	186	353	167		
Revenue from use of money and property- Investment income		534	534	218	(216)		
Intergovernmental revenues-		534	534	210	(316)		
Other		17	17	28	11		
Charges for services		29,614	29,614	29,721	107		
Miscellaneous				4	4		
TOTAL REVENUES		30,351	30,351	30,324	(27)		
EXPENDITURES:							
Current-Health and sanitation:							
Services and supplies		38,368	38,368	29,398	(8,970)		
Other charges		1,295	1,295	293	(1,002)		
Capital assets		100	100		(100)		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		39,763	39,763	29,691	(10,072)		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER EXPENDITURES		(9,412)	(9,412)	633	10,045		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Sales of fixed assets				1	1		
Transfers out		(862)	(862)	(291)	571		
Appropriation for contingencies		(2,459)	(2,459)		2,459		
Changes in reserves and designations		(1,047)	(1,047)	(306)	741		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET		(4,368)	(4,368)	(596)	3,772		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(13,780)	(13,780)	37	13,817		
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009		13,780	13,780	13,780			
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2010	\$			13,817	13,817		

	HEALTH SERVICES MEASURE B							
	ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE FROM FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)			
REVENUES: Taxes Fines, forfeitures and penalties Revenue from use of money and property- Investment income	\$	233,714	233,714	233,612 1,700 1,228	(102) 1,700 (1,672)			
TOTAL REVENUES		236,614	236,614	236,540	(74)			
EXPENDITURES: Current-Health and sanitation: Services and supplies Other charges		21,656 26,001	23,120 25,780	20,972 24,005	(2,148) (1,775)			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		47,657	48,900	44,977	(3,923)			
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		188,957	187,714	191,563	3,849			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out Appropriation for contingencies Changes in reserves and designations		(188,603) (10,245)	(197,605)	(197,603) 2,167	2 2,167			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET		(198,848)	(197,605)	(195,436)	2,169			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(9,891)	(9,891)	(3,873)	6,018			
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009		9,891	9,891	9,891				
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2010	\$			6,018	6,018			

	HEALTH AND SANITATION						
		RIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE FROM FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)		
REVENUES:							
Licenses, permits and franchises	\$	3,641	3,641	2,522	(1,119)		
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		27,584	27,584	21,634	(5,950)		
Revenue from use of money and property:							
Investment income		9,330	9,330	6,135	(3,195)		
Rents and concessions				65	65		
Intergovernmental revenues:		0=0.400	0=0.400	.==	101.000		
State		356,126	356,180	457,446	101,266		
Other		1,943	2,253	1,739	(514)		
Charges for services		22,651	22,651	21,169	(1,482)		
TOTAL REVENUES	421,275		421,639	510,710	89,071		
EXPENDITURES:							
Current-Health and sanitation:							
Services and supplies		106,756	106,605	54,232	(52,373)		
Capital assets		586	586	89	(497)		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		107,342	107,191	54,321	(52,870)		
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		313,933	314,448	456,389	141,941		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers out		(293,462)	(293,977)	(240,891)	53,086		
Appropriation for contingencies		(46,188)	(46,188)		46,188		
Changes in reserves and designations		(80,703)	(80,703)	(79,858)	845		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET		(420,353)	(420,868)	(320,749)	100,119		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(106,420)	(106,420)	135,640	242,060		
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009		106,420	106,420	106,420			
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2010	\$			242,060	242,060		

	OTHER PUBLIC PROTECTION					
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL ON	VARIANCE FROM		
	BUDGET	BUDGET	BUDGETARY	FINAL BUDGET		
			BASIS	OVER (UNDER)		
REVENUES:						
Licenses, permits and franchises	\$		189	189		
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	11,901	11,901	11,368	(533)		
Revenue from use of money and property:	,	,	,555	(000)		
Investment income	5,004	5,004	2,696	(2,308)		
Rents and concessions	14,916	14,916	19,241	4,325		
Intergovernmental revenues:	,	,	,	-,		
Federal	110	110	5	(105)		
State	13,209	13,209	15,087	1,878		
Other	•	,	455	455		
Charges for services	14,194	14,194	11,106	(3,088)		
Miscellaneous	41,825	41,827	25,020	(16,807)		
TOTAL REVENUES	101,159	101,161	85,167	(15,994)		
EXPENDITURES:						
Current-Public protection:						
Services and supplies	160,006	159,461	64,593	(94,868)		
Other charges	3,599	3,764	3,626	(138)		
Capital assets	44,750	45,250	6,790	(38,460)		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	208,355	208,475	75,009	(133,466)		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES	(107,196)	(107,314)	10,158	117,472		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Sales of capital assets	75	75	55	(20)		
Transfers in	3,631	3,631	3,631	` ,		
Transfers out	(40,033)	(39,923)	(20,276)	19,647		
Appropriation for contingencies	(19,141)	(19,133)		19,133		
Changes in reserves and designations	(6,929)	(6,929)	(6,718)	211		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET	(62,397)	(62,279)	(23,308)	38,971		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(169,593)	(169,593)	(13,150)	156,443		
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009	169,593	169,593	169,593			
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2010	\$		156,443	156,443		

Continued...

	PUBLIC ASSISTANCE						
	ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE FROM FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)		
REVENUES: Licenses, permits and franchises Fines, forfeitures and penalties	\$	1,387 2,010	1,387 2,010	1,228 2,400	(159) 390		
Revenue from use of money and property-		_,0.0	_,0.0	_,			
Investment income		36	36	26	(10)		
Charges for services		3,350	3,350	3,381	31		
Miscellaneous		3,147	3,147	3,126	(21)		
TOTAL REVENUES		9,930	9,930	10,161	231		
EXPENDITURES: Current-Public assistance-		13,153	12,969	9,817	(3,152)		
Services and supplies		13,133	12,909	9,617	(3,132)		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		13,153	12,969	9,817	(3,152)		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(3,223)	(3,039)	344	3,383		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers out		(2,482)	(2,666)	(2,351)			
Appropriation for contingencies		(2,048)	(2,048)	(240)	2,048		
Changes in reserves and designations		(1,334)	(1,334)	(316)	1,018		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET		(5,864)	(6,048)	(2,667)	3,381		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(9,087)	(9,087)	(2,323)	6,764		
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009		9,087	9,087	9,087			
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2010	\$			6,764	6,764		

	RECREATION					
		GINAL DGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE FROM FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)	
REVENUES:						
Licenses, permits and franchises	\$	20	20	21	1	
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		18	18	32	14	
Revenue from use of money and property:						
Investment income		117	117	44	(73)	
Rents and concessions		366	366	458	92	
Charges for services		5,165	5,165	6,697	1,532	
Miscellaneous		2,880	3,030	2,346	(684)	
TOTAL REVENUES		8,566	8,716	9,598	882	
EXPENDITURES: Current-Recreation and cultural services-						
Services and supplies		14,651	14,106	9,750	(4,356)	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		14,651	14,106	9,750	(4,356)	
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(6,085)	(5,390)	(152)	5,238	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in		214	214	164	(50)	
Transfers out		(1,286)	(1,981)	(975)	` '	
Appropriation for contingencies		(1,560)	(1,560)	(0.0)	1,560	
Changes in reserves and designations		(12,521)	(12,521)	(12,411)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET		(15,153)	(15,848)	(13,222)	2,626	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(21,238)	(21,238)	(13,374)	7,864	
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009		21,238	21,238	21,238		
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2010	\$			7,864	7,864	

	COURTHOUSE TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION							
		RIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL ON	VARIANCE FROM			
	ВІ	JDGET	BUDGET	BUDGETARY	FINAL BUDGET			
				BASIS	OVER (UNDER)			
REVENUES:		40.000	40.000	24.224				
Fines, forfeitures and penalties Revenue from use of money and property:	\$	18,000	18,000	21,081	3,081			
Investment income		1,800	1,800	1,019	(781)			
Rents and concessions		45	45		(45)			
TOTAL REVENUES	19,845		19,845	22,100	2,255			
EXPENDITURES: Current-Public protection:								
Services and supplies		63,234	63,234	1,751	(61,483)			
Other charges		27,158	27,158	26,059	(1,099)			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		90,392	90,392	27,810	(62,582)			
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(70,547)	(70,547)	(5,710)	64,837			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)-								
Appropriation for contingencies		(4,073)	(4,073)		4,073			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(74,620)	(74,620)	(5,710)	68,910			
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009		74,620	74,620	74,620				
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2010	\$			68,910	68,910			

	CRIMINAL JUSTICE TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION						
	ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE FROM FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)		
REVENUES: Fines, forfeitures and penalties Revenue from use of money and property-	\$	20,000	20,000	24,160	4,160		
Investment income		880	880	924	44		
TOTAL REVENUES		20,880	20,880	25,084	4,204		
EXPENDITURES: Current-Public protection:							
Services and supplies		56,427	17,827	2,154	(15,673)		
Other charges Capital Outlay		8,910 420	8,910 420	3,722	(5,188) (420)		
Capital Outlay		420	420		(420)		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		65,757	27,157	5,876	(21,281)		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(44,877)	(6,277)	19,208	25,485		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in Transfers out Appropriation for contingencies		280 (3,631) (10,363)	280 (42,231) (10,363)	280 (42,231)	10,363		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET		(13,714)	(52,314)	(41,951)	10,363		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(58,591)	(58,591)	(22,743)	35,848		
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009		58,591	58,591	58,591			
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2010	\$			35,848	35,848		

	REGISTRAR RECORDER IMPROVEMENT							
	OF	RIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL ON	VARIANCE FROM			
	В	UDGET	BUDGET	BUDGETARY	FINAL BUDGET			
				BASIS	OVER (UNDER)			
REVENUES-								
Charges for services	\$	9,706	10,070	12,812	2,742			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers out		(14,358)	(16,231)	(15,332)	899			
Appropriation for contingencies		(1,552)	(1,195)	, ,	1,195			
Changes in reserves and designations		(19,803)	(18,651)	(18,563)	88			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET		(35,713)	(36,077)	(33,895)	2,182			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(26,007)	(26,007)	(21,083)	4,924			
		(-, ,	(-, ,	(,===,	,-			
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009		26,007	26,007	26,007				
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2010	\$			4,924	4,924			

	OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE					
		RIGINAL UDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE FROM FINAL BUDGET OVER (UNDER)	
REVENUES:						
Licenses, permits and franchises	\$	2,124	2,124	2,643	519	
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		150	150	150		
Revenue from use of money and property:						
Investment income		1,459	1,459	970	(489)	
Rents and concessions		4,735	4,735	4,539	(196)	
Royalties		10	10 1,697	5	(5)	
Charges for services Miscellaneous		1,697	1,097	2,214 2,162	517 2,162	
		40.475	40.475	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
TOTAL REVENUES		10,175	10,175	12,683	2,508	
EXPENDITURES: Current: General government:						
Salaries and employee benefits		6,000	6,000	5,754	(246)	
Services and supplies		29,339	29,164	11,674	(17,490)	
Capital assets		2,579	2,754	510	(2,244)	
Total general government		37,918	37,918	17,938	(19,980)	
Public protection:						
Services and supplies		2,231	2,231	1,168	(1,063)	
Other charges		4,002	4,002	4,001	(1)	
Total public protection		6,233	6,233	5,169	(1,064)	
Health and sanitation-						
Capital assets		140	140	101	(39)	
Total health and sanitation		140	140	101	(39)	
Education-					· · ·	
Services and supplies		17,602	15,038	466	(14,572)	
Total education		17,602	15,038	466	(14,572)	
		11,002	10,000	100	(11,012)	
Recreation and cultural services-		000	201	050	(400)	
Services and supplies Total recreation and cultural services		600 600	681 681	258 258	(423)	
Total recreation and cultural services		600	001	200	(423)	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		62,493	60,010	23,932	(36,078)	
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(52,318)	(49,835)	(11,249)	38,586	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):		2 006	2 006	442	(2.444)	
Sales of capital assets Transfers in		3,886 7,037	3,886 7,118	6,848	(3,444) (270)	
Transfers out		(48,976)	(51,540)	(5,163)		
Appropriation for contingencies		(3,817)	(3,817)	(5,105)	3,817	
Changes in reserves and designations		1,940	1,940	2,725	785	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET		(39,930)	(42,413)	4,852	47,265	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(92,248)	(92,248)	(6,397)	85,851	
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009		92,248	92,248	92,248	,	
- , · , -		- ,	,- · C	,- :0		
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2010	\$			85,851	85,851	

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - DEBT SERVICE
JUNE 30, 2010 (in thousands)

	C	Tood ontrol istrict	Regional Park and Open Space District	Joint Powers Authorities	Public Buildings	LA County Securitization Corporation	Total
ASSETS							
Pooled cash and investments:							
Operating	\$		58,650				\$ 58,650
Other			56				56
Total pooled cash and investments			58,706				58,706
Other investments		231		222,660	93,719	33,255	349,865
Taxes receivable		605					605
Interest receivable			149		421		570
Due from other funds						261,788	261,788
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	836	58,855	222,660	94,140	295,043	\$ 671,534
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES:							
Other payables	\$	5					\$ 5
Deferred revenue		478					478
	,						
TOTAL LIABILITIES		483					483
FUND BALANCES - reserved for debt service		353	58,855	222,660	94,140	295,043	 671,051
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	836	58,855	222,660	94,140	295,043	\$ 671,534

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - DEBT SERVICE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (in thousands)

		Regional					
	Flood	Park and	Joint	LA County			
	Control	Open Space	Powers	Public	Securitization		
	District	District	Authorities	Buildings	Corporation	Total	
REVENUES:							
Taxes	\$ 6					\$ 6	
Revenue from use of money and property-							
Investment income	13	1,474	11,692	870	1,045	15,094	
Miscellaneous					24,973	24,973	
TOTAL REVENUE	19	1,474	11,692	870	26,018	40,073	
EXPENDITURES - Debt service:							
Principal	15,095	24,215	24,215	61,944		125,469	
Interest and other charges	3,983	11,692	11,692	31,749	33	59,149	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	19,078	35,907	35,907	93,693	33	184,618	
EVOCAS (DECISIONS) OF DEVENUES							
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES	(40.050)	(0.1.100)	(0.1.0.1=)	(00.000)		// / / - / - \	
OVER EXPENDITURES	(19,059)	(34,433)	(24,215)	(92,823)	25,985	(144,545)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in	19,353	34,754		85,017		139,124	
Transfers out	10,000	04,704		(2,295)	(29,974)	(32,269)	
Issuance of debt				14,000	(20,074)	14,000	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	19,353	34,754		96,722	(29,974)	120,855	
				,	(, , , ,		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	294	321	(24,215)	3,899	(3,989)	(23,690)	
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1, 2009	59	58,534	246,875	90,241	299,032	694,741	
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30, 2010	\$ 353	58,855	222,660	94,140	295,043	\$ 671,051	
. 5.15 5 11020, 00112 00, 2010	+ 550	00,000	222,000	0 1, 1 10	200,010	+ 011,001	

	REGIONAL PARK AND OPEN SPACE DISTRICT						
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY	VARIANCE FROM FINAL BUDGET			
	BODGET	BODGET	BASIS	OVER (UNDER)			
DEVELUE							
REVENUES: Revenue from use of money and property-							
		700	4 405	207			
Investment income	\$ 708	708	1,405	697			
EXPENDITURES:							
Debt service:							
Principal	24,215	24,215	24,215				
Interest	21,489	21,489	11,692	(9,797)			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	45,704	45,704	35,907	(9,797)			
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(44,996)	(44,996)	(34,502)	10,494			
OTHER FINANCING COURSES (USES)				_			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in	35,777	35,777	34,754	(1,023)			
Appropriation for contingencies	(358)	•	34,734	358			
Changes in reserves and designations	(221)	, ,	(92)	129			
Changes in reserves and designations	(221)	(221)	(02)	120			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET	35,198	35,198	34,662	(536)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(9,798)	(9,798)	160	9,958			
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2009	9,798	9,798	9,798				
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2010	\$		9,958	9,958			

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - CAPITAL PROJECTS
JUNE 30, 2010 (in thousands)

	(umulative Capital Outlay	Flood Control District	Improvement Districts	Public Buildings	Gap Loan	 Total
ASSETS							
Pooled cash and investments:							
Operating	\$	73,708	100	11		119,569	\$ 193,388
Other		3,522				217	3,739
Total pooled cash and investments		77,230	100	11		119,786	197,127
Other investments					11,355		11,355
Interest receivable		254			4	368	626
Due from other funds		8,104				226	 8,330
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	85,588	100	11	11,359	120,380	\$ 217,438
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES:							
Accounts payable	\$	698					\$ 698
Due to other funds		5,426			589	5,462	11,477
Advances payable		35					 35
TOTAL LIABILITIES		6,159			589	5,462	12,210
FUND BALANCES:							
Reserved for:							
Encumbrances		4,270			1,424		5,694
Assets unavailable for appropriation		6,124					6,124
Unreserved-Undesignated		69,035	100	11	9,346	114,918	 193,410
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		79,429	100	11	10,770	114,918	 205,228
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	85,588	100	11	11,359	120,380	\$ 217,438

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - CAPITAL PROJECTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (in thousands)

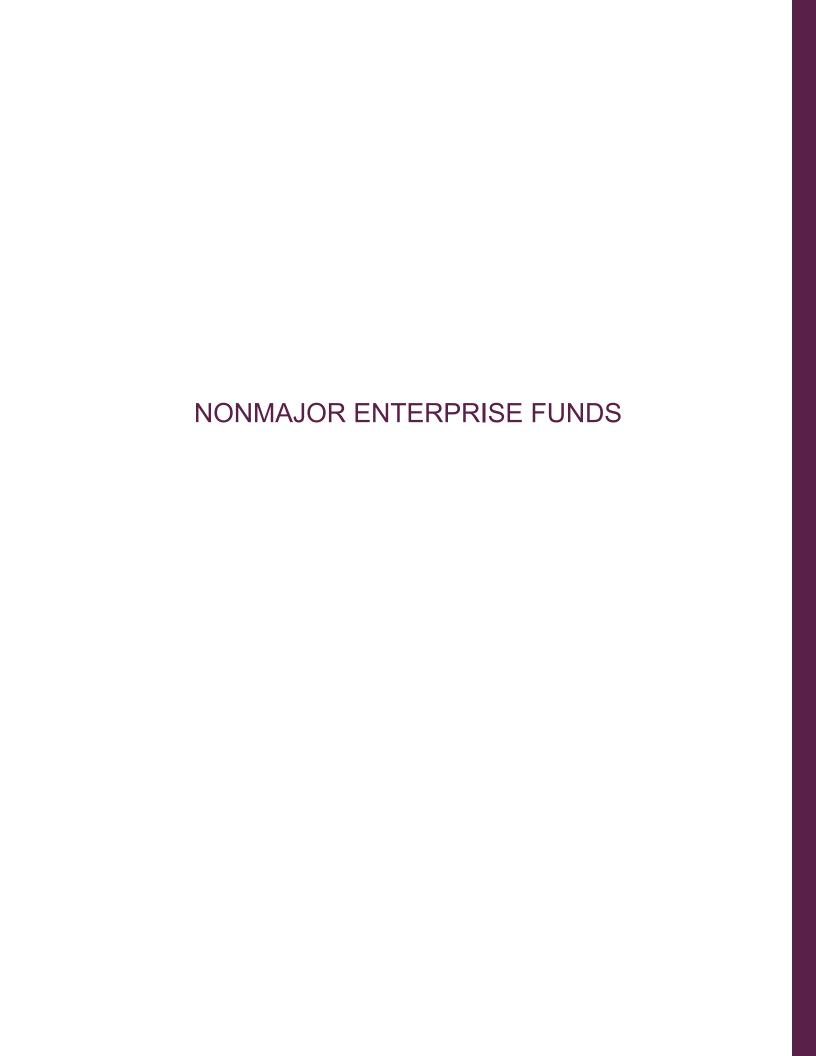
	C	mulative apital utlay	Flood Control District	Improvement Districts	Public Buildings	Gap Loan	Total
REVENUES: Revenue from use of money and property - Investment income Intergovernmental revenues-	\$	1,251	1		51	1,774	\$ 3,077
State Charges for services Miscellaneous		190 5,381			159		190 5,381 159
TOTAL REVENUES		6,822	1		210	1,774	8,807
EXPENDITURES - Capital outlay		14,943			15,523		30,466
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(8,121)	1		(15,313)	1,774	(21,659)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in Transfers out Issuance of debt		12,643 (9,161)	(275)		307 22,977	(5,010)	12,950 (14,446) 22,977
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET		3,482	(275)		23,284	(5,010)	21,481
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(4,639)	(274)		7,971	(3,236)	(178)
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1, 2009		84,068	374	11	2,799	118,154	205,406
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30, 2010	\$	79,429	100	11	10,770	114,918	\$ 205,228

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - PERMANENT FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2010 (in thousands)

	Annuities		Endowments	Total
ASSETS				
Pooled cash and investments:				
Operating	\$	572	2,317	\$ 2,889
Other		11	4	 5
Total pooled cash and investments		573	2,321	 2,894
Other investments		109		109
Interest receivable		3	7	 10
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	685	2,328	\$ 3,013
LIABILITIES - Due to other funds	\$		187	\$ 187
FUND BALANCES - Reserved for annuities and endowments		685	2,141	 2,826
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	685	2,328	\$ 3,013

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - PERMANENT FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (in thousands)

	Annuities		Endowments	 Total
REVENUES: Revenue from use of money and property - Investment income	\$	18_	30	\$ 48_
EXPENDITURES - General government		45	196	241
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(27)	(166)	 (193)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(27)	(166)	(193)
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1, 2009		712	2,307	3,019
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30, 2010	\$	685	2,141	\$ 2,826



COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

- The Aviation Enterprise Fund was established to provide for the maintenance and operations of the five airports which are owned by the County. Operating revenues are derived primarily from charges for services and rentals associated with airport operations.
- The Community Development Commission Enterprise Fund was established to provide for the operation, maintenance and management of certain housing developments. Revenues are derived primarily from tenant rentals and federal grants.

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2010 (in thousands)

JUNE 30, 2010 (III thousands)			.
		Community	Total
		Community	Nonmajor Enterprise
	Aviation	Development	Funds
	Aviation	Commission	Fullus
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Pooled cash and investments:			
Operating	\$ 4,979		\$ 4,979
Other	3		3
Total pooled cash and investments	4,982		4,982
Other investments		23,364	23,364
Interest receivable	12		12
Other receivables	5,795	7,278	13,073
Due from other funds	5		5
Total current assets	10,794	30,642	41,436
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets:			
Land and easements	134,066	60,206	194,272
Buildings and improvements	34,437	131,767	166,204
Equipment	1,787	1,502	3,289
Infrastructure	41,781	.,	41,781
Construction in progress	5,424	3,655	9,079
Less accumulated depreciation	(54,278)	(126,413)	(180,691)
Total capital assets - net	163,217	70,717	233,934
Total noncurrent assets	163,217	70,717	233,934
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 174,011	101,359	\$ 275,370
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 171	5,441	\$ 5,612
Other payables	1,333	756	2,089
Due to other funds	297		297
Unearned revenue		536	536
Current portion of long-term liabilities		806	806
Total current liabilities	1,801	7,539	9,340
Noncurrent liabilities:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Accrued vacation and sick leave		152	152
Bonds and notes payable		2,980	2,980
Litigation and self-insurance		766	766
Total noncurrent liabilities		3,898	3,898
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,801	11,437	13,238
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	163,217	67,387	230,604
Restricted:	,	•	,
Debt service		10,953	10,953
Special purpose		11,582	11,582
Unrestricted	8,993		8,993
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 172,210	89,922	\$ 262,132

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (in thousands)

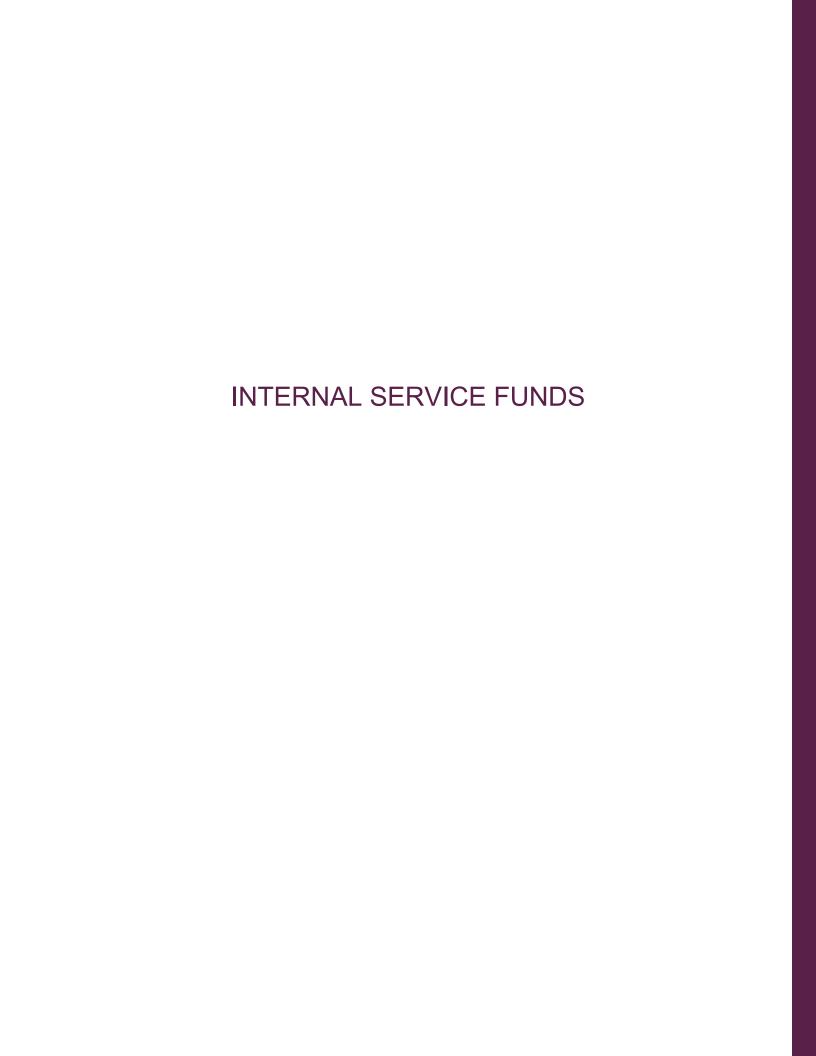
	Aviation		Community Development Commission		Total onmajor nterprise Funds
OPERATING REVENUES:					
Rentals	\$	3,086	11,261	\$	14,347
Charges for services		423			423
Other			771		771
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		3,509	12,032		15,541
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Services and supplies		2,753	294,035		296,788
Other professional services		361	•		361
Depreciation and amortization		1,628	627		2,255
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		4,742	294,662		299,404
OPERATING LOSS		(1,233)	(282,630)		(283,863)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):					
Interest income		43	426		469
Interest expense			(123)		(123)
Intergovernmental revenues:					
State		40			40
Federal		8,068	265,692	1	273,760
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES		8,151	265,995		274,146
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS		6,918	(16,635)		(9,717)
Capital contributions		1,710			1,710
Transfers in		.,	1,083		1,083
Transfers out			(135)		(135)
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		8,628	(15,687)		(7,059)
TOTAL NET ASSETS, JULY 1, 2009		163,582	105,609		269,191
TOTAL NET ASSETS, JUNE 30, 2010	\$	172,210	89,922	\$	262,132

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (in thousands)

	/	Aviation	Community Development Commission	 Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Rentals received	\$	3,086	11,920	\$ 15,006
Cash received (returned) from charges for services		470		470
Other operating revenues			771	771
Cash paid for salaries and employee benefits			(17,949)	(17,949)
Cash paid for services and supplies		(2,086)	(273,782)	(275,868)
Other operating expenses		(361)		 (361)
Net cash required for operating activities		1,109	(279,040)	(277,931)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Intergovernmental receipts		2,839	265,692	268,531
Transfers in Transfers out			1,083	1,083
Transiers out	-		(135)	 (135)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		2,839	266,640	 269,479
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Capital contributions		1,710		1,710
Proceeds from bonds and notes			6	6
Interest paid on capital borrowing			(123)	(123)
Principal payments on bonds			(355)	(355)
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(5,589)	5,430	 (159)
Net cash provided by (required for) capital and related				
financing activities		(3,879)	4,958	 1,079
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES -				
Interest income received		44	426	 470
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		113	(7,016)	(6,903)
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2009		4,869	30,380	 35,249
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2010	\$	4,982	23,364	\$ 28,346

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - Continued
NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (in thousands)

					Total
			Community		Nonmajor
			Development		Enterprise
		Aviation	Commission		Funds
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH					
REQUIRED FOR OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Operating loss	\$	(1,233)	(282,630)	\$	(283,863)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash		(, ,	, , ,	·	, ,
required for operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization		1,628	627		2,255
Other charges - net		761			761
(Increase) decrease in:					
Other receivables		(1)	653		652
Due from other funds		48			48
Inventories			11		11
Increase (decrease) in:					
Accounts payable		(91)	2,629		2,538
Other payables		(51)	(867)		(918)
Accrued vacation and sick leave			(235)		(235)
Due to other funds		48			48
Unearned revenue			6		6
Litigation and self-insurance liability			766		766
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS		2,342	3,590		5,932
NET CASH REQUIRED FOR OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	1,109	(279,040)	\$	(277,931)
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS					
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS:					
Pooled cash and investments	\$	4,982		\$	4,982
Other investments	Ψ	4,002	23,364	Ψ	23,364
Caro, involution			20,004		20,004
TOTAL	\$	4,982	23,364	\$	28,346
	-	·—·	·		·



COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

- The Public Works Fund was established to account for the cost of services provided by the Department of Public Works to the Road Fund, Flood Control District, County Engineer and various other special districts and agencies. Costs are recovered through billings for services.
- The Equipment Acquisition Fund was established to account for the operations of the Los Angeles County Capital Asset Leasing Corporation. County departments are charged for equipment items acquired on their behalf. The charges represent recovery of equipment depreciation expense and bond interest expense.
- The Community Development Commission Internal Service Fund was established to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, services provided to various departments within the Commission. The charges for services are on a cost-reimbursement basis.

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2010 (in thousands)

JUNE 30, 2010 (III tilousarius)				Community	
		Public	Equipment	Development	
		Works	Acquisition	Commission	 Total
ASSETS					_
Current assets:					
Pooled cash and investments:					
Operating	\$	29,843	2,585		\$ 32,428
Other		4,213	15		 4,228
Total pooled cash and investments		34,056	2,600		36,656
Other investments				8,241	8,241
Interest receivable		96	34		130
Other receivables		7,218		72	7,290
Due from other funds		64,856	33		64,889
Inventories		10,024		62	10,086
Total current assets		116,250	2,667	8,375	127,292
Noncurrent assets:					
Restricted assets			11,046		11,046
Net pension obligation		2,576			2,576
Capital assets:					
Buildings and improvements		1,734			1,734
Equipment		135,858	80,275	4,874	221,007
Less accumulated depreciation		(74,425)	(44,266)	(4,326)	(123,017)
Total capital assets - net		63,167	36,009	548	 99,724
Total noncurrent assets		65,743	47,055	548	 113,346
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	181,993	49,722	8,923	\$ 240,638
		,	.0,	0,020	 2.0,000
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:	_				
Accounts payable	\$	5,334	14	592	\$ 5,940
Accrued payroll		13,905			13,905
Other payables		1,929			1,929
Accrued interest payable			116		116
Due to other funds		27,764		9	27,773
Advances from other funds		22,000			22,000
Unearned revenue		469			469
Current portion of long-term liabilities		26,303	14,680	485	 41,468
Total current liabilities		97,704	14,810	1,086	 113,600
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Accrued vacation and sick leave		38,488		80	38,568
Bonds and notes payable			25,405		25,405
Capital lease obligations				32	32
Workers' compensation liability		34,926		2,795	37,721
Litigation and self-insurance liability				1,686	1,686
OPEB obligation		136,795			136,795
Total noncurrent liabilities		210,209	25,405	4,593	 240,207
TOTAL LIABILITIES		307,913	40,215	5,679	 353,807
NET ASSETS					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		63,167	1,291	505	64,963
Restricted:		, -	, -		,
Debt service			10,930		10,930
Special purpose			-,	2,739	2,739
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(189,087)	(2,714)	, - ,	(191,801)
TOTAL NET ASSETS (DEFICIT)	\$	(125,920)	9,507	3,244	\$ (113,169)
- \ - /		, -,/	-,	- 1	 , -,,

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (in thousands)

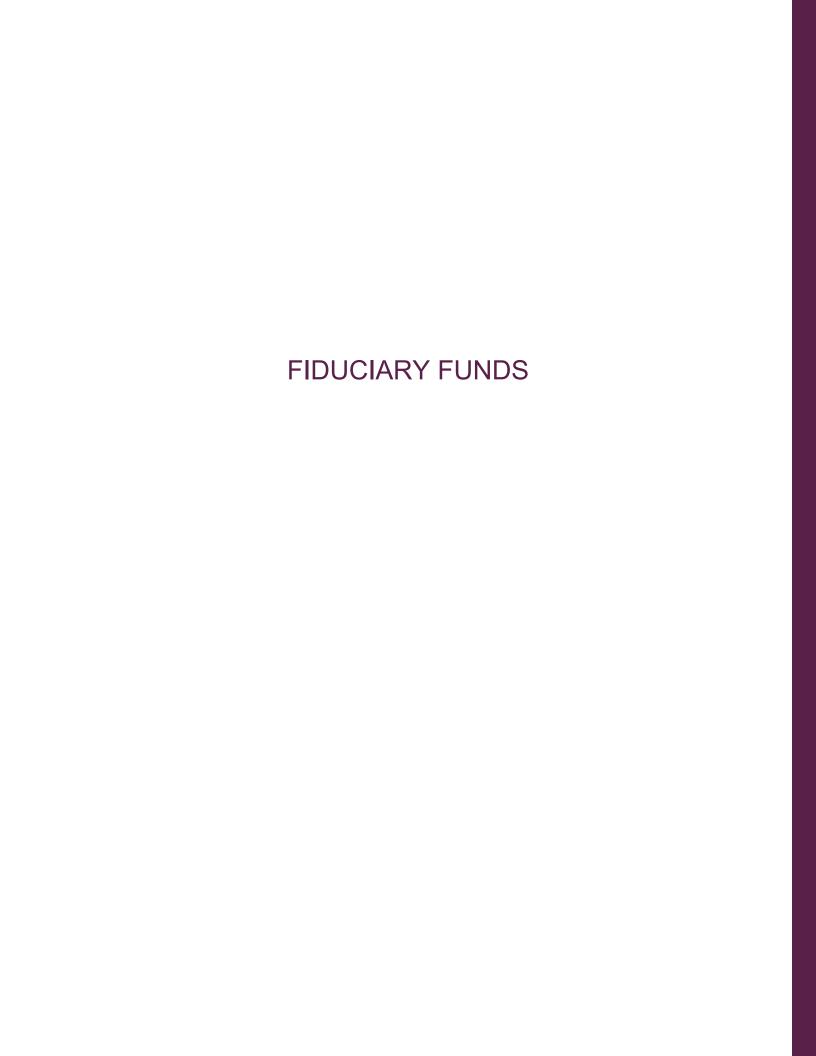
	Public Works	Equipment Acquisition	Community Development Commission	Total
OPERATING REVENUES:				
Rentals	\$ 1	23,614		\$ 23,615
Charges for services	429,773		12,747	442,520
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	429,774	23,614	12,747	466,135
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Salaries and employee benefits	381,652			381,652
Services and supplies	44,025	131	13,866	58,022
Other professional services	29,483			29,483
Depreciation and amortization	8,883	20,164	163	29,210
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	464,043	20,295	14,029	498,367
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(34,269)	3,319	(1,282)	(32,232)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):				
Interest income	56	130	116	302
Interest expense	(2,509)	(265)		(2,774)
Intergovernmental revenues - Federal			1,019	1,019
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	(2,453)	(135)	1,135	(1,453)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	(36,722)	3,184	(147)	(33,685)
Transfers in	1,264		95	1,359
Transfers out			(95)	(95)
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	(35,458)	3,184	(147)	(32,421)
TOTAL NET ASSETS (DEFICIT), JULY 1, 2009	(90,462)	6,323	3,391	(80,748)
TOTAL NET ASSETS (DEFICIT), JUNE 30, 2010	\$ (125,920)	9,507	3,244	\$ (113,169)

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (in thousands)

		Public Works	Equipment Acquisition	Community Development Commission	 Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Rentals received	\$	1	23,623		\$ 23,624
Cash received from charges for services		50,372			50,372
Cash received from charges for services to other funds		380,196		12,720	392,916
Cash paid for salaries and employee benefits		(355,366)		(7,548)	(362,914)
Cash paid for services and supplies		(52,520)	(131)	(5,878)	(58,529)
Other operating expenses		(29,483)			 (29,483)
Net cash provided by (required for) operating activities		(6,800)	23,492	(706)	 15,986
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	• •				
Interest paid on pension bonds		(2,509)			(2,509)
Intergovernmental receipts				1,019	1,019
Transfers in		1,264		95	1,359
Transfers out				(95)	 (95)
Net cash provided by (required for) noncapital financing					_
activities		(1,245)	·	1,019	 (226)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED					
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Proceeds from bonds and notes			39,025		39,025
Interest paid on capital borrowing			(358)		(358)
Principal payments on bonds and notes			(54,505)		(54,505)
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(11,193)	(12,871)	(319)	 (24,383)
Net cash required for capital and related					
financing activities		(11,193)	(28,709)	(319)	 (40,221)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES -					
Interest income received		25	151	116	 292
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(19,213)	(5,066)	110	(24,169)
Cash and cash equivalents July 1, 2009		53,269	18,712	8,131	80,112
Cash and cash equivalents June 30, 2010	\$	34,056	13,646	8,241	\$ 55,943

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - Continued
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (in thousands)

		Public Works	Equipment Acquisition	Community Development Commission		Total
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO						
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (REQUIRED FOR)						
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	(34,269)	3,319	(1,282)	\$	(32,232)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net		, ,	,	,		, ,
cash provided by (required for) operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization		8,883	20,164	163		29,210
Other charges - net		371				371
(Increase) decrease in:						
Interest receivable						
Other receivables		(474)		(27)		(501)
Due from other funds		1,012	9			1,021
Inventories		(299)		(18)		(317)
Net pension obligation		2,574				2,574
Increase (decrease) in:						
Accounts payable		514		58		572
Accrued payroll		(10,497)				(10,497)
Other payables		118				118
Accrued vacation and sick leave		756		118		874
Due to other funds		(9,081)		(63)		(9,144)
Unearned revenue		(155)				(155)
Pension bonds payable		(15,310)				(15,310)
Workers' compensation liability		2,636				2,636
Litigation and self-insurance liability				345		345
OPEB liability		46,421				46,421
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS		27,469	20,173	576		48,218
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (REQUIRED FOR)						
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(6,800)	23,492	(706)	\$	15,986
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES	S -					
Assets acquired from capital leases	\$			43	\$	43
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS						
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS:						
	æ	24.056	2 600		œ.	36 656
Pooled cash and investments	\$	34,056	2,600	0.044	\$	36,656
Other investments Restricted assets			11 046	8,241		8,241 11,046
הפטוויטפע מסספנס			11,046			11,040
TOTAL	\$	34,056	13,646	8,241	\$	55,943



COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES FIDUCIARY FUNDS

POOLED INVESTMENT TRUST FUND

The Pooled Investment Trust Fund was established to account for net assets of the County's external investment pool. The fund primarily consists of deposits held on behalf of School Districts and Sanitation Districts.

SPECIFIC INVESTMENT TRUST FUND

The Specific Investment Trust Fund is used to account for the net assets of individual investment accounts, in aggregate. The related investment activity occurs separately from the County's investment pool and is provided as a service to external investors.

AGENCY

Agency funds have been established to account for cash and other assets and related liabilities of such funds as temporary funds for deposits of unapportioned taxes, departmental funds, and clearing and revolving funds.

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS
FIDUCIARY FUNDS - INVESTMENT TRUST FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2010 (in thousands)

	Pooled Investment Trust Fund	Specific Investment Trust Fund	Total
ASSETS	 		
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 16,859,418		\$ 16,859,418
Other investments		95,447	95,447
Interest receivable	 48,729	275	49,004
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 16,908,147	95,722	\$ 17,003,869
LIABILITIES			
Other Payables	\$ 776,749		\$ 776,749
NET ASSETS			
Held in trust for investment trust fund participants	\$ 16,131,398	95,722	\$ 16,227,120

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS
FIDUCIARY FUNDS - INVESTMENT TRUST FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (in thousands)

	Pooled nvestment Trust Fund	Specific Investment Trust Fund	 Total
ADDITIONS:			
Contributions to investment trust funds	\$ 45,390,205	2,209,139	\$ 47,599,344
Interest income	213,245	5,377	 218,622
TOTAL ADDITIONS	 45,603,450	2,214,516	 47,817,966
DEDUCTIONS -			
Distribution from investment trust funds	 42,878,329	2,406,254	 45,284,583
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	2,725,121	(191,738)	2,533,383
NET ASSETS HELD IN TRUST, JULY 1, 2009	 13,406,277	287,460	 13,693,737
NET ASSETS HELD IN TRUST, JUNE 30, 2010	\$ 16,131,398	95,722	\$ 16,227,120

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES
FIDUCIARY FUNDS - AGENCY FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 (in thousands)

	Balance uly 1, 2009	Additions	Deductions	Balance ne 30, 2010
ASSETS				
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 1,163,812	130,424,912	130,326,790	\$ 1,261,934
Other investments	301	604	603	302
Taxes receivable	448,507	1,050,738	931,466	567,779
Interest receivable	 4,739	6,027	4,778	 5,988
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,617,359	131,482,281	131,263,637	\$ 1,836,003
LIABILITIES				
Due to other governments	\$ 1,617,359	3,099,062	2,880,418	\$ 1,836,003
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 1,617,359	3,099,062	2,880,418	\$ 1,836,003



STATISTICAL SECTION

The information in this section is not covered by the Independent Auditor's Report, but is presented as supplemental data for the benefit of the readers of the comprehensive annual financial report. The objectives of statistical section information are to provide financial statement users with additional historical perspective, context, and detail to assist in using the information in the financial statements, notes to financial statements, and required supplementary information to better understand and assess the County's overall financial health.

CONTENTS	PAGE
FINANCIAL TRENDS	161
REVENUE CAPACITY These schedules contain trend information to help the reader assess the County's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	168
DEBT CAPACITY	172
DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION	178
OPERATING INFORMATION These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the County's financial report relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.	180

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.



COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
NET ASSETS BY CATEGORY (UNAUDITED)
LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS (in thousands)
(accrual basis of accounting)

2008-09 2009-10	70 14,081,048 14,271,861	17 2,217,449 2,293,147	87 16,298,497 16,565,008
	63 1,644,109 1,861,498	85 192,427 163,820	48 1,836,536 2,025,318
	82 (972,862) (2,133,744)	89) (1,032,677) (1,373,660)	07) (2,005,539) (3,507,404)
	15 14,752,295 13,999,615	13 1,377,199 1,083,307	28 16,129,494 15,082,922
2007-08	13,913,070	2,259,617	16,172,687
	1,605,763	307,985	1,913,748
	51,582	(824,889)	(773,307)
	15,570,415	1,742,713	17,313,128
2006-07	14,192,494	2,190,999	16,383,493
	1,443,083	186,266	1,629,349
	(194,953)	(640,691)	(835,644)
	15,440,624	1,736,574	17,177,198
2005-06	13,567,513	1,827,225	15,394,738
	1,378,439	165,427	1,543,866
	(840,389)	(444,450)	(1,284,839)
	14,105,563	1,548,202	15,653,765
2004-05	2,556,556	793,517	3,350,073
	1,152,845	74,173	1,227,018
	(1,572,611)	(624,577)	(2,197,188)
	2,136,790	243,113	2,379,903
2003-04	2,384,009	622,282	3,006,291
	928,616	105,557	1,034,173
	(2,203,518)	(590,882)	(2,794,400)
	1,109,107	136,957	1,246,064
2002-03	2,210,640	495,549	2,706,189
	907,155	127,192	1,034,347
	(2,391,517)	(734,942)	(3,126,459)
	726,278	(112,201)	614,077
2001-02	\$ 1,944,507	402,528	2,347,035
	913,613	91,994	1,005,607
	(1,892,055)	(748,183)	(2,640,238)
	966,065	(253,661)	\$ 712,404
	Governmental activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt \$ 1,944,507 Restricted Unrestricted (deficit) (1,892,055 Subtotal governmental activities net assets 966,065	Business-type activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted (deficit) Subtotal business-type activites net assets	Primary government Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted (deficit) Total primary government net assets

Notes:

(1) Trend data is available for only the prior eight fiscal years, with the implementation of GASB 34.

(2) Asset restrictions are primarily due to external restrictions imposed by State legislation and bond covenants.

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (UNAUDITED) LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS (in thousands)

(accrual basis of accounting)									
(1)	2001-02	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	<u>2009-10</u>
Expenses									
Government activities:									
General government	\$ 611,203	764,588	960,039	822,999	795,290	807,155	1,171,448	1,103,361	1,236,226
Public protection	3,937,519	4,177,049	4,044,824	4,159,675	4,443,432	4,872,413	5,799,593	6,125,158	6,163,910
Public ways and facilities	208,299	227,776	222,416	249,065	360,980	282,827	299,304	327,403	352,549
Health and sanitation	1,795,060	1,888,141	1,918,831	1,941,315	2,151,515	2,223,695	2,638,135	2,783,150	2,718,876
Public assistance	4,505,319	4,604,757	4,383,626	4,398,391	4,465,520	4,539,458	5,061,367	5,233,389	5,518,036
Education	73,455	75,079	77,207	86,707	92,867	99,136	112,035	109,910	101,397
Recreation and cultural services	231,605	228,008	229,541	236,421	240,274	266,967	290,669	331,726	319,000
Interest on long-term debt	249,586	270,336	240,494	223,696	221,838	239,608	191,551	165,782	139,824
Subtotal governmental activities expenses	11,612,046	12,235,734	11,767,035	11,962,048	12,771,716	13,331,259	15,564,102	16,179,879	16,549,818
Business-type activities:									
Hospitals (2)	3,086,454	3,158,458	3,063,732	3,235,176	2,778,251	2,894,493	3,092,682	3,443,266	3,394,724
Aviation	4,618	4,617	5,155	5,747	5,236	5,761	4,182	5,073	4,743
Waterworks	39,857	42,448	45,473	43,444	67,563	97,504	74,810	76,904	76,817
Community Development Commission	198,340	223,808	222,207	217,560	202,298	211,077	246,195	268,201	294,785
Subtotal business-type activities expense	3,329,269	3,429,331	3,336,567	3,501,927	3,053,348	3,208,835	3,417,869	3,793,444	3,771,069
Total primary government expenses	14,941,315	15,665,065	15,103,602	15,463,975	15,825,064	16,540,094	18,981,971	19,973,323	20,320,887
Program Revenues									
Governmental activities:									
Charges for services									
General government	332,282	354,291	371,723	371,338	500,233	451,050	445,948	634,153	432,084
Public protection	981,002	1,021,186	1,055,700	1,112,288	1,118,277	1,189,730	1,273,710	1,323,593	1,342,970
Health and sanitation	375,484	385,490	357,229	378,324	469,450	518,893	708,097	484,240	639,602
Recreation and cultural services	154,704	152,908	157,486	159,999	165,980	173,531	206,364	172,899	178,935
Other charges for services		81,388	55,947	62,629	83,694	63,664	104,433	79,844	92,226
Subtotal governmental activities charges for services		1,995,263	1,998,085	2,087,578	2,337,634	2,396,868	2,738,552	2,694,729	2,685,817
Operating grants and contributions	6,243,962	6,373,405	6,362,285	6,551,225		6,980,549	7,113,135	7,215,270	7,636,509
Capital grants and contributions	27,534	38,471	59,650	44,072	64,258	25,135	184,502	206,137	115,640
Total governmental activities program revenue	8,169,516	8,407,139	8,420,020	8,682,875	9,203,148	9,402,552	10,036,189	10,116,136	10,437,966
Business-type activities:									
sec	7	1	000	1	200	000	1		0.00
nospitals (2)	2,516,003	7,384,702	7,097,047	2,390,770	0,813,613	1,604,209	1,730,231	2,022,033	2,089,010
Office Charges for services		20,107	001,10	101,00	90,004	93,770	010,07	110,07	0,000
Subtotal business-type activities charges for services	N,	2,644,949	2,454,197	2,458,921	2,004,419	1,957,979	1,806,747	2,095,944	2,169,863
Operating grants and contributions	267,329	295,296	277,427	262,636	309,526	304,720	263,471	279,195	317,162
Capital grants and contributions	13,765	26,851	83,537	138,723	74,821	12,992	2,897	837	2,018
Total business-type activities program revenue	2,844,055	2,967,096	2,815,161	2,860,280	2,388,766	2,275,691	2,073,115	2,375,976	2,489,043
Total primary government revenues	11,013,571	11,374,235	11,235,181	11,543,155	11,591,914	11,678,243	12,109,304	12,492,112	12,927,009

Continued...

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (UNAUDITED) - Continued
LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS (in thousands)
(accrual basis of accounting)

(accrual basis of accounting)										
	(£)	2001-02	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10
Net (expense) / revenue:										
Governmental activities		(3,442,530)	(3,828,595)	(3,347,015)	(3,279,173)	(3,568,568)	(3,928,707)	(5,527,913)	(6,063,743)	(6,111,852)
Business-type activities		(485,214)	(462,235)	(521,406)	(641,647)	(664,582)	(933,144)	(1,344,754)	(1,417,468)	(1,282,026)
Total primary government net expenses		(3,927,744)	(4,290,830)	(3,868,421)	(3,920,820)	(4,233,150)	(4,861,851)	(6,872,667)	(7,481,211)	(7,393,878)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets Governmental Activities:	ts									
Taxes		2,349,836	2,493,274	2,912,645	3,804,859	4,292,919	4,688,595	5,034,399	5,192,566	5,061,595
Intergovernmental-motor vehicle										
in-lieu taxes, not restricted		675,004	690,854	573,859						
Unrestricted grants and contributions		706,167	703,520	711,961	731,767	730,516	761,705	778,936	756,417	701,521
Investment earnings		154,439	102,573	22,807	137,382	244,005	335,851	324,132	197,705	105,878
Miscellaneous		148,622	136,702	186,406	130,904	171,049	259,357	229,810	142,075	132,856
Special Item - Contribution of Disney Hall			•		188,493		267,473	•		•
Transfers (Net)		(550,302)	(538,115)	(712,834)	(686,549)	(989,117)	(1,049,213)	(1,152,946)	(1,011,862)	(895,250)
Subtotal governmental activities		3,483,766	3,588,808	3,729,844	4,306,856	4,449,372	5,263,768	5,214,331	5,276,901	5,106,600
Business-type activities:										
Taxes		2,550	2,772	2,845	701	743	3,782	4,405	4,453	4,415
Unrestricted grants and contributions		33	32	32	34	34	35	37	37	143
Investment earnings		4,415	4,373	1,452	6,416	9,703	18,043	14,073	9,844	2,693
Miscellaneous		50,860	58,403	53,401	54,103	58,804	50,443	24,950	25,758	35,463
Transfers (Net)		550,302	538,115	712,834	686,549	989,117	1,049,213	1,152,946	1,011,862	895,250
Subtotal business-type activities		608,160	969,609	770,564	747,803	1,058,401	1,121,516	1,196,411	1,051,954	937,964
Total primary government		4,091,926	4,192,503	4,500,408	5,054,659	5,507,773	6,385,284	6,410,742	6,328,855	6,044,564
Changes in Net Assets										
Government activities		41,236	(239,787)	382,829	1,027,683	880,804	1,335,061	(313,582)	(786,842)	(1,005,252)
Business-type activities		122,946	141,460	249,158	106,156	393,819	188,372	(148,343)	(365,514)	(344,062)
Total primary government	s	164,182	(98,327)	631,987	1,133,839	1,274,623	1,523,433	(461,925)	(1,152,356)	(1,349,314)

Notes:
 (1) Trend data is available for only the prior eight fiscal years, with the implementation of GASB 34.
 (2) Amounts presented for 2002 Business-type activities have been reclassified and adjusted to conform to the current year's presentation format. Charges for services revenues and Hospital expenses have each been increased by \$568.6 million to more appropriately display Hospital intergovemmental transfer expenses and related revenues.

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (UNAUDITED) LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS (in thousands)

(modified accrual basis of accounting)	<u>E</u>	2001-02	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05	<u>2005-06</u>	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	<u>2009-10</u>
General Fund Reserved for: Fnerimbrances	€.	277 146	316 118	289 174	333 499	352 523	415 001	532 752	368 798	373 511
Inventories)	36,740	33,230	29, 17	39,713	42,562	42,561	43,906	46,486	44,279
Assets unavailable for appropriation		44,879	33,410	31,548	27,415	26,970	20,718	20,808	124,567	366,638
Total Reserved Balance		358,765	382,758	350,565	400,627	422,055	478,280	597,466	539,851	784,428
On eserved, designated for. Budget uncertainties		388,235	414,054	359,649	496,672	375,511	338,192	292,113		
Program expansion		206,805	254,753	299,357	190,548	497,370	328,795	302,763	464,395	305,831
Health services					329,806	459,346	326,849	242,408	228,229	168,702
Capital projects Unreserved undesignated reported in-						190,184	241,489	315,355	278,955	144,366
General fund		558,549	646,165	878,156	909,076	793,812	1,366,839	1,624,335	1,655,388	1,592,484
Total Unreserved Balance		1,153,589	1,314,972	1,537,162	1,926,102	2,316,223	2,602,164	2,776,974	2,626,967	2,211,383
Total General Fund		1,512,354	1,697,730	1,887,727	2,326,729	2,738,278	3,080,444	3,374,440	3,166,818	2,995,811
All Other Governmental Funds (2)										
Find the Form Englished Form English		451.630	339.018	297.961	372.272	414.475	379.556	384.475	391.728	383.683
Inventories		44,706	40,854	55,180	46,740	49,424	44,936	45,426	42,965	44,039
Housing programs		2,568	2,260	2,260	2,079	2,117	1,662	1,167	1,618	2,026
Debt service		253,065	236,921	231,438	259,493	508,379	467,444	447,088	447,866	448,391
Endowments & annuities		3,454	3,541	3,315	3,339	3,332	3,380	3,455	3,019	2,826
Assets unavailable for appropriation		25,221	31,606	34,244	34,017	46,872	32,638	53,218	16,152	15,484
Total Reserved Balance		780,644	654,200	624,398	717,940	1,024,599	929,616	934,829	903,348	896,449
Oneseived, designated for.		188 178	186 612	100 800	242 530	300 201	771 106	572 711	EA1 211	731 006
Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:		.00,	2,0,0	20,00	44,000	200,		, , ,	2	000
Special revenue funds		509,943	556,258	622,391	610,336	792,856	835,998	931,013	991,162	1,096,078
Capital projects funds		110,237	94,799	87,039	264,882	328,896	268,535	190,098	188,992	193,410
Total Unreserved Balance		808,308	837,669	900,329	1,117,757	1,431,043	1,545,729	1,693,822	1,821,465	2,021,484
Total All Other Governmental Funds		1,588,952	1,491,869	1,524,727	1,835,697	2,455,642	2,475,345	2,628,651	2,724,813	2,917,933
Total Governmental Fund Balance	ઝ	3,101,306	3,189,599	3,412,454	4,162,426	5,193,920	5,555,789	6,003,091	5,891,631	5,913,744

- Notes:

 (1) Trend data is available for only the prior eight fiscal years, with the implementation of GASB 34.

 (2) "All Other Governmental Funds" consists of the following funds: Fire Protection District, Flood Control District, Public Library, Regional Park and Open Space District and Nonmajor Governmental Funds.



COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (UNAUDITED) LAST NINE FISCALYEARS (in thousands)

(modified accrual basis of accounting) (1)	2001-02	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10
Revenues (by source)				1					1
Taxes	\$ 2,282,620	2,422,005	2,830,843	3,704,985	4,145,704	4,567,655	4,823,493	5,081,939	4,960,714
Licenses, permits and franchises	59,712	67,478	71,176	73,450	77,004	77,690	79,511	80,823	69,440
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	264,713	262,604	275,744	294,714	309,962	316,174	341,135	364,047	353,432
Revenue from use of money and property:									
Investment income	153,830	102,109	52,654	136,833	243,197	334,865	323,071	196,575	105,618
Rents and concessions	60,181	57,992	71,029	69,253	69,388	80,874	78,370	90,881	94,101
Royalties	289	300	299	408	615	594	826	1,073	1,006
Intergovernmental revenues:									
Federal	3,252,597	3,198,572	3,148,842	2,763,670	2,745,903	2,835,932	3,149,752	3,272,856	3,582,396
State	4,170,053	4,331,478	4,292,677	4,275,176	4,650,492	4,613,192	4,621,964	4,446,417	4,544,074
Other	98,051	107,337	113,576	122,674	121,532	154,116	170,405	183,787	169,268
Charges for services	1,538,368	1,625,583	1,616,924	1,699,477	1,927,681	1,965,724	2,241,295	2,193,709	2,172,974
Proceeds from property owners	1,336	8,123	73						
Miscellaneous	295,902	294,278	328,914	277,000	324.060	291.293	442.645	327.762	273.309
Total Revenues	12,177,652	12,477,859	12.807.751	13,417,640	14.615.538	15,238,109	16,272,619	16.239.869	16.326.332
Expenditures (by function)									
Current:									
General government	589,281	652,393	673,950	664,670	778,406	871,304	934,641	963,275	877,098
Public protection	3,795,429	3,768,650	3,934,320	4,111,311	4,413,646	4,955,338	5,328,923	5,561,576	5,600,679
Public ways and facilities	261,679	287,853	229,546	247,314	287,544	271,904	318,468	309,264	332,036
Health and sanitation	1,765,432	1,826,083	1,905,521	1,935,207	2,129,508	2,255,737	2,462,395	2,645,030	2,567,715
Public assistance	4,360,342	4,461,044	4,325,241	4,387,157	4,457,822	4,539,192	4,770,593	4,951,368	5,194,752
Education	72.542	74,013	79,285	85,066	92,105	99,115	105,684	115,315	107,963
Recreation and cultural services	235,188	225,329	231,210	226,768	247,845	265,029	272,028	302,988	300,199
Debt services						•	•		
Principal	241,737	269,349	280,274	345,956	390,745	304,888	220,287	187,574	184,844
Interest and other charges	220,801	206,119	182,385	181,948	126,030	211,386	259,254	220,467	246,461
Capital leases	8,220	14,345	13,830	11,449	29,624	25,936	19,629	12,601	12,097
Capital outlay	120,579	99,710	48,536	31,384	67,717	48,897	188,090	75,494	32,799
Total Expenditures	11,671,230	11,884,888	11,904,098	12,228,230	13,020,992	13,848,726	14,879,992	15,344,952	15,456,643
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures	506,422	592,971	903,653	1,189,410	1,594,546	1,389,383	1,392,627	894,917	869,689
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers in	294,162	295,168	303,956	416,981	516,492	540,377	602,352	527,231	565,138
Transfers out	(838,520)	(831,862)	(1,020,831)	(1,104,398)	(1,504,136)	(1,592,341)	(1,752,685)	(1,540,633)	(1,454,259)
Issuance of debt				7,700	389,423	326,245	3,000		36,977
Refunding bonds issued	29,000	160,325		434,471			94,315		
Payment to refunded bonds escrow agent	(29,000)	(160,325)		(434,471)		(320,995)	(94,315)		
Bond premium proceeds		0,010		57,029		14,300			
Capital leases	47,568	21,480	28,312	7,329	22,533	818	98,168	880	2,333
Sales of capital assets	267,6	2,023	(1,765	6,828	12,636	3,816	4,099	6,145	2,235
Total other financing sources (uses)	(491,498)	(504,678)	(680,798)	(627,931)	(563,052)	(1,027,514)	(1,045,066)	(1,006,377)	(847,576)
Special Item-Proceeds from sale of receivables				188,493					
Net change in fund balance	\$ 14,924	88,293	222,855	749,972	1,031,494	361,869	347,561	(111,460)	22,113
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures: (2)	4.10%	4.23%	4.07%	4.48%	4.29%	4.03%	3.44%	2.81%	2.91%

Notes:
(1) Trend data is available for only the prior eight fiscal years, with the implementation of GASB 34.
(2) The debt service percentage calculations make use of the capital outlay expenditure balances as presented on the Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities.

234,040

349,363

356,061

400,933

272,525

197,261

184,681

296,788

177,720

Amount from GW to FB reconciliation for Capital Outlay

Governmental Funds Expenditures and Revenues COUNTY of LOS ANGELES Last Nine Fiscal Years



In Billions of Dollars



COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY (UNAUDITED) (1) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (in thousands)

		(2)	(3)	4		(2)	Total Taxable	Total Direct
Fiscal Year		Secured	Unsecured	<u>N</u>	Unitary	Exempt	Assessed Value	Tax Rate
2000 - 2001	↔	556,120,737	"	\$ 12,34	2,348,515 \$	(26,472,182)	\$ 582,446,793	1.00000%
2001 - 2002		592,345,254	•	12,42	2,425,635	(26,803,046)	622,362,097	1.00000%
2002 - 2003		632,815,105	4	12,35	2,357,025	(28,702,612)	660,255,041	1.00000%
2003 - 2004		683,216,372	44,745,197	11,58	1,587,736	(29,937,047)	709,612,258	1.00000%
2004 - 2005		738,658,957	43,898,983	10,64	0,648,846	(31,851,689)	761,355,097	1.00000%
2005 - 2006		813,276,803	43,964,997	10,71	10,718,105	(32,058,237)	835,901,668	1.00000%
2006 - 2007		905,276,182	45,783,429	10,63	0,638,106	(36, 182, 793)		1.00000%
2007 - 2008		990,301,135	48,543,926	11,15	11,158,201	(40,091,971)		1.00000%
2008 - 2009		1,057,718,427	52,279,248	12,29	2,298,465	(41,418,999)		1.00000%
2009 - 2010		1,055,807,331	53, 193, 853	11,89	11,891,981	(45,881,461)	1,075,011,704	1.00000%

Notes:

- base value of a parcel. As a result, similar properties can have substantially different assessed values based new market value (usually the purchase price) and the value of any new construction is added to the existing the estimated actual value of all County properties. Under Prop 13 property is assessed at the 1978 market on the date of purchase. Additionally, Prop 13 limits the property tax rate to 1% of assessed value plus the value with an annual increase limited to the lesser of 2% or the CPI on property not involved in a change of ownership or properties that did not undergo new construction. Newly acquired property is assessed at its (1) Due to the 1978 passage of the property tax initiative Proposition 13 (Prop 13), the County does not track rate necessary to fund local voter-approved bonds and special assessments.
 - Secured property is generally real property, as defined as land, mines, minerals, timber and improvements such as buildings, structures, crops, trees and vines. 8
- Unsecured property is generally personal property including machinery, equipment, office tools and supplies. <u>ල</u>
 - (4) Unitary properties are railroads and utilities crossing the County and are assessed by the State Board of Equalization.
- Exempt properties include numerous full and partial exclusions/exemptions provided by the State Constitution and the legislature that relieve certain taxpayers from the burden of paying property taxes. **(2)**

Source:

Auditor-Controller, County of Los Angeles Taxpayers' Guide

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES FOR TAX RATE AREA #4 (UNAUDITED) COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	County Direct Rates			Overlapping Rates			Total Rates
Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Los Angeles <u>General</u>	Los Angeles County Detention Facilities (1)	Flood Control Districts (1)	Los Angeles City Tax <u>District No. 1</u>	School Districts	Metropolitan Water District	
2000 - 2001	1.00000	.001314	.001552	.026391	.040765	.008800	1.078822
2001 - 2002	1.00000	.001128	.001073	.040051	.064125	.007700	1.114077
2002 - 2003	1.00000	.001033	.000881	.042312	.051571	.006700	1.102497
2003 - 2004	1.00000	.000992	.000462	.050574	.097002	.006100	1.155130
2004 - 2005	1.00000	.000923	.000245	.055733	.106937	.005800	1.169638
2005 - 2006	1.00000	.000795	.000049	.051289	.098634	.005200	1.155967
2006 - 2007	1.00000	.000663	.000052	.045354	.128276	.004700	1.179045
2007 - 2008	1.00000	000000	000000	.038051	.132136	.004500	1.174687
2008 - 2009	1.00000	000000	000000	.038541	.146897	.004300	1.189738
2009 - 2010	1.00000	.000000	000000	.041220	.174921	.004300	1.220441

Notes:

- (1) The Secured Tax Rate and Ratios Report no longer includes the Detention Facilities & Flood Control Districts rates, as these bonds have matured.
 - The tax rate for Tax Rate Area #4, which applies to most property within the City of Los Angeles, is used to €

illustrate the breakdown of a tax rate within the County.

- indebtedness approved by the voters prior to July 1, 1978. All other rates are calculated per \$100 of assessed value. Article XIIIA (Proposition 13) limits the maximum ad valorem tax rate to 1% of "full cash value" except for <u>@</u>
 - An exception to the 1% limit was provided by Proposition 46 which was approved in June, 1986 re-establishing <u>ပ</u>
 - The County is divided into 11,544 tax rate areas which are unique combinations of various jurisdictions servicing authority of local governments to issue general obligation bonds for certain purposes. a specific geographic area. <u>e</u>

Source: Secured Tax Rate and Ratios Report from Auditor-Controller-Tax Division.

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS (UNAUDITED)
CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO
JUNE 30, 2010 AND JUNE 30, 2001 (in thousands)

			2010	(1)			2001	(1)
	Net	Net Assessed		Percentage of Total Net	Ne	Net Assessed		Percentage of Total Net
	Secu	Secured Property		Assessed	Secr	Secured Property		Assessed
Taxpayer		Value	Rank	Value		Value	Rank	Value
Southern California Edison Co.	↔	4,307,593	_	0.42%	↔	3,137,556	~	0.58%
Douglas Emmett Residential		3,372,027	2	0.33%		1,200,269	∞	0.22%
Maguire Properties		2,739,656	က	0.27%				
BP West Coast Products		2,690,566	4	0.26%				
Chevron USA Inc.		2,412,107	2	0.24%		1,639,081	4	0.30%
Trizechahn Colony Square GP LLC	O	1,946,675	9	0.19%				
Exxon Mobil Corporation		1,827,261	7	0.18%		1,410,306	7	0.26%
Verizon California Inc.		1,696,048	∞	0.17%				
AT&T California		1,599,066	o	0.16%				
Conoco Phillips Company		1,530,205	10	0.15%				
Pacific Bell						2,775,133	7	0.51%
GTE California, Inc.						1,623,011	2	0.30%
Atlantic Richfield Co.						2,119,604	က	0.39%
Southern California Gas Co.						1,459,804	9	0.27%
Arden Realty LTD Partnership						1,018,481	6	0.19%
Tosco Corporation						1,012,181	10	0.19%
Total	s	24,121,204		2.37%	↔	17,395,426		3.21%

Note:

June 30, 2010 is based on Secured \$1,055,807,331 plus Unitary \$11,891,981 less exemptions of \$45,881,461. Total assessed value, \$541,997,070 as of June 30, 2001 is based on Secured \$556,120,737 plus Unitary \$12,348,515 (1) See schedule "Assessed Value & Actual Value of Taxable Property." Total assessed value, \$1,021,817,851 as of less exemptions of \$26,472,182 (in thousands).

Source:

Los Angeles County Treasurer and Tax Collector

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (in thousands)

s to Date	Percentage	of Levy	%8'66	%6.66	%4.66	%9'66	%9'66	%2'66	%2'66	98.3%	95.5%	
Total Collections to Date		Amount	6,425,709	6,960,004	7,374,482	8,207,626	8,859,773	9,549,701	10,552,914	11,284,848	11,761,113	
			↔									
Collections in	Subsequent	Years (1)	197,400	199,857	191,508	176,039	203,820	227,654	339,897	379,749	9,273	
•	ı		↔									
Collections within the fiscal year of the levy	Percentage	of Levy	%2'96	97.1%	%6.96	%5.76	97.3%	97.3%	96.1%	%0.56	95.4%	
Collections within the year of the levy		Amount	6,228,309	6,760,147	7,182,974	8,031,587	8,655,953	9,322,047	10,213,017	10,905,099	11,751,840	
			↔									
		Taxes Levied	6,441,176	6,964,486	7,415,691	8,241,631	8,895,871	9,582,359	10,632,956	11,475,303	12,317,105	
		Ta	↔									
		Fiscal Year	2000 - 2001	2001 - 2002	2002 - 2003	2003 - 2004	2004 - 2005	2005 - 2006	2006 - 2007	2007 - 2008	2008 - 2009	

Note: (1) Reflects property taxes levied in prior years but collected in the current year.

Source: Auditor-Controller-Accounting Division-Property Tax Section

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE (UNAUDITED)
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In thousands, except per capita)

			Capital	Leases	\$ 54,217	113,180	120,270	135,258	130,928	123,676	98,450	173,369	157,794	148,073			Per Capita	(2)	\$ 208	472	438	405	366	345	303	291	257	223	
		Pension	Bonds	Payable	\$ 1,544,392 \$	1,551,515	1,457,732	1,344,056	1,206,794	1,045,264	879,585	668,539	485,092	256,717			Per Personal	Income (2)	1.69%	1.54%	1.41%	1.24%	1.07%	0.95%	0.82%	0.73%	%89.0	0.57%	
	Unamortized	Loss on	Advance	Debt Refund.	s				(25,133)	(23,876)	(40,818)	(37,985)	(34,848)	(31,805)		Total	Primary	Government (1)	\$ 4,978,705	4,633,434	4,370,928	4,086,692	3,744,444	3,530,891	3,132,675	3,016,919	2,667,613	2,326,760	
I Activities		Unamortized	Bond	Premiums	⇔				37,629	36,346	50,079	48,036	44,121	40,195	e Activities		Capital	' 01	\$ 2,513	2,086	1,761	1,499	1,097	675	398	273	143	ı	
Governmental Activities			Accreted	Interest	S	93,781	85,780	75,379	62,545	73,191	94,692	116,475	138,476	160,642	Business-Type Activities	Pension	Bonds	Payable	\$ 337,688	542,234	509,459	469,756	421,781	363,177	305,612	232,285	168,542	89,196	
		Notes,	Loans, and	Other Debt	\$ 475,036	67,951	63,428	65,539	69,888	387,764	403,622	395,838	413,252	414,651		Unamortized	Bond	Premiums	&				10,005	8,909	8,153	7,368	6,549	5,691	
polopia)		Certificates	o	Participation	\$ 1,537,075	1,369,528	1,276,035	1,177,981	1,079,504	1,007,134	876,106	812,318	726,236	670,242		Notes,	Loans, and	Other Debt	\$ 75,844	126,684	146,804	170,319	203,121	12,662	20,008	215,554	219,580	264,253	
doco (opinos)			Assessment	Bonds	\$ 438,020	412,295	394,735	376,210	349,690	325,710	304,235	269,995	246,875	222,660		Certificates	oţ	Participation	\$ 447,439	300,318	273,447	240,831	177,944	160,648	132,062	114,750	95,715	86,178	
		General	Obligation	Bonds	\$ 66,015	53,480	41,180	29,625	18,470	9,475	370					General	Obligation	Bonds	\$ 466	382	297	239	181	136	121	104	98	29	
				Fiscal Year	2000-01	2001-02	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10				Fiscal Year	2000-01	2001-02	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	,

Notes:(1) Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.(2) See the "Demographic Statistics" table for personal income and population.

Source: Auditor-Controller, County of Los Angeles

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (in thousands except ratio and per capita) COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
RATIO OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT (UNAUDITED)

al Debt <u>oita</u>	2	က္	7	က	7	œ	ω	Q	Q	Q
General Bonded Debt <u>per Capita</u>	6.7342	5.4433	4.1267	2.9323	1.8062	0.9248	0.0358	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Ratio of General Bonded Debt to Assessed <u>Value</u>	.000113	980000	.000062	.000042	.000024	.000011	000000	000000	000000	000000
General Bonded <u>Debt (2)</u>	66,015	53,480	41,180	29,625	18,470	9,475	370			
Assessed Value (1)	582,446,793	622,362,097	660,255,041	709,612,258	761,355,097	835,901,668	925,514,924	1,009,911,291	1,080,877,141	1,075,011,704
Population <u>(1)</u>	9,803	9,825	9,979	10,103	10,226	10,246	10,332	10,364	10,393	10,441
Fiscal <u>Year</u>	2000-01	2001-02	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10

Notes:

 See "Demographics & Economic Statistics" table for population and "Revenue Capacity" table for assessed value.
 Long-term general bonded debt outstanding included Detention Facilities and Flood Control general obligation bonds. The Detention Facilities matured on June 1, 2007 and the Flood Control bonds matured on November 1, 2007.

Source:

Los Angeles Almanac website address: www.laalmanac.com/population.

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
ESTIMATED DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING BONDED DEBT (UNAUDITED)
JUNE 30, 2010

\$ 933,761,793,680 (1)	•	100 69,610,000 47.74 126,138,628		Various (3) 1,870,497,238			100 130,465,000 100 517,545,606	7		100 171,847,931			Various (3) 2,673,937,782		100 100 100 100				100 832,990,796				\$ 24,574,465,639	ઝ		100 13,185,458	(۵)	100 67,435,000 100 32,235,000	100 456,780,324			validus (v) 137,342,277 100 200,965,000
JUNE 30, 2010 Full Cash Value (2009-10)	DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT:	Los Angeles County Flood Control District Metropolitan Water District	Los Angeles Community College District	Other Community College Districts	Arcadia Unified School District	Beverly Hills Unified School District	Glendale Unitied School District Long Beach Unitied School District	Los Angeles Unified School District	Pasadena Unified School District	Pomona Unified School District	Santa Monica-Malibu Unified School District	l orrance Unitied School District	Other Unitied School Districts	nigh school and school districts	City of Los Angeles City of Los Angeles Special Tay Lease Reventie Bonds	City of Industry	Other Cities	Special Districts	Community Facilities Districts	Los Angeles County Regional Park & Open Space	Assessment District	1915 Act and Benefit Assessment Bonds - Estimate	TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX & ASSESSMENT DEBT DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND OBLIGATION DEBT:	Los Angeles County General Fund Obligations	Los Angeles County Pension Obligations	Los Angeles County Office of Education Certificates of Participation	Community College District Certificates of Participation	Azusa Unined School District Certificates of Participation Compton Unified School District Certificates of Participation	Los Angeles Unified School District Certificates of Participation	Pomona Unified School District Certificates of Participation	Other Unified School District Certificates of Participation	ngir School and School District General Fund Obligations City of Beverly Hills General Fund Obligations

(Continued)

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

ESTIMATED DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING BONDED DEBT (UNAUDITED) - Continued

JUNE 30, 2010

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND OBLIGATION DEBT - Con't.:				
City of Los Angeles General Fund & Judgment Obligations	100		1,921,160,000	
City of Long Beach General Fund Obligations	100		261,810,000	
City of Long Beach Pension Obligations	100		70,340,000	
City of Pasadena General Fund Obligations	100		364,920,440	
City of Pasadena Pension Obligations	100		117,742,623	
Other Cities' General Fund Obligations	100		1,349,973,329	
Los Angeles County Sanitation Districts General Fund Obligations	100		342,614,299	
Walnut Valley Water District General Fund Obligations	100		10,890,000	
TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND OBLIGATION DEBT		8	6,791,345,440	
Less: Los Angeles Unified School District Qualified Zone Academy Bonds				
supported by investments funds			(34,702,048)	
Cities' self-supporting bonds			(167,610,339)	
Walnut Valley Water District self-supporting General Fund Obligations			(10,890,000)	
TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND OBLIGATION DEBT		ક	6,578,143,053	_
GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT			31,365,811,079 (7	ຼບ
NET COMBINED TOTAL DEBT		8	31,152,608,692	
RATIOS TO 2009-10 ASSESSED VALUATION.				
Total Direct and Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt			2.270%	
RATIOS TO FULL CASH VALUE (ADJUSTED ASSESSED VALUATION)				
Combined Gross Direct Debt (\$1,100,791,700)			.120%	
Gross Combined Total Debt			3.330%	
Net Combined Total Debt			3.310%	
STATE SCHOOL BUILDING AID REPAYABLE AS OF 6/30/09:		ઝ	245	

6

Notes:

- (1) This balance is reduced by homowners exemptions of \$8,233,411,998 and excludes redevelopment incremental valuation of \$141,249,910,315.
 - (2) Yearly estimates from the California State Demographic Research Unit, California Department of Finance and the U.S. Census Bureau as of January 1 of each year.
- All 100%, or almost 100%, except for Antelope Valley Joint UHSD and Community College District, Fullerton Union High School District, Las Virgenes Joint Unified School District, North Orange County Joint Community College District, and the schools and special districts included in them. ල
- Excludes refunding issue to be sold.
- Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes to be sold.
- All 100%, or almost 100%, except for Fullerton Union High School District, Las Virgenes Joint Unified School District, Snowline Joint Unified School District, Victor Valley Joint Community College District, and the schools and special districts included in them. **4** © ©
 - Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and tax allocation bonds and non-bonded capital lease obligations. Except for Los Angeles Unified School District Qualified Zone Academy Bonds (QZABs) are included based on principal due at maturity. 6

California Municipal Statistics - for general information purposes only.

COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In thousands) COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

	\$1 075 011 704	1.25%		\$ 13,437,646				\$ 13,437,646			
COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN June 30, 2010	Assessed valuation (net taxable)	Applicable percentage in computing capacity		Total debt limit		Less: Total net applicable debt		Legal debt margin, June 30, 2010			
Legal Debt	Margin/ Debt Limit	99.42%	99.53%	%89.66	99.74%	89.83%	99.92%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
(3)	Legal Debt Margin	\$ 7,238,210	7,743,021	8,222,963	8,846,683	9,500,734	10,440,376	11,568,567	12,623,891	13,510,964	13,437,646
Total net	applicable	\$ 42,375	36,505	30,225	23,470	16,205	8,395	370			
(2)	Legal Debt Limit	\$ 7,280,585	7,779,526	8,253,188	8,870,153	9,516,939	10,448,771	11,568,937	12,623,891	13,510,964	13,437,646
(1)	Assessed	793				761,355,097	835,901,668	925,514,924	1,009,911,291	1,080,877,141	1,075,011,704
	Fiscal Year	2000 - 2001							2007 - 2008		2009 - 2010

Notes:(1) Assessed Value does not include tax exempt property. Property value data can be found in the

"Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property" schedule.

(2) The Legal Debt Limit is 1.25 % of assessed value.

(3) The Legal Debt Margin is the County's available borrowing authority under state finance statutes and is calculated by subtracting the debt applicable from the Legal Debt Limit.

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE (UNAUDITED)
LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS (1)

	Coverage	1.62	2.02	2.04	2.29	1.91	2.11	1.54	2.20	2.23		
sment Bond	Total Debt Service	\$ 48,034,851	38,744,476	38,708,154	34,950,183	41,130,338	37,495,653	51,107,000	35,941,950	35,906,825		
Regional Park and Open Space Special Assessment Bond	oe Interest	\$22,309,851	21,184,476	20,183,154	15,385,183	17,150,338	16,020,653	16,867,000	12,821,950	11,691,825		
pace	Servic							4				
'k and Open S	<u>Debt Service</u> <u>Principal</u>	\$ 25,725,000	17,560,000	18,525,000	19,565,000	23,980,000	21,475,000	34,240,000 (4)	23,120,000	24,215,000		
Regional Par	Special Assessment <u>Collection</u>	\$ 77,588,000	78,433,000	78,875,000	79,907,000	78,580,000	78,930,000	78,613,000	79,140,000	80,130,000		
	Coverage	2.30	2.12	2.31	2.39	0.00	1	ı	ı	ı	Coverage	2.29 1.04 1.05 (1.73) 0.32
	Total Debt Service	\$14,532,169	14,511,231	14,494,043	14,459,750	52,394,212	1	1	1	1	Total <u>Debt Service</u>	\$ 1,785,849 2,917,634 2,973,359 3,036,934 3,094,784
le Bonds	<u>Debt Service</u> <u>val</u> <u>Interest</u>	\$ 5,517,169	4,936,231	4,319,043	3,649,750	1,649,212	1	ı	ı	ı	I Fees <u>irvice</u> <u>Interest</u>	\$ 685,849 1,652,634 1,608,359 1,546,934 1,484,784
Marina del Rey Revenue Bonds	<u>Debt</u> Principal	\$ 9,015,000	9,575,000	10,175,000	10,810,000	50,745,000	1	ı	ı	ı	Calabasas Landfill Bond Fee: venue <u>Debt Service</u> lected Principal <u>I</u>	\$ 1,100,000 1,265,000 1,365,000 1,490,000 1,610,000
Marina de	Revenue Collected	\$ 33,352,291	30,750,213	33,509,651	34,615,641	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	Calabasa Revenue Collected	\$ 4,092,212 3,034,497 3,126,998 (5,243,834) 1,003,124
,	Fiscal Year	2001-02	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	·	2005-06 2006-07 2007-08 2008-09 2009-10 (3)

Notes:
(1) Trend data is available for only the prior eight fiscal years, with the implementation of GASB 34
(2) Optional Redemption occurred on 7/1/05 using Reserve and remaining Sinking Funds
(3) Gross Operating Expenses were \$13,873,438 less \$2,632,817 depreciation = net expenditure of \$11,240,62.
(4) Reflects additional redemptions related to the Regional Park and Open Space District Refunding Revenue Bonds Series 2007 A

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In thousands)

	Population			Per Capita	-	
U	county of		Personal	Personal	School	Unemployment
Ŝ	s Angeles *		Income **	Income (1)	Enrollment (2) ***	Rate
	9,803	s	294,508,000 \$	30,043	1,682	5.7%
	9,825		301,003,000	30,636	1,711	%8.9
	6/6/6		310,044,000	31,070	1,736	7.0%
	10,103		329,048,000	32,569	1,742	6.5%
	10,226		349,868,000	34,214	1,734	5.3%
	10,246		370,860,000	36,196	1,708	4.5%
	10,332		379,824,000	36,762	1,673	4.4%
	10,364		411,000,000	39,657	1,648	6.2%
	10,393		392,000,000	37,718	1,632	11.70%
	10,441		405,000,000	38,789	1,575	12.3% (3) ****

Notes:

(1) Amounts shown are in actual dollars (not thousands).

(2) Public school enrollment.(3) Year 2010 is an estimate as of July 2010.

Sources:

* Los Angeles Almanac website address: www.laalmanac.com/population.

** Bureau of Economic Analysis website address: www.bea.gov. Year 2010 is an estimate forecast from Los Angeles Economic Development Corporation: website address: www.laedc.com

*** California Department of Education website address: www.cde.ca.gov.

****Los Angeles Economic Development Corporation-Economic Forecast : website address: www.laedc.com

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
TEN LARGEST INDUSTRIES (1)
CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

June 30, 2001	f Percentage of Sank Total	- 0 6 4 L 8 6 C	00 7.90% 00 100.00%
	of Number of Employees	790,100 609,000 589,200 425,200 355,100 587,100 229,200 223,500 145,200 4,091,400	351,000 4,442,400
June 30, 2010	Percentage of Rank <u>Total</u>	1 17.06% 2 14.04% 3 12.06% 4 12.03% 5 9.19% 6 8.76% 7 5.09% 8 5.06% 9 3.20% 10 2.41%	11.10% 100.00%
טר	Number of Employees	724,600 596,600 512,300 510,900 390,400 372,300 216,200 214,800 136,100 102,200 3,776,400	471,700 4,248,100
	Industry	Trade, Transportation and Utilities Government Professional & Business Services Educational & Health Services Leisure & Hospitality Manufacturing Financial Activities Information Other Services Construction Ten largest industries	All other industries Total industries

Note:

(1) We are presenting employment by industry because we have been unable to obtain employment numbers for individual employers.

Source:State of California Employment Development Department website address: www.edd.ca.gov.labormarketinfo.

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT COUNTY EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (UNAUDITED) COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2000-04	2001-02	2002-03	2003-04	2007-05	2005.08	2008-07	30-700c	2008-00	2009-10
Function/Program (1)	0000	20-100	200-700	t 0-007	50-4007	00-5007	70-007	2007	0007	01-0007
General Government	10,447	10,808	11,063	11,201	10,915	11,018	11,185	11,692	11,605	11,100
Public Protection (3)	37,198	38,428	38,175	37,688	37,065	38,049	39,528	41,560	42,583	36,378
Health and Sanitation	27,107	27,737	27,056	26,079	26,322	26,717	27,072	27,395	27,345	26,826
Public Assistance	18,600	19,536	19,310	19,048	19,132	19,540	20,329	20,867	20,940	20,665
Education	1,628	1,666	1,706	1,722	1,722	1,828	1,871	1,878	1,829	1,622
Recreation and Cultural Services	2,282	2,352	2,406	2,388	2,324	2,393	2,649	2,977	3,075	2,861
Total	97,262	100,527	99,716	98,126	97,480	99,545	102,634	106,369	107,377	99,452

Notes:

- include all employees on the County's payroll system. This accounts for the difference between the total employee number of County (1) Full time equivalent count is calculated by dividing the total number of man-months paid by 12. Full time equivalent employees employees on this schedule and the number of County employees per the "Principal Employers" schedule.
 - Specific data for Public Ways and Facilities is not available.
- 2009-10 reflects the exclusion of Superior Court employees that are no longer on the County's payroll and are identified as State employees. 3 8

Source:

Employee Count study performed by the Auditor Controller- Accounting Division.

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (UNAUDITED) LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

	(1) <u>2001-02</u>	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05	2002-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10 Estimated
Function/Program General Government									
Assessor - Number of re-appraisable transfers processed	215,147	239,501	243,472	242,036	221,858	168,592	148,999	153,807	140,000
Auditor Controller - Number of warrants issued monthly (2)	431,730	415,317	400,928	389,807	360,394	235,336	239,750	254,316	244,480
Registrar Recorder - Number of registered voters Public Protection	3,473,989	3,808,679	3,682,950	4,075,352	3,748,128	5,323,698	5,663,074	5,880,094	5,890,094
Sheriff - Inmate population (11)	19,100	17,400	17,400	17,900	19,000	19,300	19,600	19,300	18,500
Sheriff - Crime rate total (3)	326.08	315.98	315.68	304.50	297.89	299.51	302.20	290.65	250.76
Probation - Juvenile halls/camps population (12) Health and Sanitation	3,700	3,700	3,600	3,600	3,500	4,000	4,000	2,800	2,600
Health Services - Average daily inpatient census (13)	1,785	1,719	1,568	1,506	1,493	1,415	1,317	1,293	1,325
Health Services - Outpatient visits	3,088,000	2,731,000	2,587,000	2,606,000	2,656,000	2,665,000	2,631,000	2,709,000	2,832,000
Mental Health - Number of outpatient services to children and youth (4) Public Assistance	59,832	67,530	42,820	51,086	55,725	51,016	53,115	57,518	61,835
Children and Family Services - Child protective services caseloads	607,000	592,600	532,300	521,700	527,100	531,500	518,700	490,600	481,200
Children and Family Services - Adoption caseloads	58,700	38,700	32,200	32,600	21,200	22,300	23,500	24,300	24,900
Public Social Services - Average persons aided monthly thru CalWorks (5)	517,000	466,200	432,900	415,300	388,700	358,200	351,300	369,700	420,800
Public Social Services - Average number of indigents aided monthly	908'99	64,800	64,700	000'99	63,400	29,000	62,900	74,900	94,300
Community and Senior Services - Number of vulnerable adults served Education	21,200	23,355	24,513	25,766	25,518	26,450	27,671	27,828	28,000
Public Library - Number of items which circulate to the public (9) Recreation and Culture	15,808,870	15,912,865	15,020,945	14,211,255	14,566,536	15,000,000	15,000,000	10,926,000	11,200,000
Museum of Art - Total education program participants (6)	85,356	207,975	258,171	225,386	250,866	200,103	305,645	326,922	330,000
Museum of Natural History - Annual attendance (7)	411,298	923,834	934,636	914,426	867,138	859,569	874,725	873,230	885,200
Parks and Recreation - Total passive and active park users (8)	8,818,430	9,611,000	8,099,699	9,246,000	9,468,000	10,713,000	11,058,046	10,309,706	10,053,790

- (1) Trend data is available for only the prior eight fiscal years, with the implementation of GASB 34.
- Conversion of participants and vendors to electronic benefit transfer (EBT) and direct deposit in January 2009. Ø €
 - Represents number of offenses per 10,000 residents and refers to most serious crimes.
 - Change methodology for 2005-06; data includes fee-for-service outpatient clients and
 - costs which had not been included in previous year's data.
- supportive services to eligible adults with children to enable them to transition from CalWorks is California's program to administer the Federal Temporary Assistance for Needy Families block grant that provides temporary financial support and welfare to work and to achieve economic self-sufficiency. (2)
 - Data previously submitted was revised. Also, in 2005-06 reflects spike for King Tut exhibition and in 2007-08 reflects BCAM activities. between the main campus and Los Angeles County Museum of Art West Reflects decrease in 2005-06 due to construction of the Broad building 9

Sources:

2007-2008, 2008-2009, 2009-2010 and 2010-2011 Proposed Budget Books

- (7) Reflects admission to Exposition Park, George C. Page Museum and William S. Hart Museum. Information based on periodic/seasonal observation. Passive activities include walking, jogging Projected increase in attendance based on opening of renovated galleries and new exhibits 8
- New system implemented in 2006-2007, along with the new methodology for accumulating data Revised holdings based on substantial collection review and catalog updating 6

running, leisure and picnic activities.

- Indicators are not available for the Public Ways and Facilities function. 9

- smaller facility. A slight increase in inpatient census is anticipated for 2009-10 after the move (11) 2006-07 and 2007-08 figures have been revised from previous publications(12) The Estimated 2009-10 figures reflects two camps that are non-operational as of 2009-10.(13) Reflects a slight decrease in 2008-09 due to the transition of LAC+USC Medical Center to a to the new hospital

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (UNAUDITED)
LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

2009-10	9	3,219	148	2	4	3,010	45		4	18		85	2		4	4	19	17	4,800
2008-09	9	3,217	145	2	4	2,972	45		4	18		82	4		4	4	19	17	4,832
2007-08	9	3,213	141	2	15	2,800	45		4	18		84	4		4	4	19	20	4,796
2006-07	9	3,198	141	2	15	2,865	45		2	18		84	4		4	4	19	20	5,246
2005-06	7	3,179	139	2	15	2,782	45		2	18		84	2		4	4	19	20	5,246
2004-05	7	3,170	135	2	15	2,777	45		2	18		84	2		4	4	19	20	5,246
2003-04	7	3,164	134	2	15	2,754	45		2	18		84	2		4	4	19	21	5,246
2002-03	7	3,131	134	2	15	2,732	40		9	22		84	2		4	4	19	21	000'9
2001-02	7	3,120	n/a	2	15	2,708	40		9	39		84	80		4	4	19	21	000'9
Eunction/Program Public Protection	Animal Shelters Public wave and facilities	Mileage of maintained County roads	Miles of unincorporated County bikeways	Airports	Dams	Storm drains, in miles	Pump stations (2)	Health and Sanitation	Hospitals	Health centers	Education	Libraries	Bookmobiles	Recreation and Cultural services	Museums	Arboretums and Botanic Gardens	Golf courses	Beaches	Boat Slips

(1) Trend data is available for only the prior eight years, with the implementation of GASB 34.(2) Terminology change.(3) No capital asset indicators are available for the General Government or Public Assistance functions.

Source:
2009-10 County of Los Angeles Annual Report, Department of Public Works website, Sheriffs Department website and
Department of Health Services website.